UNITED STATES COPYRIGHT ROYALTY JUDGES

In the Matter of: Docket No. 2011-1 CRB PSS/Satellite II Determination of Rates and Terms) for Preexisting Subscription Services and Satellite Digital) Volume II Audio Radio Services Pgs. 299 - 628

Washington, D.C.

Wednesday, June 6, 2012

The following pages constitute the continued proceedings held in the above-captioned matter, held at the Library of Congress, Madison Building, 101 Independence Avenue, Southeast, Washington, D.C., before Cindy L. Sebo, RMR/CRR/CSR/RPR/CCR/RSA of Capital Reporting Company, a Notary Public in and for the District of Columbia, beginning at approximately 9:32 a.m.

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	. 300		302
1	APPEARANCES	1	APPEARANCES (Continued):
2	Copyright Royalty Tribunal:	2	On behalf of Music Choice:
3	CHIEF JUDGE SUZANNE M. BARNETT	3	PAUL M. FAKLER, ESQUIRE
'	JUDGE WILLIAM ROBERTS		
4	JUDGE STANLEY C. WISNIEWSKI	4	MATTHEW TROKENHEIM, ESQUIRE
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22		22	
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2	On behalf of SoundExchange:	2	WITNESSES:
3	DAVID A. HANDZO, ESQUIRE	3	ROGER G. NOLL DIRECT CROSS REDIRECT
4		4	By Mr. Handzo 307, 432
5	MICHAEL B. DESANCTIS, ESQUIRE	5	By Mr. Rich 456
6	JARED O FREEDMAN, ESQUIRE	6	
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10	202,639,6085	• •	ADMITTED WARRED
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15 16		17	6 571
17		18	7 580 582
18 19		19	8 589 591
20		20	9 595 598
21 22		21	10 608
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1	SOUNDEXCHANGE TRIAL EXHIBITS: * MARKED		motion was granted, including with respect to	
	ADMITTED			
2	1 322	3		
3	2 377	4	we've submitted amended testimony, the page numbers	
4	3 414		have changed, and so the material that was	
5	4 443	(
6	5 450	7	page numbers than we initially indicated.	
7		{	So just for the record, if I could, I	
8		و	wanted to indicate what the new page numbers are.	
9		10	CHIEF JUDGE BARNETT: That would be	
10	(* Exhibits Retained by Counsel.)	11	great.	
11		12	MR. LARSON: So rather than Page 32,	
12		13	that material is now on 34. Rather than 41 and 42,	
13		14	the material is now on 44 and 45. And rather than	
14		15	on Page 46, the material is now on Page 48.	
15		16	And then with respect to Table 1,	
16		17	Table 3, Table 4 and Appendices C and D, those	
17		18	pages haven't changed, but the material is the same	
18		19	as to which the motion was initially granted.	
19		20	CHIEF JUDGE BARNETT: Thank you.	
20		21	MR. LARSON: Thank you.	
21 22		22	CHIEF JUDGE BARNETT: Mr. Handzo.	
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١,			MR HANDZO: Thank you	307
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1 SiriusXM represented by those licensors is about 2 2 percent, plus or minus, right? 3 A. Not any longer. It's gone from 4 2 percent to over 4 percent; it's more than 5 doubled. 6 MR. HANDZO: I should probably stop 7 here and raise an issue with the Court. And this 8 sort of relates to the issue of updating testimony. 9 Dr. Noll, in these answers, has 10 essentially given me numbers higher than what's in 11 his written testimony. And I guess the issue in my 12 mind is two-fold: Number I, we do need to confront 13 the issue of to what extent can a witness update 14 testimony. 15 I think it then also raises the issue 16 of to what extent can a witness update testimony 17 where the information being updated has not been 18 disclosed to opposing counsel. 19 Because, you know, I know from 20 discovery that there are a few more indie labels 21 than the original that are in the amended 22 testimony. His last answer of the percentage that 1 labels declined as signed, correct? 2 A. I don't know the proportion by memory. 3 I think it's roughly 5 - 5 - 4 - 4 or 5 to 1, 4 something like that, but I don't remember the 5 numbers exactly. 6 Q. Okay. But you know it's a lot more who 7 said no than who said yes? 8 A. Yes, it's many more said no than yes, 9 yes. 10 Q. And the major - the major labels were 11 not offered this deal at all, right? 12 A. My understanding from reading the 13 testimony of others is that that's an incorrect 14 characterization, but I'm not the right person to 15 ask that question, because the two parties disagree 16 about what conversations took place between the 17 majors and and SiriusXM, and I'm not the one to 18 revolve that issue. 19 Q. In any event, we can agree that none of 20 discovery that there are a few more indie labels 21 than the original that are in the amended 22 testimony. His last answer of the percentage that 24 C. Well, I think we can go beyond that.	_	Determination of Nates and	, ,		
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21 A. That's true. 21 A. I think it's extremely misleading to			Ι.		
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Q. In fact, five or six as many indie 22 ask a question in the present tense when the answer	1		l		
	22	Q. In fact, five or six as many indie	22	ask a question in the present tense when the answer	

		312		314
1	has to be the past tense. That's why I don't		1 the indies and the majors and the various trade	
	think I revealed any information anybody doesn't	i	2 associations and SoundExchange. So I can't speak	
3	know in that last answer.		3 to the motive of all the people who actually	
4	So, no, I don't really first of all,		4 engaged in negotiations but never reached an	
5	I don't know what you've seen and what you haven't.		5 agreement.	
6	Secondly, I do know that in my original	ı	6 I don't know why they didn't sign the	
7	report, I talked about the 2012 rate, so that isn't		7 agreement. Some obviously weren't interested in	
8	something that is not in my report. So I don't		8 signing it to begin with, but others talked about	
9	think I revealed anything that was inconsistent,		9 being pressured by various trade associations not	
10	but you did ask a question in the present tense.	1	0 to sign.	
11	Q. Right.	1	1 Q. You did not participate in any of these	
12	And just to be clear, when I'm asking	1	2 negotiations, correct?	
13	you about what was done or what wasn't done, I'm	1	A. I did not participate in negotiations,	
14	asking you as of the time of your deposition, okay?	1	4 but I've read the discovery material about those	
15	A. The 8 percent answer for 2012 was at	1	5 negotiations as that has been produced in the case.	
16	the time of my deposition. Because I did do a	1	6 Q. So other than what you've read in the	
17	forward-looking analysis of the licenses that had	1	7 discovery materials, you have no direct knowledge	
18	been signed in 2011 in my original expert report	1	8 of what happened in the negotiations, correct?	İ
19	prior to the written testimony.	1	9 A. That's correct.	
20	Q. Okay. Understood. And let me just go	2	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	
21	back to that.	2		
22	As I understood the last series of	2	2 not to negotiate a direct license because they	
		313		315
		212		212
1	questions and answers, the direct license deal that		1 believed they would be better off acting	212
	questions and answers, the direct license deal that was offered to indies in the first round in 2011		1 believed they would be better off acting 2 collectively through SoundExchange, correct?	212
2	was offered to indies in the first round in 2011		2 collectively through SoundExchange, correct?	313
	was offered to indies in the first round in 2011 actually wound up being at a rate about equivalent		 2 collectively through SoundExchange, correct? 3 A. I believe that there were a lot of 	313
2 3	was offered to indies in the first round in 2011 actually wound up being at a rate about equivalent to the then current statutory rate, correct?		 2 collectively through SoundExchange, correct? 3 A. I believe that there were a lot of 4 labels that believe they'd be better off acting 	213
2 3 4	was offered to indies in the first round in 2011 actually wound up being at a rate about equivalent		2 collectively through SoundExchange, correct? 3 A. I believe that there were a lot of 4 labels that believe they'd be better off acting 5 collectively and, in particular, certainly the	212
2 3 4 5	was offered to indies in the first round in 2011 actually wound up being at a rate about equivalent to the then current statutory rate, correct? A. In the year 2011, that is correct. In		2 collectively through SoundExchange, correct? 3 A. I believe that there were a lot of 4 labels that believe they'd be better off acting 5 collectively and, in particular, certainly the	212
2 3 4 5 6	was offered to indies in the first round in 2011 actually wound up being at a rate about equivalent to the then current statutory rate, correct? A. In the year 2011, that is correct. In the year 2012, it's half a percent lower. Q. Right. And that's because the		2 collectively through SoundExchange, correct? 3 A. I believe that there were a lot of 4 labels that believe they'd be better off acting 5 collectively and, in particular, certainly the 6 majors believed that.	313
2 3 4 5 6 7 8	was offered to indies in the first round in 2011 actually wound up being at a rate about equivalent to the then current statutory rate, correct? A. In the year 2011, that is correct. In the year 2012, it's half a percent lower.		2 collectively through SoundExchange, correct? 3 A. I believe that there were a lot of 4 labels that believe they'd be better off acting 5 collectively and, in particular, certainly the 6 majors believed that. 7 Q. Okay.	212
2 3 4 5 6 7 8	was offered to indies in the first round in 2011 actually wound up being at a rate about equivalent to the then current statutory rate, correct? A. In the year 2011, that is correct. In the year 2012, it's half a percent lower. Q. Right. And that's because the statutory rate went up by half a percent between		2 collectively through SoundExchange, correct? 3 A. I believe that there were a lot of 4 labels that believe they'd be better off acting 5 collectively and, in particular, certainly the 6 majors believed that. 7 Q. Okay. 8 Now, the action that the record labels	313
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2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20	was offered to indies in the first round in 2011 actually wound up being at a rate about equivalent to the then current statutory rate, correct? A. In the year 2011, that is correct. In the year 2012, it's half a percent lower. Q. Right. And that's because the statutory rate went up by half a percent between 2011 and 2012, correct? A. That's correct. Q. Now, it is your theory, is it not, that only a small segment of the recording industry agreed to accept these direct licenses because the rest of the industry believed it would be better off acting collectively through SoundExchange, correct? A. I don't agree with that characterization. Whether they thought they would be better off or worse off is one explanation.	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	2 collectively through SoundExchange, correct? A. I believe that there were a lot of labels that believe they'd be better off acting collectively and, in particular, certainly the majors believed that. Q. Okay. Now, the action that the record labels can take acting through SoundExchange is just to come to this Court and ask it to set a rate, right? A. That's correct. Q. So if the rate offered by SiriusXM was indeed a market rate, and if the record companies believed that this Court would set a rate equal to the rate that would be set in a workably competitive market, they would have had no incentive to reject the direct licenses, right? A. That's not true, because the issue really is what is your expectation about the nature of the rate that will be set in the Court.	313
2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21	was offered to indies in the first round in 2011 actually wound up being at a rate about equivalent to the then current statutory rate, correct? A. In the year 2011, that is correct. In the year 2012, it's half a percent lower. Q. Right. And that's because the statutory rate went up by half a percent between 2011 and 2012, correct? A. That's correct. Q. Now, it is your theory, is it not, that only a small segment of the recording industry agreed to accept these direct licenses because the rest of the industry believed it would be better off acting collectively through SoundExchange, correct? A. I don't agree with that characterization. Whether they thought they would be better off or worse off is one explanation. Another explanation is the	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 2	2 collectively through SoundExchange, correct? A. I believe that there were a lot of 4 labels that believe they'd be better off acting 5 collectively and, in particular, certainly the 6 majors believed that. 7 Q. Okay. 8 Now, the action that the record labels 9 can take acting through SoundExchange is just to 10 come to this Court and ask it to set a rate, right? 1 A. That's correct. 2 Q. So if the rate offered by SiriusXM was 1 indeed a market rate, and if the record companies 1 believed that this Court would set a rate equal to 1 the rate that would be set in a workably 1 competitive market, they would have had no 2 incentive to reject the direct licenses, right? A. That's not true, because the issue 1 really is what is your expectation about the nature 2 of the rate that will be set in the Court. 2 It's not necessarily true that people	313

	316			318
1	the Court is exactly the rate that would be coming	1	would do better acting collectively, they would get	
2	forth in a market. This all the Court can do is		a better rate from this Court, correct?	
3	approximate that.	3	A. That's certainly true, that there are	
4	If that's what they believe the Court's	i	record companies that believe that, yes.	
5	job is here, it's just an approximation. And as we	5	Q. Okay. And	
6	know from the last time, there was this wide zone	6	JUDGE ROBERTS: Professor Noll. in any	
7	of reasonableness, quote/unquote, that the Court	7	of the direct licensing agreements that you looked	
8		8	at, did any of them contain a most favored nation	
9	what the Court is going to decide.	9	clause?	
10	Q. Nevertheless, there wouldn't be a lot	10	THE WITNESS: I don't believe so, but	
111	of reason to refuse to enter into a direct license	11	there are 80 of them, and I haven't I haven't	
12	at a market rate if you thought this Court was		read every word of every one of them. But I don't	
13		13	believe so.	
14	A. Well, it depends on the circumstances	14	JUDGE ROBERTS: I understand.	
15	•	15	MR. RICH: I think when Mr. Gertz takes	
16	for more play time if you sign a license, that's a	16	the stand, he may be able to answer that question	
1	reason to sign it.	17	directly, or possibly Mr. Frear.	
18	So remember that the time these things	18	JUDGE ROBERTS: Thank you.	
19	-	19	BY MR. HANDZO:	
20	what it's going to be, and if you can get the	20	Q. It is your opinion, is it not, that you	
21	certainty of what you believe is a reasonable rate,	21	think some of the record companies believed they	
22	plus the opportunity to get more plays, that's a	22	would do better in this Court because you believe	
	317		·	319
1	powerful incentive.	1	the procedures in this Court are stacked in favor	
2	That's exactly the competitive process		of the record companies, right?	
3	at work, is to take advantage of the circumstance,	3	A. The way I would put it is the	
4	to lock up a rate you regard as reasonable and, in	4	information from SoundExchange is designed to be	
5	return, get the prospect of more plays.	ì	information that's favorable to the collective of	
6	Q. That's why some of the indies might	6	labels that are being represented here, and the	
7	have signed under your theory, but your theory with	7	optimal rate to be proposed by SoundExchange is not	
8	the ones who didn't sign	8	one that reflects competition among the labels that	
9	A. But the same	9	it's representing.	
10	Q is they thought they would do better	10	And so it will present information that	
11	in this Court, correct?	11	is supportive of what would be the cartelized rate,	
12	A that's true the theory of the	12	the rate that would be decided by the group acting	
13	explanation, if you will, it's not just a theory,	13	as a whole if it were a merged entity. That's the	
14	because we observe it happening, it's an	14	information that SoundExchange presents.	
15	empirically tested proposition the incentives	15	In addition to that, the labels and	
16	are the same for everybody, including the majors.	16	SoundExchange have more information about what's	
17	The issue is whether they respond to	17	going on in the digital delivery marketplace.	
18	those incentives or whether they believe that	18	because they're the ones signing the agreement, not	
19	acting jointly and not competing is going to get	19	SiriusXM. So SoundExchange has an informational	
20	them a better result.	20	advantage over SiriusXM in the proceeding.	
21	Q. And your belief is that many of the	21	Those two phenomena, to the extent that	
22	record companies thought they would act they	22	information affects outcomes, bias the outcome of	

	320			322
1	the process in favor of SoundExchange.	1	understanding that last answer, you believe that	
2	That's that is the basic explanation	2	the procedures in this Court do stack the deck in	
3	of what's going on, that that to withstand	3	favor of SoundExchange, but you think there's even	
4	appeals, regulatory bodies like this one have to	4	more to it than that?	
5	base their decisions in the evidence before them,	5	A. Yes. The way administrative procedures	
6	and if the evidence itself is not complete and	6	affect outcomes has a lot more to it than deck	
7	comprehensive, then that produces results that are	7	stacking.	
8	favorable to the party that has the most	8	Q. All right. And you believe that this	
9	information.	9	whole process lacks a certain legitimacy, correct?	
10	Q. And so to be clear, you believe that	10	A. Lacks what?	
11	the procedures in this Court stack the deck in	11	Q. A certain legitimacy?	
12	favor of SoundExchange, correct?	12	A. No, I don't I don't think I've ever	
13	A. The deck stacking is a terminology for	13	said that. The legitimacy usually refers to the '	
14	the paper that I wrote in 1987, and it refers to	14	process, and I don't recall having said that.	
15	the way Congress writes administrative procedures.	15	MR. HANDZO: I'm going to mark as	
16	Q. Okay. That wasn't exactly my question.	16	SoundExchange Trial Exhibit 1 Dr. Noll's	
17	My question is, that you believe the	17	deposition.	
18	procedures in this Court stack the deck in favor of	18	(SoundExchange Trial Exhibit Number 1	
19	SoundExchange, right?	19	was marked for identification	
20	A. And I'm explaining that that deck	20	purposes.)	
21	stacking argument is about the procedures in	21	BY MR. HANDZO:	
22	legislation written by Congress, and some of the	22	Q. Dr. Noll, I'm showing you what we	
	321			32
		1	marked as SoundExchange Trial Exhibit 1, and I'd	32
1	procedures are written by Congress, some of them		marked as SoundExchange Trial Exhibit 1, and I'd ask you to turn to Page 105 of that.	32
1			ask you to turn to Page 105 of that.	32
1 2	procedures are written by Congress, some of them are not. Some of them are are determined by the canons of administrative law.	2 3	ask you to turn to Page 105 of that. And I should ask you, first of all, do	32
1 2 3	procedures are written by Congress, some of them are not. Some of them are are determined by the canons of administrative law. So, you know, you you the results	2 3	ask you to turn to Page 105 of that. And I should ask you, first of all, do you recognize this as a transcript of your	32
1 2 3 4	procedures are written by Congress, some of them are not. Some of them are are determined by the canons of administrative law. So, you know, you you the results are biased, but deck stacking refers to a very	2 3 4	ask you to turn to Page 105 of that. And I should ask you, first of all, do you recognize this as a transcript of your deposition?	32
1 2 3 4 5	procedures are written by Congress, some of them are not. Some of them are are determined by the canons of administrative law. So, you know, you you the results are biased, but deck stacking refers to a very specific there's a series of administrative	2 3 4 5	ask you to turn to Page 105 of that. And I should ask you, first of all, do you recognize this as a transcript of your deposition? A. Yes, this is talking about	32
1 2 3 4 5 6	procedures are written by Congress, some of them are not. Some of them are are determined by the canons of administrative law. So, you know, you you the results are biased, but deck stacking refers to a very specific there's a series of administrative biases in the design of information-gathering	2 3 4 5 6	ask you to turn to Page 105 of that. And I should ask you, first of all, do you recognize this as a transcript of your deposition? A. Yes, this is talking about administrative processes, yes.	3:
1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8	procedures are written by Congress, some of them are not. Some of them are are determined by the canons of administrative law. So, you know, you you the results are biased, but deck stacking refers to a very specific there's a series of administrative biases in the design of information-gathering processes, of which deck stacking is one, and that	2 3 4 5 6 7 8	ask you to turn to Page 105 of that. And I should ask you, first of all, do you recognize this as a transcript of your deposition? A. Yes, this is talking about administrative processes, yes. Q. First of all, this is your deposition	3:
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1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9	procedures are written by Congress, some of them are not. Some of them are are determined by the canons of administrative law. So, you know, you you the results are biased, but deck stacking refers to a very specific there's a series of administrative biases in the design of information-gathering processes, of which deck stacking is one, and that refers to administrative procedures that are embedded into legislation by Congress.	2 3 4 5 6 7 8	ask you to turn to Page 105 of that. And I should ask you, first of all, do you recognize this as a transcript of your deposition? A. Yes, this is talking about administrative processes, yes. Q. First of all, this is your deposition transcript, correct? A. Yes.	3:
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	Q. Okay. CHIEF JUDGE BARNETT: Let me just make sure the record is clear. This is deposition taken Thursday, March 8th of this year, correct? MR. HANDZO: That is correct. Yes. CHIEF JUDGE BARNETT: Thank you. BY MR. HANDZO: Q. So getting back to what we were talking about before, it is your opinion, is it not, that some number of record companies declined to negotiate direct licenses because they thought they would do better in this Court, because the procedures in this Court, in your opinion, stack the deck in SoundExchange's favor and lack a certain legitimacy? A. The procedures themselves the administrative process itself has a certain feature of lacking legitimacy that is outside the control of the Copyright Royalty Judges. Q. Okay. So the answer to my question was	55 66 77 88 99 100 111 122 133 144 155 166 177 188 199	A and that leads to evaluations of them in the outside world that are biased, because the only people reviewing them are the people who are directly affected, as opposed to the general public and their their so they don't get direct feedback from consumers, they only get feedback from artists and record labels and SiriusXM. Q. Okay. Dr. Noll, it will surprise you to learn that I have not read all of your papers. So I'm not going to cross-examine you about that one. But my point was simply this: When you talk about the political and informational advantages that you claim SoundExchange has, doesn't it really sort of all boil down to, you think, the procedures that govern how these cases proceed?	
- 1	yes?		That's why I answered the last question the way I	
		325		327
11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21	A. (No audible response.) Q. Now, as I understand it, your view that well, let me back up. You have suggested, I believe, in your written testimony that SoundExchange and the record companies have political and informational advantages in this Court, correct? A. That's correct. Q. And when you say "political," you're not suggesting that the Judges are somehow biased? A. No, it's not. Again, that's not what we're talking about. Q. When you're referring to the political advantages, you're really talking about the procedures that have evolved in this Court, correct, or that were set by Congress? A. Partly that. There's there's another aspect to it as well, which is refers to another paper that I wrote, which is called the the incentive structure created for regulators owing to their general invisibility except with respect to the	2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21	Q. With respect to the informational advantage that you claim the record companies have, it is correct, is it not, that both sides in these cases are allowed to take discovery, right? A. Well, yes, of course. Q. And the discovery rules apply equally to both sides, right? A. I am not an expert on the discovery rules here. I don't know what's allowed and what isn't in this procedure. Q. You know that SiriusXM was allowed to serve requests for production of documents, correct? A. Yes, of course. Q. And did you have any input into those requests? Did you ask for specific information?	

	3:	28		330
1	Q. And, to your knowledge, did SiriusXM's	1	what I was told. So I wasn't able to use those.	
2	counsel include those requests in in the	2	Ç. — ,	
3	<u>, </u>	3	what you needed, right?	
4	- · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	4	F	
5			discovery. I certainly have a lot of agreements.	
6	<i>z z</i> ,		Whether whether they're all that exist	
7	discover and what information I thought was		whether the discovery was complete, I have no way	
8		ł	of knowing that.	
9	Q. And one of the things that you wanted	9	Q. Okay. You do know you got an awful	
	was, were digital deals negotiated by the major		lot, over 2,000?	
	record companies, correct?	11	A. Yes.	
12	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	12	Q. And you were able to amend your	
	rights.	- 1	testimony using them, right?	
14	Q. So you had the ability to ask for	14	A. I did amend my testimony. In fact,	
	those, right?	15	3	
16	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	- 1	is based on discovery. It's not based on what was	
1	for them.	17	1	
18	Q. And, to your knowledge, counsel then	18	2	
19		19	Q. Okay. And you understand that you will	
20	A. To my knowledge. I don't recall the	20	11 32 3	
	wording specifically of whatever requests they had. It is my understanding they did.	21	yourself of it, to file rebuttal testimony and get	
	it is my understanding they did.		discovery in that phase of the case as well, right?	
	32	.9		331
1	Q. Okay. And, in fact, you received over	1	A. Yes and no.	
2	2,800 digital deals from the record companies?	2	I'm still not clear on exactly what I'm	
3	A. A very large number, yes.	3	allowed to talk about in rebuttal. So I have to	
4	Q. And you had the opportunity to review	4	have more information about that. I think there	
5	them?	5	are some constraints on what I'm allowed to say in	
6	A. I did have the opportunity to review	6	rebuttal.	
7	them.	7	Q. I won't ask you what you've been	
8	Q. And you had the opportunity to file	8	asked to do in the rebuttal case, tempting though	
	amended written testimony based on that discovery,	9	that might be.	
10	correct?	10	As I listen to your answers, Dr. Noll,	
11	A. That's correct.	11	you've said that these supposed informational	
12	Q. So the procedures in this Court	12	advantages are two things: SoundExchange has access	İ
	afforded SiriusXM the opportunity to obtain	13	to more information, and certain deals under	
	information that was in SoundExchange's possession	14	congressional legislation are deemed	
15	and the possession of the record companies,	15	nonprecedential; is that right?	
1	correct?	16	A. Well, it's the nonprecedential part	
17	A. Well, yes and no. There were there	17	is more than that. There are some deals that could	
	are some deals that that I was told, at least, I	18	be precedential if but it requires the the	
1	couldn't use because of the rules regarding whether	19	consent of both parties to the deal.	
1	they could be used in these proceedings; that some	20	So there's a veto power that the	
T .	of the deals that have been made are precluded from	21	parties to an agreement have over whether a deal	
122	being used in this proceeding. At least that's	1 22	could be introduced in this proceeding.	- 1
22	,	1		1

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1	Q. But I have correctly identified the two	1	important component of it; namely, the kinds of	
2	things that you say create informational	2	things that are done in Webcaster Webcaster is	
T T	advantages, right?	3		
4	A. Those are the two informational	4	That's the most important proceeding.	
5	advantages.	5	Q. But you would agree that the	
6	Q. And as to the information that	1	negotiation of direct licenses for with	
7	SoundExchange or the record companies might have,	7	SiriusXM, those negotiations are very directly	
8	you agree that there are discovery processes for	8	impacted by the regulatory process?	
9	SiriusXM to learn that information, correct?	9	A. That's exactly what I said, that this	
10	A. There are discovery processes to learn	1	one is the closest, yes.	
11	some of that information, yes, but not all of it.	11	Q. Okay. For one thing, the licensors	
12	Q. And you have had the ability to avail		have no ability to refuse to enter into a license,	
	yourself of those processes and amend your	13	correct?]
14		14	A. That's true, but they can refuse to	
15	A. Yes, I have, although, as you know,	15	enter into a license with SiriusXM as an as a	
	some of my amended testimony wasn't legitimate,	16	direct license. They have a choice between this	
17	according to the procedural rules, and that, you	17	proceeding and a direct negotiation.	
	know, turned an illustration of my point.	18	Q. Right. But they don't have a choice to	
19	Q. Now, I want to talk to you about why	1	just to not provide their content to SiriusXM?	
	the indie labels that accepted these direct	20	A. That's correct.	
	licenses might have done so.	21	Q. So the expectations of the parties,	
22	The direct licenses do not represent	1	both SiriusXM and the indies, about the possible	
	•			
	333			335
		1		333
1	transactions that were negotiated in an unregulated	1	outcome of the regulatory process affects the rate	333
	transactions that were negotiated in an unregulated market, right?		outcome of the regulatory process affects the rate they would be willing to agree to: is that right?	333
	market, right?	2	they would be willing to agree to; is that right?	333
2 3	market, right? A. The parties to those transactions		they would be willing to agree to; is that right? A. It's symmetric. SiriusXM doesn't have	333
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2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18	market, right? A. The parties to those transactions were had both sides had the opportunity to have the rate that was determined in those negotiations instead be determined in this process. Q. So it is fair to say, is it not, that the negotiation of sound recording rights for use by SiriusXM is a transaction that is directly impacted by the regulatory scheme? A. I believe all the licenses for digital distribution of music are impacted by the regulatory regime. So this one is extremely close, because some of them, the impact is that there's a statutory rate for something that's sort of like what you have but it's not exactly the same, because it puts you in a different category, but those are still affected. So we don't have we don't have a	2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18	they would be willing to agree to; is that right? A. It's symmetric. SiriusXM doesn't have any alternative. It can either go out of business or accept the outcome of this proceeding. So they're in the same position. It's symmetric. Both sides are bound by the outcome of this proceeding, bound by the statutory rate, and their and their choice both have the same choice. They either go out of business or deal with the other entity according to the terms of the statutory rate. Q. Well, I don't think that was the question I asked. So let me try again. You would agree with me, would you not, that the expectations of the parties about the outcome of the regulatory process would affect the rate that they're willing to agree to in direct	333
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here are are affected by the presence of the	1	something like that. So, of course, the chances	
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	9	between either MRI or SXM and an independent label	
Court, none of the indies who signed a direct	10	about expectations in the future.	
license has ever directly participated in	10 11	Q. Okay. Let's just say hypothetically	
license has ever directly participated in proceedings before this Court, is that correct, to	11 12	Q. Okay. Let's just say hypothetically that SiriusXM or MRI doing the negotiating made the	
license has ever directly participated in proceedings before this Court, is that correct, to your knowledge?	11 12	Q. Okay. Let's just say hypothetically that SiriusXM or MRI doing the negotiating made the representations that I just indicated; that is, if	
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license has ever directly participated in proceedings before this Court, is that correct, to your knowledge? A. To my understanding, nobody except SoundExchange participates for the labels. That's	11 12 13	Q. Okay. Let's just say hypothetically that SiriusXM or MRI doing the negotiating made the representations that I just indicated; that is, if the rate goes up at all in this proceeding, it's only going to be by half a percent or so.	
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	here are are affected by the presence of the regulatory process. Q. Right. So the direct license rates may simply represent a prediction about what this Court would do in the regulatory process, right? A. Well, yes and no, because it's remember, there's uncertainty. It's you're not only comparing a point estimate of what the outcome of the regulatory process is with the known and certain rate you're going to get in a license, but the other part of the regulatory process is that it's in a in a before-the-fact sense, it's uncertain, it's risky, and you can have good outcomes and bad outcomes. So one of the things you're buying when you sign a direct license, whether you're the buyer or the seller, is you're you're transferring an uncertain outcome to a certain outcome, and that's valuable. Q. But at the end of the day, what you're doing when you're negotiating is trying to make	here are are affected by the presence of the regulatory process. Q. Right. So the direct license rates may simply represent a prediction about what this Court would do in the regulatory process, right? A. Well, yes and no, because it's remember, there's uncertainty. It's you're not only comparing a point estimate of what the outcome of the regulatory process is with the known and certain rate you're going to get in a license, but the other part of the regulatory process is that it's in a in a before-the-fact sense, it's uncertain, it's risky, and you can have good outcomes and bad outcomes. So one of the things you're buying when you sign a direct license, whether you're the buyer or the seller, is you're you're transferring an uncertain outcome to a certain outcome, and that's valuable. Q. But at the end of the day, what you're doing when you're negotiating is trying to make 337 some prediction about what the Court will do, right? A. You are trying to make a prediction, but the prediction is not a point estimate; the prediction is a range of possible outcomes, and some of which are good and some of which are bad. Q. Okay. Now, with respect to predicting what	here are — are affected by the presence of the regulatory process. Q. Right. So the direct license rates may simply represent a prediction about what this Court would do in the regulatory process, right? A. Well, yes and no, because it's — remember, there's uncertainty. It's — you're not only comparing a point estimate of what the outcome of the regulatory process is with the known and certain rate you're going to get in a license, but the other part of the regulatory process is that it's — in a — in a before-the-fact sense, it's uncertain, it's risky, and you can have good outcomes and bad outcomes. So one of the things you're buying when you sign a direct license, whether you're the buyer or the seller, is you're — you're transferring an uncertain outcome to a certain outcome, and that's valuable. Q. But at the end of the day, what you're doing when you're negotiating is trying to make 1 something like that. So, of course, the chances that any of them have a witness here is zero. 3 Q. And you understand, of course, that 4 SiriusXM, SiriusXMS scounsed and SiriusXM recuctives have been very much a part of, 6 obviously, this proceeding, but the SDARS I 7 proceeding as well? 8 A. Yes, of course. 9 Q. In the discovery materials that you've reviewed, you have seen, have you not, that during the negotiations for these direct licenses, 11 the negotiations for these direct licenses, 12 SiriusXM represented to the indies that if the 13 statutory rate went up at all as a result of these uncertain, it's risky, and you can have good and tocomes. So one of the things you're buying when you're the buyer or the seller, is you're — you're the buyer or the seller, is you're — you're transferring an uncertain outcome to a certain outcome, and that's valuable. Q. But at the end of the day, what you're doing when you're negotiating is trying to make 1 it in testimony by others, but I have no firsthand knowledge — 3 Q. Okay. 1 it in testimony by others, but I have no firsthand knowledge — 3 Q. Okay. 4 A. — I believe

1				
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1	them for a price who has their own agenda, rather	1	record labels only get 50 percent of the royalty,	
2	than their own trade association about what the		right?	
3	likely outcome was going to be.	3	A. That's correct.	
4	It's not that there was an	4	Q. Record labels frequently pay advances	
5	information-impacted environment here. There were	5		
6	lots of people telling them what they thought the	6	A. That's correct.	
7	outcome of this process would be.	7	Q. And when they do, you understand that	
8	And so in principle, somebody could	8		
9	have been silly enough that they ignored what all	9	those advances from royalties owed to the artist,	
10	the trade associations in their own industry were		right?	
	telling them and listened to the person they were	11	A. The contract the contract normally	
1	trying to sell it. But it doesn't seem plausible	12	specifies the nature of the payments to the	
1	to me. That's not how businesses survive,	13	artists, and it usually does involve an advance on	
	listening to the the their customers'	14	future royalties.	
	predictions about the future as opposed to their	15	It'll specify a fraction of the	
!	trade associations' predictions of the future.	16	revenues from the sound recording that are to be	
17	Q. And I take it from what you just said	17	given to the artist, and then the first X dollars	
18	that if trade associations were publicly stating	18	of that are credits against the advance, or some	
19	that they thought the outcome of this proceeding	19	fraction of the first X dollars are credits against	
20	would be a rate considerably higher than the	20	the advance.	
21	existing rate, you don't have a problem with them	21	Q. Okay. I think we're saying the same	
22	making those public statements, do you?	22	thing, but let me just be clear.	
-	341			343
1	A. The issue I have a problem with isn't	1	A. I wanted to be sure it was clear,	
1	that one, no.	1	that's all.	
3	It's obviously going to be the case	3	O. Sure.	
	that there's going to be lots of expressions of	4	It is common in the recording industry	
i	that are more closer to marketing rather than being			
1	and the more eroper to marketing ruther than being	1 5		
16	predictions by everybody involved, and most	5	that record companies will pay an advance to an	
ı	predictions by everybody involved, and most rational businessmen would ignore marketing like	6	that record companies will pay an advance to an artist, and then when the royalties are paid to the	
7	rational businessmen would ignore marketing like	6 7	that record companies will pay an advance to an artist, and then when the royalties are paid to the record company, it is allowed to take the artist's	
7 8	rational businessmen would ignore marketing like that without trying to get some independent	6 7 8	that record companies will pay an advance to an artist, and then when the royalties are paid to the record company, it is allowed to take the artist's share and essentially recoup that from the advance,	
7 8 9	rational businessmen would ignore marketing like that without trying to get some independent information.	6 7 8 9	that record companies will pay an advance to an artist, and then when the royalties are paid to the record company, it is allowed to take the artist's share and essentially recoup that from the advance, right?	
7 8 9 10	rational businessmen would ignore marketing like that without trying to get some independent information. Q. Now, it is a feature of the direct	6 7 8 9 10	that record companies will pay an advance to an artist, and then when the royalties are paid to the record company, it is allowed to take the artist's share and essentially recoup that from the advance, right? A. Yeah, that's that's that is	
7 8 9 10 11	rational businessmen would ignore marketing like that without trying to get some independent information. Q. Now, it is a feature of the direct licenses, isn't it, that SiriusXM is going to pay	6 7 8 9 10	that record companies will pay an advance to an artist, and then when the royalties are paid to the record company, it is allowed to take the artist's share and essentially recoup that from the advance, right? A. Yeah. that's that's that is that is the standard practice, especially among the	
7 8 9 10 11 12	rational businessmen would ignore marketing like that without trying to get some independent information. Q. Now, it is a feature of the direct licenses, isn't it, that SiriusXM is going to pay 100 percent of the royalty to the record label?	6 7 8 9 10 11 12	that record companies will pay an advance to an artist, and then when the royalties are paid to the record company, it is allowed to take the artist's share and essentially recoup that from the advance, right? A. Yeah, that's that's that is that is the standard practice, especially among the majors. A lot of the indies are actually owned by	
7 8 9 10 11 12 13	rational businessmen would ignore marketing like that without trying to get some independent information. Q. Now, it is a feature of the direct licenses, isn't it, that SiriusXM is going to pay 100 percent of the royalty to the record label? A. It is the case that the that the	6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13	that record companies will pay an advance to an artist, and then when the royalties are paid to the record company, it is allowed to take the artist's share and essentially recoup that from the advance, right? A. Yeah, that's that's that is that is the standard practice, especially among the majors. A lot of the indies are actually owned by the artists.	
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7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17	rational businessmen would ignore marketing like that without trying to get some independent information. Q. Now, it is a feature of the direct licenses, isn't it, that SiriusXM is going to pay 100 percent of the royalty to the record label? A. It is the case that the that the licenses call for SiriusXM to pay the the labels directly, and then the labels' responsibility is to divide it between the label and the artist. Q. Okay. And you understand under the	6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17	that record companies will pay an advance to an artist, and then when the royalties are paid to the record company, it is allowed to take the artist's share and essentially recoup that from the advance, right? A. Yeah, that's that's that is that is the standard practice, especially among the majors. A lot of the indies are actually owned by the artists. So that that isn't that isn't an apt characterization of the label that was owned by George Carlin, for example, or the label that's owned by owned by Lady Antebellum.	
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7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18	rational businessmen would ignore marketing like that without trying to get some independent information. Q. Now, it is a feature of the direct licenses, isn't it, that SiriusXM is going to pay 100 percent of the royalty to the record label? A. It is the case that the that the licenses call for SiriusXM to pay the the labels directly, and then the labels' responsibility is to divide it between the label and the artist. Q. Okay. And you understand under the statutory scheme, SoundExchange has to pay	6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18	that record companies will pay an advance to an artist, and then when the royalties are paid to the record company, it is allowed to take the artist's share and essentially recoup that from the advance, right? A. Yeah, that's that's that is that is the standard practice, especially among the majors. A lot of the indies are actually owned by the artists. So that that isn't that isn't an apt characterization of the label that was owned by George Carlin, for example, or the label that's owned by owned by Lady Antebellum. I mean, if the artist owns the label.	

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1	A. It is a common practice, although it's	1	fee to the performers for work for hire, right?	
2	not uniform.	2	A. That's correct, yes.	
3	Q. Okay.	3	Q. In that situation, the record company	
4	Now, by paying 100 percent of the	4	does not owe any royalties to the artist, correct?	
5	royalties to the record company instead of the	5	A. That's correct. And that in that	
6	record company getting just 50 percent, a record	6	and in that case, the record company will just	
7	company can recoup against its advances faster than	7	keep whatever it receives, and that creates the	
8	it otherwise would?	8	that creates the incentive for record companies to	
9	A. I'm sorry, I didn't hear you.	9	produce more recordings that are based on work for	
10	Q. Sure.	10	hire, because it can just pay people a wage and	
11	In a an agreement where 100 percent	11	produce records and get all the return from it.	
12	of the royalties are paid to the record company, as	12	And it increases the number of sound recordings.	
13	opposed to it getting 50 percent and the artist	13	Q. In that situation that we've just	
14	getting 50 percent, the record company can recoup	14	discussed, it's obviously to the advantage of the	
15	against its advances faster than it otherwise	15	1 11	
16	would, correct?	16	100 percent of the royalties rather than 50?	
17	A. Yes and no. It depends on the on	17	A. Well, to that specific example is to	
	what the what's happening with respect to the	18	the advantage of record companies, artists and	
19	transaction after it gets out of SoundExchange.	19	consumers, because it produces more sound	
20	But in principle, that could happen.	20	recordings and then pull more employment for	
21	Q. Okay. And, in fact, there are times	21	artists.	
22	when record companies pay advances and they	22	Q. Well, let's talk about the record	
	345			347
1	actually never get enough royalties to recoup those	1	company. It is to the record company's advantage,	
	advances in full, right?	2		
3	A. That does happen, yes. It has	3		
4	happened.		artist, to get 100 percent of the royalty rather	
5	• •	4	artist, to get 100 percent of the royalty rather than 50 percent from SoundExchange, right?	
	Q. So in a situation where the record	1 .	than 50 percent from SoundExchange, right? A. Yes. And that the fact that that's	
	Q. So in a situation where the record company is getting 100 percent of the royalties, as	4 5	than 50 percent from SoundExchange, right? A. Yes. And that the fact that that's	
6		4 5	than 50 percent from SoundExchange, right? A. Yes. And that the fact that that's	
6 7	company is getting 100 percent of the royalties, as	4 5 6	than 50 percent from SoundExchange, right? A. Yes. And that the fact that that's more attractive means they produce more recordings.	
6 7 8	company is getting 100 percent of the royalties, as opposed to 50 percent under the statutory scheme,	4 5 6 7 8	than 50 percent from SoundExchange, right? A. Yes. And that the fact that that's more attractive means they produce more recordings. Q. But for a record company that doesn't	
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	348		•	350
1	well known, and part of the process that was		licenses are representative of the much larger	
2	part of the negotiation, yes.	2	group of labels who did not sign direct licenses?	
3	Q. That was a feature of these direct	3	A. You you petered off at the end, I'm	
4	licenses that that you know MRI emphasized to	4	sorry.	
5	these record labels, correct?	5	Q. I'm sorry.	
6	A. Well, to anybody. I mean, the majors	6	JUDGE ROBERTS: Mr. Handzo, why don't	
7	could have signed the same deal, and they have	7	you pull your microphone in a little bit closer?	
8	works for hire as well.	8	BY MR. HANDZO:	
9	So this incentive is operating for	9	Q. It is your opinion, is it not, that the	
10	everybody. It doesn't distinguish those who sign	10	record labels who agreed to sign direct licenses	
11	the license from those who don't.	11	are representative of the larger group of record	
12	Q. It is true, is it not, that some of the	12	labels who did not sign direct licenses?	
	labels who signed these direct deals might have	13	A. Yeah. I put it a somewhat different	
14	been motivated in whole or in part by the fact that		way, that collectively, they represent a a	
15	SiriusXM agreed to pay them advances?	15	library of sound recordings that is representative	
16	A. Of course. That's that is	16	of the libraries of sound recordings of of other	
	a mechanism for creating an incentive on the part	17	independents and the major distribution companies.	
18	of Sirius and XM to come through with the promise	18	Q. Okay. And as I understand it, it's	
19	about plays. If you take an advance, there's an	19	fairly central to your opinions in this case that	
	implicit number of plays that would recoup that	20	the labels that signed are are represented	
	advance, and then SiriusXM basically gets to play	21	representative, at least as a collectivity, of all	
22	you for free until it gets until it pays off the	22	of the record labels, correct?	
		1		
	349			35
1	advance.	1	A. Well, you're putting it dichotomously,	35
1 2		1 2	A. Well, you're putting it dichotomously, and obviously, it's not going to be a perfect	35
	advance.	•	A. Well, you're putting it dichotomously, and obviously, it's not going to be a perfect match, but the but it's sort of a	35
2	advance. Q. And there is an advantage to the record	3	and obviously, it's not going to be a perfect	35
2	advance. Q. And there is an advantage to the record label in getting an advance, because there's a time	3	and obviously, it's not going to be a perfect match, but the but the but it's sort of a	35
2 3 4	advance. Q. And there is an advantage to the record label in getting an advance, because there's a time value to money, right?	3 4 5	and obviously, it's not going to be a perfect match, but the but the but it's sort of a more or less thing.	35
2 3 4 5	advance. Q. And there is an advantage to the record label in getting an advance, because there's a time value to money, right? A. And that's true for every single label,	3 4 5 6	and obviously, it's not going to be a perfect match, but the but the but it's sort of a more or less thing. But what I have concluded is that	35
2 3 4 5 6	advance. Q. And there is an advantage to the record label in getting an advance, because there's a time value to money, right? A. And that's true for every single label, not just those who signed.	3 4 5 6 7	and obviously, it's not going to be a perfect match, but the but the but it's sort of a more or less thing. But what I have concluded is that they the eyes of collectivity represent the	35
2 3 4 5 6 7 8	advance. Q. And there is an advantage to the record label in getting an advance, because there's a time value to money, right? A. And that's true for every single label, not just those who signed. Q. Okay. And so the ability to get an	3 4 5 6 7 8	and obviously, it's not going to be a perfect match, but the but the but it's sort of a more or less thing. But what I have concluded is that they the eyes of collectivity represent the distribution across the genres and the and the	35
2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9	advance. Q. And there is an advantage to the record label in getting an advance, because there's a time value to money, right? A. And that's true for every single label, not just those who signed. Q. Okay. And so the ability to get an advance might also be a reason why record labels	3 4 5 6 7 8 9	and obviously, it's not going to be a perfect match, but the but the but it's sort of a more or less thing. But what I have concluded is that they the eyes of collectivity represent the distribution across the genres and the and the categories between hits, other current releases	35
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	3	352	•	354
1	Q. Let me let me state it in the	1	representative, you would agree that those direct	
2	•		licenses do not represent a very good benchmark,	
3	You would agree, would you not, if the		correct?	
4		4		
5		5		
6			come to a distribution of sound recordings that you	
7	A. Okay, you'll have to explain to me	J _		
Ι.		7		
8	1	8	ě ,	
9	(the further it goes away from that, the less	
1	in two ways, if I understand it. The first way is		representative it would be, so and the less good	
11	E	11		
	group have all of the different kind of genres that		phenomenon, not a	
	you would expect to see for the music industry as a	13	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	
14	whole; is that right?	14	either/or; there's a continuum?	
15	A. That's part of it, yes.	15	A. Right.	
16	Q. Okay.	16	Q. But the less representative they are,	
17	A. Part of it is genre; part of it is time	17	the less good a benchmark this would be, right?	
18	distribution; and part of it is does it have	18	A. Yes.	
19	hits	19	Q. Okay. And, again, one of the ways	
20	Q. And part	20	you're looking at representativeness is the	
21	A and leading artists, sort of iconic	21		
22	artists.	22		
_				
	3	53		355
1	Q. Part of what you looked at is sort of		Q. Now, before I'm going to come back	
!	the quality of the sound recordings that the indies		to that, but before I go there, you would agree	
	who signed owned, correct?	- 1		
4	A. Well, to some degree, that fits into	1 3		
1 _	A. Wen, to some degree, that his into		that a number of the indies that signed these	
		4	direct licenses are very, very small, correct?	
5	this, because when we talk about hits and iconic	5	direct licenses are very, very small, correct? A. Oh, that's right. A lot of them are	
6	this, because when we talk about hits and iconic artists, that's the reference quality, normally	4 5 6	direct licenses are very, very small, correct? A. Oh, that's right. A lot of them are single purpose. There may be single artists or may	
6 7	this, because when we talk about hits and iconic artists, that's the reference quality, normally in the industry, isn't what quality would mean in	4 5 6 7	A. Oh, that's right. A lot of them are single purpose. There may be single artists or may be single genre, they only have a handful of	
6 7 8	this, because when we talk about hits and iconic artists, that's the reference quality, normally in the industry, isn't what quality would mean in terms of a critic for The New York Times. The	4 5 6 7 8	direct licenses are very, very small, correct? A. Oh, that's right. A lot of them are single purpose. There may be single artists or may be single genre, they only have a handful of product, so they're you know, they're very, very	
6 7 8 9	this, because when we talk about hits and iconic artists, that's the reference quality, normally in the industry, isn't what quality would mean in terms of a critic for The New York Times. The quality usually refers to popular, as opposed to	4 5 6 7 8 9	direct licenses are very, very small, correct? A. Oh, that's right. A lot of them are single purpose. There may be single artists or may be single genre, they only have a handful of product, so they're you know, they're very, very tiny.	
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1	BY MR. HANDZO:	1	A. That's why I answered the question in	
2	Q. Right.	2	the complex way I did. There's the financial part	
3	In terms of the total sales and	3	and there's the target part, and the target part is	
4	popularity, some of the indies that signed these	4	how they differ.	
5	direct licenses have something like less than, you	5	Q. The statement you made in your	-
6	know, a tenth of one percent of market share,	6	deposition that I just read is correct, in your	
i i	right?	7	opinion, is it not?	
8	A. Much less than that. A hundredth of	8	A. Yeah. I mean, if you're talking about	
9	1 percent in some cases, yes.	9	these little niche firms, they have a different	
10	Q. You would agree with me that the	10	focus of their business strategy than the large	
11	economic incentives of tiny fringe firms are very	11	indies or the majors.	
12	different than the incentives operating on the	12	Q. You would agree that labels that have	
13	dominant firms in the recording industry, right?	13	this very small market share are getting very few	
14	A. I'm not sure that I agree with that.	14	sound recording transmissions on SiriusXM, right?	
15	They all have the same incentive to sell as much as	15	A. Historically, yes, though they also	l
16	possible and make as much money as possible. But,	16	have the most to gain.	
17	you know, they the these guys are	17	Q. And that anticipates my next question.	
18	specialized, so in that sense they're different,	18	If you're not if you're a label that	
19	and they have an incentive to try to appeal to that	19	is not played much, the strongest part of your	[
20	very specialized audience, whereas a large a	20	incentive is to get played more, right?	
	large indie, you know, the indies that have between	21	A. Well, I think everybody, that's a	1
22	1/10th and 1 percent of the market have would	22	strong part of their incentive. I mean, the the	Ì
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1		1	desire to get played more is true for everybody	359
1	have the same incentives as a major. It's the	1 2	desire to get played more is true for everybody.	359
2	have the same incentives as a major. It's the little specialized guys that just orient themselves	1 2 3	But the the little guy isn't getting much money	359
1	have the same incentives as a major. It's the little specialized guys that just orient themselves to a specific target market.	1 2 3 4	But the the little guy isn't getting much money from the current system, regardless of what the	359
2 3 4	have the same incentives as a major. It's the little specialized guys that just orient themselves to a specific target market. And if that's what you mean by having	4	But the the little guy isn't getting much money from the current system, regardless of what the royalty rate is.	359
2 3 4 5	have the same incentives as a major. It's the little specialized guys that just orient themselves to a specific target market. And if that's what you mean by having different incentives, that's right, but they the	1	But the the little guy isn't getting much money from the current system, regardless of what the royalty rate is. So they would be, you know, very much	359
2 3 4 5	have the same incentives as a major. It's the little specialized guys that just orient themselves to a specific target market. And if that's what you mean by having different incentives, that's right, but they the financial incentive is still the same. They're	4 5	But the the little guy isn't getting much money from the current system, regardless of what the royalty rate is. So they would be, you know, very much interested in getting more plays.	359
2 3 4 5 6 7	have the same incentives as a major. It's the little specialized guys that just orient themselves to a specific target market. And if that's what you mean by having different incentives, that's right, but they the	4 5 6	But the the little guy isn't getting much money from the current system, regardless of what the royalty rate is. So they would be, you know, very much interested in getting more plays. Q. An indie that is getting played very	359
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1	played, if SXM comes in and says we will do a	1	a very low base, it wouldn't be that hard to get a	
	program once a week that features your recordings,	ı	lot more in percentage terms, right?	
3	that would be going from zero to something, a big	3	A. It depends. I mean, it really depends	
4	discrete change in what they were getting, and I	4	on how they match with the with the programming	
	agree with that, that that would be a		on SiriusXM that and I don't remember enough	
	something that would be of interest of interest		about 12K to be able to answer that question, but	
	to them.	7	for a label that believes its library is suited to	
8	Q. Right.	8	one of the channels on SiriusXM, they might hope to	
9	You would agree, wouldn't you, that for	9	get a lot more plays on that channel.	
10	an indie who is not getting played much now, the	10	But if they're producing if you	
11	actual royalty rate is the least part of their	11	know, if if instead of Ukraine, it's Belarus,	
12	incentive in the negotiation, and getting played	12	which has really terrible music, and there is no	
13	more is the greatest part?	13	JUDGE WISNIEWSKI: Have I told you	
14	A. I just said that. I said that no	14	about my other relatives?	
15	matter what the royalty rate is, it doesn't matter	15	THE WITNESS: if there's no channel	
16	to you if you're not getting played.	16	for their specialty, given they're really tiny,	
17	Q. So let's take an example. Do you	17	they probably have a specialty, and if there's no	
18	recall that 12K Records is a licensee	18	channels on that specialty, then they have less of	
19	A. Yes.	19	an incentive than a major to try to get diversion	
20	Q signed a direct license?	20	of plays to their side.	
21	And do you recall that they have	21	BY MR. HANDZO:	
22	something like 39 transmissions on SiriusXM in the	22	Q. But all else equal, if you're a very	
	361			36
1	fourth quarter of 2011?	1	small record company with a very low number of	
2	A. Of course not. I don't remember that.	1	plays, because there are so few plays to begin	
3	Q. Let me represent		with, you have a more realistic prospect of	
4	A. Guilty as charged.		doubling, tripling, quadrupling, increasing by	
5	Q let me represent to you that they	5	tenfold the number of plays.	
6	had 39 transmissions.	6	A. You might. That that might be an	
7	A. I think it was 41, but that's okay.		incentive operating on a little tiny label, yes.	
8	(Laughter.)	8	Q. And, conversely, if you're a record	
	BY MR. HANDZO:	ı	company that's only getting \$250 in royalties in a	
10	Q. I'll go with you on that.		quarter from SiriusXM, you're not really gambling	
11	Let me also represent to you that they		much by accepting a slightly lower rate, are you?	
	paid a royalty or they were paid a royalty of	12	A. I'm sorry, I didn't follow that	
	about \$264, okay?	ı	question.	
14	A. Okay.	14	Q. Sure.	
	Q. Now, with only 39 or 41 transmissions	15	If the only royalties you were getting	
15	in in a quarter, 12K Records might realistically		to begin with from SiriusXM were about \$250 a	
	hope to double or triple or increase tenfold the	17	quarter, you're not really taking much of a risk	
16			, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	
16 17	·	1	agreeing to a slightly lower rate, are you?	
16 17 18	number of transmissions, right?	18	agreeing to a slightly lower rate, are you? A. Well, you you yes, you could go	
17 18 19	number of transmissions, right? A. It might I don't know what the	18 19	A. Well, you you yes, you could go	
16 17 18 19 20	number of transmissions, right?	18 19		

	3	364	·	36
1	be small, it could be large; it depends on the	1	service.	
	circumstances.	2	Q. You would agree that there are some	
3	Q. But you would agree, would you not, if	3	sound recordings that are just so current and	
4	you're only getting \$250 a quarter, you're not	4	popular that SoundExchange really I'm sorry	
	likely to probably lose a lot of sleep over what	5	SiriusXM really needs to have them, right?	
	the rate is?	6	A. Well, yes and no. I mean, that does	
7	A. We're back to the point. If you're not	7	address yes, it's true that they would want to	
	getting paid very much, it doesn't matter what the	8	have certain important hit sound recordings for all	
	rate is, that's right. The people that really care	9	labels, whether majors or indies. Those recordings	
	about the rate are the ones who are played a lot,	10	constitute a relatively small fraction of their	
	and that's mainly the majors. They're the ones who	11	-	
	care most about the rate.	12	• •	
			And so you can for example, if	
3	Q. Now, let's leave aside the issue of	13	suppose all the record companies were charging rate	
	size and come back to what we were talking about	14	2	
	before, which was what I think is your conclusion,	15	2X, SiriusXM wouldn't drop them entirely. They	
	that the labels who signed these direct licenses		would still play the most particular records	
	are representative of the quality of the larger	17	available on Universal, but they would dramatically	
	recording industry.	18	cut back on all the other stuff.	
9	Am I characterizing that correctly?	19	And you can and so it may well be	
0	A. Well, again, with my definition of	20		
1	quality, since I don't know what yours is.	21	else is at X, generates less revenue for them, even	
2	Q. Let me ask it this way: You would	22	though they do have sort of iconic recordings that	
•	3	365		30
1	agree. wouldn't you, that the demand by Sirius for	1	neither SiriusXM nor Pandora nor a radio station	
	sound recordings is a derived demand?	2		
3	A. Yes.	3	Q. Well, I hate to use the word "iconic"	
4	Q. So it's derived from the consumers'	4	in this context, but let's take Lady Gaga.	
	demand for the sound recordings, right?			
		5	A. Okay. You take her.	
6	A. Well, it's it's a it's	16	CHIEF JUDGE BARNETT: Please.	
~	derived in a transport way yet it's not	l i	DVMD HANDOO	
	derived in a in a special way, yes. It's not	7	BY MR. HANDZO:	
8 j	just the consumers' demand for a particular type of	7 8	Q. SiriusXM can't substitute away from	
8 j 9 i	just the consumers' demand for a particular type of music, but it's the demand, given the stakes of	7 8	Q. SiriusXM can't substitute away from Lady Gaga, right?	
8 j 9 i 0 (just the consumers' demand for a particular type of music, but it's the demand, given the stakes of competition, all right, because the incremental	7 8	Q. SiriusXM can't substitute away from Lady Gaga, right? A. Well, they can play her less	
8 j 9 i 0 (just the consumers' demand for a particular type of music, but it's the demand, given the stakes of	7 8 9	Q. SiriusXM can't substitute away from Lady Gaga, right?	
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8 j 9 i 0 (1 · 2 s	just the consumers' demand for a particular type of music, but it's the demand, given the stakes of competition, all right, because the incremental value of SiriusXM to somebody who listens to the same kind of music that is common on over-the-air	7 8 9 10 11 12 13	Q. SiriusXM can't substitute away from Lady Gaga, right? A. Well, they can play her less frequently, yes, but will they play her? Of course.	
8 j 9 i 0 i 1 · 2 s 3 i	just the consumers' demand for a particular type of music, but it's the demand, given the stakes of competition, all right, because the incremental value of SiriusXM to somebody who listens to the same kind of music that is common on over-the-air radio, for example, that there's a narrow range of	7 8 9 10 11 12 13	Q. SiriusXM can't substitute away from Lady Gaga, right? A. Well, they can play her less frequently, yes, but will they play her? Of course. Q. So when you assess quality in the	
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8 j 9 i 0 0 i 1 : 2 : 3 i 4 i 5 i 6 i 7 8 ! 9 i 0 a	just the consumers' demand for a particular type of music, but it's the demand, given the stakes of competition, all right, because the incremental value of SiriusXM to somebody who listens to the same kind of music that is common on over-the-air radio, for example, that there's a narrow range of reasons for them to subscribe to SiriusXM. There's the ubiquity reason, and there's the commercial-free reason. But for people whose main interest is genres that are not played on over-the-air radio,	7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17	Q. SiriusXM can't substitute away from Lady Gaga, right? A. Well, they can play her less frequently, yes, but will they play her? Of course. Q. So when you assess quality in the context of your testimony here, you're looking at the success of sound recordings in the market to see whether they're popular, right? A. Yes, that's part of it, what what are the hit records in their genre, yes.	

	36	8	•	370
			O. Disk	
1	A. Yes, I did that. I'm not the I		Q. Right.	
	checked it actually, the reality is, that wasn't	2	Okay. And you reached your conclusions	
	really my assignment, but I did it anyway because I	3	1	
	wanted to convince myself. But there also is	4		
5	testimony by others on this same issue.	I .	list of the recordings and deciding whether, in	
6	But I did as you know from my all	6		
7	* * *	7	A. No. I actually matched the recordings	
8	reviews of the libraries of the indies that did	8	to actual Billboard Top 100 and Top 200. I	
9	sign with SiriusXM.	9	actually there's more work there than implied by	
10	Q. And your discussion of the your	10	that.	
11	assessment of the quality of the sound recordings	11	But the basic story is, yes, look	
12	owned by the indies who signed direct licenses	12	across the independent labels, see how how they	
13	appears at Pages 42 through 45 of your revised	13	compare in terms of the the types of music, the	
14	written direct testimony; is that right?		age of music, and the popularity of music that they	
15	A. I assume so.	•	have.	
16	Q. Why don't you take a moment and take a	16	And I was also interested in where they	
17	look, and I will take a moment to get your	17	fit into the SiriusXM channels, too, because the	
	testimony.	18		
19	(Whereupon, the witness reviews the	19		
20	document.)	20		
21	BY MR. HANDZO:	21	competitive niche to provide music that	
22	Q. Okay. You've had a chance to	- 1	over-the-air broadcasters don't provide.	
	36			37
,	A Thotta the annuaria was those are	1		
		1 7	O Ol- D	
1	A. That's the answer is yes, those are	1	Q. Okay. But with respect to your	
2	the right pages.	2	assessment of the quality of sound recordings in	
2	the right pages. Q. Okay. So just so the record is clear,	2 3	assessment of the quality of sound recordings in your written testimony, and this appears to be	
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2 3 4 5 6	the right pages. Q. Okay. So just so the record is clear, starting on Page 42 of your testimony, you have a heading that says Types and Quality of Recordings. Do you see that?	2 3 4 5 6	assessment of the quality of sound recordings in your written testimony, and this appears to be around Pages 43 to 45, you don't offer any quantitative analysis? A. No, there isn't any that really	
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		Ι		
	372		·	374
1	So you could be the most popular thing	1	A I do that just for consumption	
2		2	value.	
3	SiriusXM, because they don't have a channel like	3	Q. Okay. You're saying you do that	
4	that, they don't have any customers who want it.	4	generally?	
5	So it's a little bit more complex than	5	A. I do that generally, and I'm aware of	
6	simply what do I think the hit records are. It's	6	these things, and I I consulted those things	
7	more than that.	7	here. I also consulted Emmy lists and things like	
8	Like, for example, do they have a	8	that, GRAMMY lists.	
9	musical theater channel? Yes, they do. Well, then	9	Q. You didn't make any effort to go	
10	musical theater is important.	10	through the sound recordings owned by the indies	
11	Do they have classical music channels?	11	that signed direct licenses and do an analysis that	
12	Yes. Well, then labels that specialize in	12	said, here's how they all appeared on Billboard	
13	classical music are important.	13	charts at this particular time?	
14	That's the way I approached it.	14	A. No, I didn't attempt to do that, no.	
15	Q. Okay. But leaving aside sort of	15	Q. So with respect to the examples that	
16	looking at the recordings that these indies had and	16	you cite, you mentioned former hit singles owned by	
17	seeing whether they fit into the channels that	17	Cleopatra Records.	
18	SiriusXM offers, in terms of assessing the	18	Do you see that?	Ì
19	popularity to consumers, you were basically just	19	A. Um-hum. I do.	
20	looking at these things and deciding whether you	20	Q. And you mention Flashdance,	
21	thought they were popular, right?	21	Total Eclipse of the Heart and Gangsta's Paradise?	
22	A. Well, whether they appeared on their	22	A. Yes.	
		 		
	373			375
			O And are you aware that what Cleonatra	375
1 2	genre popularity list, yes.	1 2	Q. And are you aware that what Cleopatra Records owns are not the originals of those	375
2	genre popularity list, yes. Q. Okay. And you give us, in your	2	Records owns are not the originals of those	375
3	genre popularity list, yes. Q. Okay. And you give us, in your testimony on Pages 44 and 45, some examples of the	2	Records owns are not the originals of those recordings, they're rerecords?	375
2 3 4	genre popularity list, yes. Q. Okay. And you give us, in your testimony on Pages 44 and 45, some examples of the indie sound recordings that you viewed as as	2 3 4	Records owns are not the originals of those recordings, they're rerecords? A. Actually, there are several of the	375
3	genre popularity list, yes. Q. Okay. And you give us, in your testimony on Pages 44 and 45, some examples of the indie sound recordings that you viewed as as popular; is that right?	2	Records owns are not the originals of those recordings, they're rerecords? A. Actually, there are several of the labels that do that. That's one of the big	375
2 3 4 5	genre popularity list, yes. Q. Okay. And you give us, in your testimony on Pages 44 and 45, some examples of the indie sound recordings that you viewed as as popular; is that right? A. Well, again, it's not my view is	2 3 4 5	Records owns are not the originals of those recordings, they're rerecords? A. Actually, there are several of the labels that do that. That's one of the big businesses now is to do rerecordings of old records	375
2 3 4 5 6	genre popularity list, yes. Q. Okay. And you give us, in your testimony on Pages 44 and 45, some examples of the indie sound recordings that you viewed as as popular; is that right? A. Well, again, it's not my view is popular. It wasn't just me, all right? I actually	2 3 4 5	Records owns are not the originals of those recordings, they're rerecords? A. Actually, there are several of the labels that do that. That's one of the big businesses now is to do rerecordings of old records and compete directly with the majors who were the	375
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2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20	genre popularity list, yes. Q. Okay. And you give us, in your testimony on Pages 44 and 45, some examples of the indie sound recordings that you viewed as as popular; is that right? A. Well, again, it's not my view is popular. It wasn't just me, all right? I actually consulted other things. But, yes, these are some illustrations of the kinds of music that are available on the indies that would be attractive to SiriusXM because they specialize in that kind of music. They have channels that specialize in that kind of music. Q. All right. And when you say you looked at other things, I as I understand it, what you're talking about is you relied on the testimony of other SiriusXM witnesses in this case, correct? A. Well, as I said before, I also have this problem that I actually look at Billboard Top,	2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21	Records owns are not the originals of those recordings, they're rerecords? A. Actually, there are several of the labels that do that. That's one of the big businesses now is to do rerecordings of old records and compete directly with the majors who were the original releasers of those records. Q. Okay. But to be clear, the Cleopatra ones are rerecords, not the originals, right? A. Oh, yes. And there's several others that are K-tel is in that category. There's several that's a fairly big business. Public Broadcasting raises money doing that with T.J. Lubinsky specials. Those are basically producing rerecordings of old records. Q. And are you aware that during the fourth quarter of 2011, after Cleopatra signed its direct license, none of the Cleopatra rerecords	375

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				570
1	records were played on Cleopatra. I have I've		marked as SoundExchange Trial Exhibit 2. And you	
	only asked I've only looked at the generic		had referred just before we broke to an Amazon	
3	1 3	1	Web site that was apparently the source of your	
4	•		written testimony about the popularity of	
5	general, as opposed to each one specifically.	5	C	
6	Q. Now, on the next page, you discuss	6	This is the Web site. is it not?	
7	Eardrum Records, which owns the George Carlin	7	A. This is the Web page, yeah.	
8	comedy albums?	8	Q. Okay.	
9	A. Oh, yes.	9	A. This is this is the version the	
10	Eardrum was a label that was purchased		list that appeared on the Amazon site, yes.	
11	by George Carlin, and he owned it until he died,	11	Q. Okay.	
12	5	12	And if we look at this, this list is	
13	single artist label.		not actually a list by Amazon, correct?	
14	Q. And sort of midway down the first full	14	A. It's a list posted by Amazon. It was	
15	paragraph on that Page 45, you say that Carlin		created by this Delphi process that I described.	
	accounts for four of the top 25 comedy records of		It's a Web site that where the guy who runs it	
	all time as ranked by amazon.com?		says, let's do a list about X, and then people	
18	A. Yes, on on the Amazon Web site.		interact for a while and try to settle on what the	
19	There's a reproduction of, I think it's called	i i	list is, and then the list is published.	
	Listmania, which is a a Delphi way to produce	20	Q. Okay. This list, in fact, was created	
21	top lists, and Amazon reproduced that list, posted	1	by a guy by the name of J. Christal?	
22	it on its Web site.	22	A. Christal is the one who runs this	
	377			379
1	Q. Dr. Noll, I'm going to show you what	1	this Delphi Web site, yes.	
2	we'll mark as SoundExchange Trial Exhibit Number 2.	2	Q. And so he listed his qualifications as	
3	CHIEF JUDGE BARNETT: Is this a good	3	being a comedy, music and movie fan?	
4	time for us to take a break?	4	A. Oh, yes.	
5	MR. HANDZO: Yes, this is fine.	5	This is a fan-based this is a	
6	CHIEF JUDGE BARNETT: We will take a	6	fan-generated list. This is a consumer-generated	
7	morning recess for a few minutes.		list. It's on this on this interactive	
8	(Whereupon, a brief recess was taken	8	Web site, yes.	
9	from 10:50 a.m. to 10:58 a.m.)	9	Q. So when you say in your written	
10	CHIEF JUDGE BARNETT: Good morning	1	testimony that Carlin accounts for four of the top	
	again.	í	25 comedy albums of all time as ranked by Amazon,	
12	Please be seated.		in fact, this isn't a ranking by Amazon?	
13	Mr. Handzo, you had some another	13	A. As published by Amazon. They didn't do	
14		1	the ranking. A bunch of fans did the ranking, yes.	
15	MR. HANDZO: I did have another	15	Q. And this doesn't reflect any	
16	exhibit. And here it is.	16		
17	(SoundExchange Trial Exhibit Number 2	17	A. No. This is supposed to be what fans	
18	was marked for identification	18	of comedy records regard as the best comedy	
19	purposes.)	19	records. So it doesn't have it it doesn't	
20	CHIEF JUDGE BARNETT: As if by magic.	20	reflect Amazon sales, if that's what you're after,	
21	BY MR. HANDZO:	21	no. It reflects generic popularity.	
22	Q. Dr. Noll, I've showed you what we've	22	It's generic popularity, actually.	
		1 2.7.	ILS generic Dodularity achiany	

		380			382
1	that's important from the point of view of		1	Q. And you say that of those top 200	
2	programming a radio station.		2	albums, it looks like 170 were produced by the	
3	Q. Generic popularity as reported by		3	majors?	
4	J. Christal, Teaneck, New Jersey, right?		4	A. The numbers say what the numbers say,	
5	A. Well, no. As I said, there's		5	yeah. I	
6	there's hundreds of people who participate in this		6	(Whereupon, the witness reviews the	
7	process; it's not just him. He's the one that runs		7	document.)	
8	the site.		8	THE WITNESS: Yeah.	
9	Q. Now, sticking with the subject of		9	170 albums were produced by the majors,	
10	quality for a moment, earlier		10	plus, in addition to that, 11 of the labels	
11	JUDGE WISNIEWSKI: Are you moving from		11	producing 25 of the top 200 were distributed by the	
12	this exhibit, Mr. Handzo?		12	majors.	
13	MR. HANDZO: Yes.		13	BY MR. HANDZO:	
14	JUDGE WISNIEWSKI: I have one quick		14	Q. Okay. And of the five remaining	
1	question for you.		15	Billboard Top 200 albums in 2010, none of them were	
16	Do I understand that, according to		16	produced and distributed by any of the indies that	
	what's on the right-hand side of this, that this	1	17	signed direct licenses, correct?	
18	was last updated on January 23 of 2002, about	ļ	18	A. As of November, no.	
19	10 years ago?	1	19	Q. All right. Let me change the subject.	
20	THE WITNESS: The one that they printed		20	I wanted to talk about the analysis you	
21	out. I don't know if there's other I can't		21	did of the Last.fm agreement.	
22	testify that this is the version that I looked at.		22	And to begin, am I correct that the	
					200
		381			383
1	I can only testify that I looked at something that	381	1	analysis that you did using, sort of, the	383
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3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14	you know, is there a huge competitive disadvantage imposed on somebody because of the presence of these rates? So I did examine that question. JUDGE WISNIEWSKI: If I could just interrupt for one quick question. Dr. Noll, when you talk about a regulated rate, are you also encompassing a legislative rate in that answer? THE WITNESS: Yes, I'm aware of those.	300	2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9	from which one where Pandora basically says, here's the percentage of revenue that we pay, and it's not going to corroborate what he's doing. So I'd like to ask that question, but I just sort of thought I would flag it for the Court before I blurted out the numbers. MR. RICH: If I'm understanding I'm not sure I completely understand, but if I'm understanding Mr. Handzo's directives, that he'd like to unilaterally waive that nonprecedential understanding between SoundExchange, his client, and the third party not represented here in order to impeach testimony that was not offered by our witness, because he testified he was unavailable he viewed himself as unavailable to use it. It seems to me, if I'm understanding it	3,0
17 18 19 20 21	THE WITNESS: No, no. It seems to me that what comes out of this Panel is more probative of the results of real process that confronts evidence than what comes out of Congress, okay? I think it just had more interest is all.		17 18 19 20 21	correctly, that it would be highly inappropriate. JUDGE ROBERTS: Where, Mr. Handzo, are you referring to Dr. Noll using that? MR. HANDZO: Yesterday JUDGE ROBERTS: It's not in the written testimony.	391
9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18	JUDGE WISNIEWSKI: You would say that the legislative process even less reflects the willing buyer/willing seller? THE WITNESS: Exactly. JUDGE WISNIEWSKI: Thank you. MR. HANDZO: I'm pausing for a moment because I think there's an issue I want to raise with the Court before I ask this question of Dr. Noll. Yesterday, in Dr. Noll's direct testimony, he was asked some questions by Mr. Rich, and he lamented the fact that he couldn't use certain nonprecedential deals, deals that were nonprecedential under the Webcaster Settlement Act. And in my listening to that testimony, my strong takeaway was that Dr. Noll and counsel were implying to the Court that had they just been able to use that, it surely would have corroborated what he was doing.		3 4 5 6 7 8 9	MR. HANDZO: Oh, no. I'm sorry. It's not in the written testimony. It was yesterday. JUDGE ROBERTS: I thought that it was that. MR. HANDZO: I know. I may have misspoken. JUDGE ROBERTS: Okay. MR. HANDZO: Yesterday, Dr. Noll said, I mean, I identified other close substitutes like Pandora as another one, but I can't use that rate because it's a WSA rate. Then Mr. Rich said, So to be clear, barring technical bars, for example, parties saying no party shall use this, it's conceivable that you would have had multiple additional corroborating benchmarks, in your view. And Dr. Noll said, Oh, yes. And then later on he said, I should add that, you know, Pandora is the poster child here, but I can't use that rate.	

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1	I know these rates are precedential. I stood up		1	the question you want the answer to?	
2	and argued that nonprecedential, rather. I		2	MR. HANDZO: That's fine.	
3	stood up and argued that at great length.		3	CHIEF JUDGE BARNETT: I think Mr. Rich	
4	But I think I'm entitled to rebut the		4	framed it, what were you implying and, you know,	
5	implication that Pandora's rate would have		5	based on what.	
6	corroborated what they were doing. I didn't open		6	BY MR. HANDZO:	
7	that door, Dr. Noll did.		7	Q. Dr. Noll, let me ask you to turn to	
8	But I don't think he should be allowed		8	Page 66 of your written testimony.	
9	to imply that Pandora would've corroborated when we		9	And do you see at Footnote 64, you cite	
10	know it won't. And the evidence is in his own		10	the Pandora 10-Q?	
11	testimony, or at least cited in his own testimony.		11	A. That's correct.	
12	MR. RICH: Your Honor, a couple of		12	Q. Did you review that 10-Q?	
13	points.		13	A. Yes, I did.	
14	You can certainly ask the witness		14	Q. And are you aware in that 10-Q, Pandora	
15	himself what he did imply or mean to imply or not,		15	stated the percentage of revenues that it pays to	
16	I think it's a vast overstatement.		16	SoundExchange?	
17	This was a series of questions, as I		17	A. Yes.	
18	recall, from me, prompted by Mr. Handzo's opening,		18	And that's for all of its services, not	
19	suggesting and corroborated by his		19	the one that would be the not just the one that	
20	cross-examination now that the Last.fm is a single		20	would be the benchmark for SiriusXM.	
21	unitary agreement and an outlier.		21	Q. Okay. And you're aware that that	
41					
	Dr. Noll was simply commenting that		22	percentage is substantially higher than the	
22	Dr. Noll was simply commenting that	393	22	percentage is substantially higher than the	39
22	Dr. Noll was simply commenting that there were circumstances out of his control which	393			39
22	there were circumstances out of his control which	393	1	percentage is substantially higher than the percentage you're using for your calculations, correct?	39
22		393	1	percentage you're using for your calculations, correct?	39
1 2 3	there were circumstances out of his control which prevented him from looking at a larger body which conceivably conceivably, that was the adverb	393	1 2 3	percentage you're using for your calculations, correct? A. The way to deal with Pandora is you	39
1 2 3	there were circumstances out of his control which prevented him from looking at a larger body which	393	1 2 3 4	percentage you're using for your calculations, correct?	39
1 2 3 4	there were circumstances out of his control which prevented him from looking at a larger body which conceivably conceivably, that was the adverb might have made a more robust analysis. He wasn't purporting to do the analysis.	393	1 2 3 4 5	percentage you're using for your calculations, correct? A. The way to deal with Pandora is you take the per-play rate that Pandora plays and apply it to an estimate of the number of plays per	39
1 2 3 4 5 6	there were circumstances out of his control which prevented him from looking at a larger body which conceivably conceivably, that was the adverb might have made a more robust analysis. He wasn't	393	1 2 3 4 5 6	percentage you're using for your calculations, correct? A. The way to deal with Pandora is you take the per-play rate that Pandora plays and apply	39
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	396			398
1	up with a dollar royalty, and it falls within the	1	about Pandora?	
2	range of the of the rates that I state in my	2	A. Yes.	
3	report.	3	Q. And you talk about the toward the	
4	But I didn't say that in my report,	4	bottom of the page and the carryover to the next	
5	because I thought that it wasn't legitimate to say	5	page, the number of Pandora devices and the percent	
6	it. But now I've said it, because that's what I	6	of listening hours and so on?	
7	did.	7	A. Yes.	
8	Q. The reality is that, according to the	8	Q. And that's all from all of the Pandora	
9	Pandora 10-Q, they pay a very substantially higher	9	services, that is, both free to the consumer and	
10	percentage of revenue than what you're using in	10	subscription, correct?	
11	1. 3	11	A. This is yeah, this paragraph is	
12	A. Yes, they do, because they offer	12	about the fraction of the total radio audience	
13	1	13	accounted for by various things, all right? So it	
	services that are not comparable to SiriusXM is	14	includes advertiser-supported and because there	
	irrelevant. They only derive, I think it's,	15	isn't any data that's more refined than that. We	
	13 percent of their revenues from their	16	don't know how to break down the Internet	
17	*	17	services, in general, provide multiple services,	
18	So the subscription service,	18	and we don't have any way there's no way	
	advertiser-free subscription service that Pandora	19	there's no data available on how they break down.	
	offers is the one that would be the benchmark, the	20	So the audience data that are in the	
	relevant the closest benchmark to SiriusXM, and	21	published literature and that are analyzed by Wall	
22	that one is subject to a per-play rate and a	22	Street people and things like that refer to the	
	397			399
1	percentage of revenue of revenue rate.	ı		
		1	overall radio audience. They don't refer to it in	
2			overall radio audience. They don't refer to it in the way that would be relevant here, which is the	
2	So what you'd want to do is unpack all	2	the way that would be relevant here, which is the	
3	So what you'd want to do is unpack all the royalties they pay for everything and just get	2 3	the way that would be relevant here, which is the most the most relevant here, which is, what is	
3 4	So what you'd want to do is unpack all the royalties they pay for everything and just get the number they pay just for the subscription music	2 3	the way that would be relevant here, which is the	
3 4	So what you'd want to do is unpack all the royalties they pay for everything and just get	2 3 4	the way that would be relevant here, which is the most the most relevant here, which is, what is the audience for the paid services that look like	
3 4 5 6	So what you'd want to do is unpack all the royalties they pay for everything and just get the number they pay just for the subscription music service. And that would be the one you would	2 3 4 5	the way that would be relevant here, which is the most the most relevant here, which is, what is the audience for the paid services that look like SiriusXM. There's no there's no audience data available for that.	
3 4 5 6	So what you'd want to do is unpack all the royalties they pay for everything and just get the number they pay just for the subscription music service. And that would be the one you would compare to SiriusXM. And you can't get that out of	2 3 4 5 6 7	the way that would be relevant here, which is the most the most relevant here, which is, what is the audience for the paid services that look like SiriusXM. There's no there's no audience data	
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	. 400			402
١,	If we were doing a market analysis, like the kind	1	I got some more information in discovery.	
	you do as to whether Sirius and XM should be	2	Q. And the number that you used for that	
3	allowed to merge, you do a different analysis than	3		
- 1	if what you're trying to do is find the nearest	1 -	from one month for one record company, correct?	
5		5	A. That's true, except I cited others that	
6	the service that looks most like SiriusXM, because	1 -	were in other discovery documents for other	
7	we know that the nature of these market contracts	1	companies that were in the same range. The numbers	
1 6	is a function of the nature of the service.	1	I saw varied between 150 and 300, something like	
9	And, indeed, we see that with the		that, depending on the company, the month, you	
10	Last.fm and Slacker agreements, where they have		know, whatever.	
11	different royalty rates for different services.	111	Q. Now, you're aware that Dr. Pelcovitz in	
12	They have four different services with four	12		
13	different rates.	1	•	
14	Q. Let me come back to the Last.fm	14	of plays, correct?	
	•		A. I cited it. I said he has the highest	
15	agreement, then. That agreement had a greater a formula under which Last.fm paid a greater of a	15	estimate I've ever seen, and I included that and did a calculation based on it.	
- 1		1		
17	per-play rate or a percentage of revenue rate, correct?	17	Q. And you mentioned that he did his	
19	A. That's correct. I talked about this		analysis, likewise, of plays on Slacker, right?	
		19	A. Yes well, he analysis is the	
20			wrong word. He he said he thought that's what	
21	Q. And you concluded in your testimony		it was, based on some evidence that he had seen in	
	that the percentage of revenue rate would have been	22	discovery.	
	401			403
		1		
1	the higher rate, correct?	1	O. Okay. And he also did an analysis	
1 2	the higher rate, correct? A. No. Actually, some of the calculations	1	Q. Okay. And he also did an analysis based on. I believe, Live365, correct?	
2	A. No. Actually, some of the calculations	1	based on, I believe, Live365, correct?	
2	A. No. Actually, some of the calculations I did, the per-play rate came out higher. But	2 3	based on, I believe, Live365, correct? A. Well, he had some information about	
3	A. No. Actually, some of the calculations I did, the per-play rate came out higher. But they're all in the same ballpark. They're all in	2 3 4	based on, I believe, Live365, correct? A. Well, he had some information about some sites at that time that he said were in that	
2 3 4	A. No. Actually, some of the calculations I did, the per-play rate came out higher. But they're all in the same ballpark. They're all in this range of 50 cents to a dollar per month.	2 3 4	based on, I believe, Live365, correct? A. Well, he had some information about some sites at that time that he said were in that range in in the range of 500.	
2 3 4 5	A. No. Actually, some of the calculations I did, the per-play rate came out higher. But they're all in the same ballpark. They're all in this range of 50 cents to a dollar per month. And so, you know, sometimes it's the	2 3 4 5 6	based on, I believe, Live365, correct? A. Well, he had some information about some sites at that time that he said were in that range in in the range of 500. One of the things that I noticed in the	
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		404		406
1	numbers, the more recent Slacker numbers, and		percentage of revenue that would control, it would	
•	they're not consistent with that.		be the per-play rate, right?	
3	Q. Well, I'm going to ask you to accept my	1 3		
4	assumption and we'll	4	percentage rate produces a lower number than the	
5	A. Okay.		Pelcovitz number right here (indicating).	
6	Q figure it out at some other time.	1 6		
7	But let's assume that. According to		here for Dr. Pelcovitz would actually go up,	
	your testimony, I believe at Page 78, the agreement		because the Web III rates are increasing over time,	
	between Sony and Last.fm required Last to pay the		correct?	
	higher of a percentage of revenue or the statutory	10		
	rate plus .0025, correct?	11	_	
12	A. If you say what page are you on?		without actually spending some time reading this	
13				
14	Q. It was Page 78 of your testimony. Are you with me?	13		
	Are you with me? A. Isn't this restricted?	14		
15			memorized by year, and I don't have the precise	
16	Q. I believe actually that part we did not		calculation I did here memorized. I'd have to look	
	restrict	1	at it.	
18	A. Okay.	18	8	
19	Q but thank you for pointing it out.	19	,	
20	A. That would be a coup if I told you it	20		
21	was restricted.	21	,	
22	MR. RICH: Yesterday, it was.	22	for that, right. It calls for the CARP plus an	
		405		407
1	THE WITNESS: Okay.		add-on.	407
1 2				407
	THE WITNESS: Okay.	1 2		407
2	THE WITNESS: Okay. Where are you on this page? BY MR. HANDZO:	1 2 3	So that's the ambiguity in this license. It refers to a rate that doesn't exist.	407
2 3 4	THE WITNESS: Okay. Where are you on this page? BY MR. HANDZO: Q. The middle of the page, roughly,	1 2 3 4	So that's the ambiguity in this	407
2 3 4	THE WITNESS: Okay. Where are you on this page? BY MR. HANDZO:	1 2 3 4	So that's the ambiguity in this license. It refers to a rate that doesn't exist. And I made an interpretation of what they must've meant.	407
2 3 4 5	THE WITNESS: Okay. Where are you on this page? BY MR. HANDZO: Q. The middle of the page, roughly, Page 78. A. Okay.	1 2 3 4 5	So that's the ambiguity in this license. It refers to a rate that doesn't exist. And I made an interpretation of what they must've meant. I I I agree there's an ambiguity	407
2 3 4 5 6	THE WITNESS: Okay. Where are you on this page? BY MR. HANDZO: Q. The middle of the page, roughly, Page 78.	1 2 3 4 5 6	So that's the ambiguity in this license. It refers to a rate that doesn't exist. And I made an interpretation of what they must've meant. I I I agree there's an ambiguity here as I expressed it, which is the license itself	407
2 3 4 5 6 7	THE WITNESS: Okay. Where are you on this page? BY MR. HANDZO: Q. The middle of the page, roughly, Page 78. A. Okay. Q. Do you see the discussion of the Sony deal?	1 2 3 4 5 6	So that's the ambiguity in this license. It refers to a rate that doesn't exist. And I made an interpretation of what they must've meant. I I I agree there's an ambiguity here as I expressed it, which is the license itself doesn't make sense, so I interpreted it as meaning	407
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	Determination of faces and			
	408			410
1	royalty than the percentage rate, and sometimes it	1	was another section of the report that calculated	
2	comes out to a lower rate.	2	rates where you needed to know that, yes.	
3	Q. All right. But once you figure out	3	Q. Okay. And so that's what I want to	
4	what the what the royalty rate is under the	4	talk about for the moment	
5	Last.fm agreement, what you did was to divide it	5	A. Okay.	
6	into the revenue a an appropriate revenue	6	Q okay?	
7	base for SiriusXM in order to get turn it into a	7	And you you made that calculation in	
8	percentage of revenue; is that right?	8	three ways; am I right?	
9	A. That's correct. Then the next stage is	9	A. Actually, three generic categories of	
10	you have to look at that rate as a fraction of some	10	ways, because within each one, there's a couple of	
11	revenue.	11	variants. But, yes.	
12	Q. Right.	12	Q. Well, one of the ways that you decided	
13	And when you look at that rate as a	13	what the value of a music-only satellite service	
14	fraction of some revenue, you didn't look at it as	14	was was to look at the consumer subscription price	
15	a fraction of well, let me back up.	15	for an Internet service, Internet webcasting	
16	There was a step where you were trying	16	service, correct?	
17	to determine what the consumer price would be for a	17	A. That's one.	
18	satellite music only service; is that correct?	18	Q. That's one?	
19	A. That's not what's going on here	19	A. That's one generic category. How you	
20	(indicating). This is a separate this is	20	do that is then what the number you get is is	
21	this is take when you take a per-play rate,	21	what you assume about what the right things to	
22	you're going to get a monthly royalty payment.	22	compare it with are.	
	409			411
1	Then you divide that monthly royalty payment by the	1	Q. Right. And for that mode of the	
	average revenue per user, which is the total it		analysis, the number that you used was the Pandora	
	has no allocation of that revenue at all, it's just	3	subscription price, correct?	
	a percentage rate of the gross revenues.	4	A. Well, there's actually, Pandora and	
5	So if like in this one in the	5	several of its competitors that have services	
6	Pelcovitz case, if you take 93 cents and divide it		the same features that I you know, if you	
	by \$11.38, you get some number which is about 8		restrict the comparison to the services that have	
8	point something percent.		the same basic characteristics as Pandora, then	
9	And that's the royalty rate on total	9	and then you calculate what the prices are that are	
10	revenues you would get from that per-play rate.	1	paid by those, you then \$3 is the mobile price.	
1	You only have to worry about this percent about		But not only does Pandora charge it, but so do	
	how to break down the ARPU by the components of the		several others.	
1	service.	13	And Pandora is the market leader, so if	
14	You only need to worry about that if	1	you did the right way to create an average, which	
15	your starting place is a percentage rate. You	15	is weight them by the number of subscribers, it	
	don't need to worry about that if your starting	16		
17		17	is so dominant.	
18	Q. Okay. In your analysis, you did go	18	Q. Okay. You did not factor into that	
19	through and figure out what you believed to be the	19	analysis Live365, for example?	
	implied value of a satellite music only service,	20	A. No, because Live365 is a different kind	
21	•	21	of service, and there are but but, yeah, you	
22	A. Yes, I did. That's a because there	22	could if you created a weighted average by	
1		1		

1				
ŀ	412			414
1	market share, you would you would you could	1	A. Again, I don't know that it has any	
1	include 365, but the the more you include	2		
3		3	Q. Okay. Its subscription price is about	
4		4		
5	Q. The annual subscription price for	5	A. Yes.	
6	Live365 is \$5.95 per month; is that right?	6	Q. The second way you went about	
7	A. Again, it has multiple services, so,	7	determining the implicit price of a music-only	
8	yes, that's one service.	8	satellite service was to use information from	
9	Q. And that's for its noninteractive	9	Dr. Hauser's survey; is that right?	
10	webcasting system, correct?	10	A. That's correct.	
11	A. For its premium noninteractive. It has	11	Q. Let's just show you Dr. Hauser's	
12	several different prices for several different	12	survey. And I guess I'll mark it as an exhibit,	
13	services, and that's the premium noninteractive	13	although I anticipate it's going to come into	
1	subscription service.	14		
15	Q. And premium in this case meaning it's	15		
16	transmitted at a higher bit rate and there's no	16	SoundExchange Trial Exhibit Number 3.	
17	advertising?	17	(SoundExchange Trial Exhibit Number 3	
18	A. That's partly it, and I think there's	18	was marked for identification	
19	access to more stuff, but I I'm doing this	19	purposes.)	
20	from memory is not a good idea. It's whatever	20	BY MR. HANDZO:	
21	Live Live365 is hard to deal with because it has	21	Q. Dr. Noll, do you have SoundExchange	
22	an uncountable number of channels.	22	Exhibit 3 in front of you?	
	413			415
	And the difference between Pandora and	١.	A 7.1	
			A. I do.	
	Live365 is that the starting place the number of	2	Q. Do you recognize that as Dr. Hauser's	
1	starting places in Pandora is relatively small.	Ι.	report?	
5	It's comparable to SiriusXM. But the but in Live365, I don't I can't determine. It's in the	4	A. Well, it certainly looks like it.	
1	thousands of starting places.	5	Q. You've seen it before?	
1 "		6	A Throgon it before and it leader like	
7		6	A. I've seen it before, and it looks like	
7	Q. In any event, you chose not to use the	7	it.	
8	Q. In any event, you chose not to use the Live365 price in your data, correct?	7 8	it. Q. Let me ask you to turn towards the end,	
8 9	Q. In any event, you chose not to use theLive365 price in your data, correct?A. Right, because it has it's not	7 8 9	it. Q. Let me ask you to turn towards the end, to Exhibit G, just the last two or three pages from	
8 9 10	Q. In any event, you chose not to use the Live365 price in your data, correct? A. Right, because it has it's not comparable. A service that has thousands of	7 8 9 10	it. Q. Let me ask you to turn towards the end, to Exhibit G, just the last two or three pages from the end of the report.	
8 9 10 11	Q. In any event, you chose not to use the Live365 price in your data, correct? A. Right, because it has it's not comparable. A service that has thousands of channels is not comparable to one that has 135, 65	7 8 9 10	it. Q. Let me ask you to turn towards the end, to Exhibit G, just the last two or three pages from the end of the report. Are you with me?	
8 9 10 11 12	Q. In any event, you chose not to use the Live365 price in your data, correct? A. Right, because it has it's not comparable. A service that has thousands of channels is not comparable to one that has 135, 65 of which are music.	7 8 9 10 11 12	it. Q. Let me ask you to turn towards the end, to Exhibit G, just the last two or three pages from the end of the report. Are you with me? A. I'm there.	
8 9 10 11 12 13	Q. In any event, you chose not to use the Live365 price in your data, correct? A. Right, because it has it's not comparable. A service that has thousands of channels is not comparable to one that has 135, 65 of which are music. Q. You also did not use Sky.FM in your	7 8 9 10 11 12 13	it. Q. Let me ask you to turn towards the end, to Exhibit G, just the last two or three pages from the end of the report. Are you with me? A. I'm there. Q. All right. So that's the summary of	
8 9 10 11 12 13 14	Q. In any event, you chose not to use the Live365 price in your data, correct? A. Right, because it has it's not comparable. A service that has thousands of channels is not comparable to one that has 135, 65 of which are music. Q. You also did not use Sky.FM in your calculations?	7 8 9 10 11 12 13	it. Q. Let me ask you to turn towards the end, to Exhibit G, just the last two or three pages from the end of the report. Are you with me? A. I'm there. Q. All right. So that's the summary of Dr. Hauser's survey, is it not?	
8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15	Q. In any event, you chose not to use the Live365 price in your data, correct? A. Right, because it has it's not comparable. A service that has thousands of channels is not comparable to one that has 135, 65 of which are music. Q. You also did not use Sky.FM in your calculations? A. That's right. I couldn't find any data	7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15	it. Q. Let me ask you to turn towards the end, to Exhibit G, just the last two or three pages from the end of the report. Are you with me? A. I'm there. Q. All right. So that's the summary of Dr. Hauser's survey, is it not? A. Yes.	
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8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20	Q. In any event, you chose not to use the Live365 price in your data, correct? A. Right, because it has it's not comparable. A service that has thousands of channels is not comparable to one that has 135, 65 of which are music. Q. You also did not use Sky.FM in your calculations? A. That's right. I couldn't find any data about this penetration. I don't know why I don't know whether it has any customers at the prices that it lists. Q. Do you recall that Sky.FM charges about \$4 per month for an annual subscription?	7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20	it. Q. Let me ask you to turn towards the end, to Exhibit G, just the last two or three pages from the end of the report. Are you with me? A. I'm there. Q. All right. So that's the summary of Dr. Hauser's survey, is it not? A. Yes. Q. And that's the information that you used for this part of your analysis, correct? A. I believe so, although what I actually used is whatever wherever he discusses it in his text as opposed to the table.	
8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18	Q. In any event, you chose not to use the Live365 price in your data, correct? A. Right, because it has it's not comparable. A service that has thousands of channels is not comparable to one that has 135, 65 of which are music. Q. You also did not use Sky.FM in your calculations? A. That's right. I couldn't find any data about this penetration. I don't know why I don't know whether it has any customers at the prices that it lists. Q. Do you recall that Sky.FM charges about \$4 per month for an annual subscription?	7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18	it. Q. Let me ask you to turn towards the end, to Exhibit G, just the last two or three pages from the end of the report. Are you with me? A. I'm there. Q. All right. So that's the summary of Dr. Hauser's survey, is it not? A. Yes. Q. And that's the information that you used for this part of your analysis, correct? A. I believe so, although what I actually used is whatever wherever he discusses it in his	

	Determination of Nates and	~ ~		
	416			418
1	back to Page 83 of your own report, which is where	1	clear, in Dr. Hauser's survey, the way he was	
,	you start to talk about the Hauser survey.		getting to this number was he was asking people to	
3	(Whereupon, the witness reviews the		start from the subscription price they were	
4	document.)	4	actually paying, which was around \$12.60 a month,	
5	THE WITNESS: Yes.	5	right?	
6	BY MR. HANDZO:	6	A. Whatever they were currently paying.	
7	Q. Now, in your testimony, you say	7	And, of course, they had different numbers for what	
8	Hauser's main result is that consumers would be	8	they were currently paying.	
9	willing to pay 25.7 percent per month less than	9	Q. Right. And what you did was you took	
	they currently pay for a satellite radio service if	10	the lower average revenue per user number; is that	
11		11	right?	
12	A. Yes.	12	A. Well, I took what is the average	
13	Q. And if we sort of carry over, it looks	l .	revenue per user number. That is the number. So	
14	like you got that number using an applied value of	14	there's a difference between the mean in the survey	
	music on satellite radio of \$2.93?	15	and the actual average, that's all.	
16	A. Read the footnote. The footnote says,	16	JUDGE WISNIEWSKI: If I could clarify	
17	starts with 3.24 and says that it's based upon an	17	that for myself here for a second, Dr. Noll.	
	inaccurate statement of average revenue per year.	18	When you're talking about the average	
i	So I just deflated it to reflect the average	19		
	revenue per year.	20	ARPU mentioned in Footnote 75 at Page 80?	
21	Q. The starting point, if I'm right, was	21	THE WITNESS: Yes.	
22	the 3.24 that we see in in Professor Hauser's	22	JUDGE WISNIEWSKI: I guess, then, the	
	417			419
١,	Application in Eulebia C. akin king akan	١,	and the first beauty of the first fi	
	testimony in Exhibit G, this line that says overall, current levels of music?	1	question is, why doesn't that figure include	
3	A. That's correct.	1	advertising revenues and purchase price	
4		3	adjustments?	
_	Q. Okay. And you decided that that number	l '	THE WITNESS: Because what the survey	
5 6	was incorrect and you lowered it, correct? A. Well, I know what the average revenue		is about is you say to a customer, how much are you	
-	per user is, and it isn't the average payment per		paying, not how much, you know, Sirius is paying.	
7 8	user in the survey, okay?	8	And, obviously, they're not paying the advertising.	
9	So it would be a mistake to use the	-	So, you know, it should be the case	
	survey result number as opposed to the actual		that average revenue per user in the survey is actually lower than the actual truthful average	
11	truthful number as what the revenue per user is. So, I mean this is neither one of	11 12	revenue per user.	
	us are making a mistake here. He asked his people,		I didn't attempt to make that because I	
	you know, what they would be willing to pay and	14	was being conservative. But the the bottom line to it is what the consumers pay should be less than	
	what they were paying. And how much you're willing	15	what the total revenue per user is of the company.	
	to pay is a function of how much you are paying.	16	JUDGE WISNIEWSKI: Okay. And how	
	And the obviously, the sample users that he had	17	does and I understand what you mentioned with	
18	the state of the s	18	respect to why you didn't include the average	
19	So that's why you have to make this	19	the advertising revenues. But the purchase price	
20		20	adjustments? If you could explicate that a little	
21	Q. All right.	21	bit.	
22	Just so that I'm clear and we're all	22	THE WITNESS: What the by goal	
	vase so that I'm cloth and wore an		THE WITTLESS. What the by goal	

_		_		
	420			422
1	yeah. The the story is the mean of the sample	1	BY MR. HANDZO:	
		2	Q. Okay. So as I understand the	
3	question is, you've got a sample, and people are	3	difference between the number that Dr. Hauser was	
4	giving you discounts they would insist upon off of	4	using, the 12.60 or whatever the number came out to	
5	what they pay.	5	be, and the number the ARPU number that you're	
6	And then the question is, given that	6	using, your justification for using the ARPU number	
7	the sample there is sampling error in what they	7	was that the ARPU is lower because there are some	
8	pay, how do you take into account that the entire	8	number of people who have SiriusXM who aren't	
9	population has a different average payment than the	9	paying for it because they may be on a trial	
10	sample population.	10		
11	And so I just adjusted it. I assumed	11	A. Yeah, right. That's right, that's	
12	that the percentage discount would be the same, but	12	right. And there are other there are lots of	
T .	since, on average, consumers are paying less than	1	reasons why the ARPU is different. That's only	
1	the survey people did, it would cause the the	14		
1	value the discount they would require to be less	15	Q. And Dr. Hauser didn't Dr. Hauser's	
	in order to keep the service if the music were	16	survey didn't ask questions of any of those people	
1	eliminated.	ŧ	who weren't paying; he didn't survey those people?	
18	JUDGE WISNIEWSKI: Would that have	18	A. Right; that's exactly right.	
19	differed had you used a different end period? What	19	Q. So you're using Dr. Hauser's survey of	
20	I'm thinking about here is the essentially the	20	people who were paying to imply what people who	
21	surcharge that we were discussing yesterday that	21	aren't paying would value music at, even though	
22	SiriusXM had added for playing the music.	22	Dr. Hauser didn't ask that, correct?	
	421			423
1	THE WITNESS: I believe this includes	1	A. Well, the those people aren't	
2	the service charge.	2	generating any revenue, no matter what. They're	
3	JUDGE WISNIEWSKI: I know, but it	3	not generating any revenue for music, and they're	
4	apparently dropped at one point in time.	1	not generating any revenue for anything else.	
5	THE WITNESS: Yeah, it did drop it.	5	So I guess I don't understand the	
6	JUDGE WISNIEWSKI: The question is,	6	thrust of what you're after. It's the the issue	
7	would it have been different if it would have been	,	is if you're getting it for nothing, you don't need	
8	done at a different point?	•	a discount if the music disappears, because you're	
9	THE WITNESS: It probably would have		still going to pay nothing. So the royalty rate is	
10	been slightly different. But the dropping of the	10	calculated on the basis of the actual revenue in	
11	surcharge was fairly recently, and it was actually	11	the company.	
	rough as I recall, it was roughly simultaneously	12	It's not an imputed revenue for all the	
13	when the survey was done, so that would have	13	people who are on the trial period. And so I think	
14	been	14	this adjustment is appropriate, unless there were	
15	JUDGE WISNIEWSKI: Leaving aside the	15	to be a purely legal decision that somehow SiriusXM	
16	survey, that's not where you got this number,	16	should pay royalties on its during the trial	
17	though?	17	period as well.	
18	THE WITNESS: No, but the number is	18	And but since they don't, they pay	
19	is the corresponding period, and it does reflect	19	it as a percentage of their revenues, it is	
20	the dropping of the of the price, but only for a	20	appropriate to take that into account when	
21	fraction of the 2000 period covered.	21	calculating what Dr. Hauser's results mean in terms	
22	JUDGE WISNIEWSKI: Thank you.	22	of the average value of music for all customers	

	424			426
1	that are subscribing.	1	yes.	
2	Q. I guess my question is simply this:	2	Q. But that's reflected on this exhibit	
3	Dr. Hauser, we can all agree, did not ask people	3	that we're looking at now, right?	
4	who weren't actually yet paying how they valued	4	A. Yes.	
5	music, right?	5	Q. And the value of freedom from	
6	A. That's right, because the way the	6	commercials, according to Dr. Hauser, was \$2.46,	
7	survey was structured, the answer would be zero.	7	correct?	
8	Q. Right.	8	A. That's correct.	
9	But you are applying his results, in	9	Q. So isn't it true that if we wanted to	İ
10	effect, to all people who have SiriusXM, whether	10	know the value of music offered without	ļ
11	they're paying or not, right?	11	commercials, we'd have to add those two numbers?	
12	A. That's correct.	12	A. No, that's incorrect. If you if you	
13	Q. So you're	13	wanted to say what's the value of music with	
14	A. It would be what is the average price	14	commercials, you would subtract the 2.46 from the	
15	per month to all of the users of just the music	15	3.23 or 3.24	
16	channels.	16	Q. Okay.	
17	Q. In any event	17	A and that would be that would be	
18	A. That would be the average well,	18	the value of music with commercials.	
19	there are other reasons it differs.	19	Q. Just looking at Dr. Hauser's results	
20	But assume for the sake of argument	20	here	
21	that it was just that, the the average revenue	21	A. They're not additive, all right?	
22	would be 3.24 times the fraction that's actually	22	Those those survey results are not additive.	
	425			427
1		1	That was the premise of your question, and they're	427
1	paying, plus zero times the fraction that is not		That was the premise of your question, and they're not additive.	427
2	paying, plus zero times the fraction that is not paying. And that's so that you could		not additive.	427
2	paying, plus zero times the fraction that is not	2 3	not additive. Q. And when you say they are not additive,	427
3	paying, plus zero times the fraction that is not paying. And that's so that you could interpret the number that's in my report as that number.	2 3 4	not additive. Q. And when you say they are not additive, do I understand you to mean that the value of music	427
2 3 4 5	paying, plus zero times the fraction that is not paying. And that's so that you could interpret the number that's in my report as that number. Q. Okay. And just so we're clear, the	2 3 4 5	not additive. Q. And when you say they are not additive,	427
2 3 4 5 6	paying, plus zero times the fraction that is not paying. And that's so that you could interpret the number that's in my report as that number.	2 3 4 5 6	not additive. Q. And when you say they are not additive, do I understand you to mean that the value of music number is influenced by the presence or absence of commercials, and the freedom from commercial number	427
2 3 4 5 6 7	paying, plus zero times the fraction that is not paying. And that's so that you could interpret the number that's in my report as that number. Q. Okay. And just so we're clear, the the zero for the people who are not paying doesn't	2 3 4 5 6 7	not additive. Q. And when you say they are not additive, do I understand you to mean that the value of music number is influenced by the presence or absence of	427
2 3 4 5 6 7 8	paying, plus zero times the fraction that is not paying. And that's so that you could interpret the number that's in my report as that number. Q. Okay. And just so we're clear, the the zero for the people who are not paying doesn't reflect what anything we know about their value	2 3 4 5 6 7	not additive. Q. And when you say they are not additive, do I understand you to mean that the value of music number is influenced by the presence or absence of commercials, and the freedom from commercial number is influenced by the fact that it's there's	427
2 3 4 5 6 7 8	paying, plus zero times the fraction that is not paying. And that's so that you could interpret the number that's in my report as that number. Q. Okay. And just so we're clear, the the zero for the people who are not paying doesn't reflect what anything we know about their value of music, it just reflects the fact that at this	2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9	not additive. Q. And when you say they are not additive, do I understand you to mean that the value of music number is influenced by the presence or absence of commercials, and the freedom from commercial number is influenced by the fact that it's there's music involved? A. The freedom from music question is	427
2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9	paying, plus zero times the fraction that is not paying. And that's so that you could interpret the number that's in my report as that number. Q. Okay. And just so we're clear, the the zero for the people who are not paying doesn't reflect what anything we know about their value of music, it just reflects the fact that at this point, they're not paying?	2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9	not additive. Q. And when you say they are not additive, do I understand you to mean that the value of music number is influenced by the presence or absence of commercials, and the freedom from commercial number is influenced by the fact that it's there's music involved? A. The freedom from music question is	427
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		1		
	428			430
1	A. I am generally familiar with it, but	1	right, they are interdependent?	
2	I'm not a survey expert. So I'm not the right	2	A. Well, yes and no. Yes, they are, in a	
3	person to ask about whether you know, the the	3	sense, interdependent, because the value of	
4	nitties and the gritties of the survey.	4	again, the value of a really, really, really pretty	
5	Q. All right. You're aware that for some	5	left fender depends on whether the rest of the car	
6	survey respondents, they would have been asked	1	is pretty.	
7	first how much would you pay if there were no	7	If that's what you mean by independent,	
8	commercials I'm sorry, if there were	8	that's true.	
9	commercials?	9	Q. So, for example, if we look at the	
10	A. That's correct	10	first three columns in Dr. Hauser's chart here,	
11	Q. Okay.	11	ubiquity of station availability, premium sound	
12	A and the numbers you get do depend on	12	quality and freedom from commercials, you would	
1	sequencing.	13	agree with me that you could not expect to get	
14	Q. Okay. And then some people would have	1		
	been asked, after that question, what would you	1	•	
	pay what would you value the service at if it	15	offered ubiquitous premium quality, dead silence,	
ł		1	without commercials?	
1	didn't have music, right?	17	A. If there were no program content on	
18	A. That's correct.	18	SiriusXM, its value would be zero. Likewise, if	
19	Q. All right. And so the people who are	19	<i>C.1.</i>	
	being asked in that sequence are are looking at	20	•	
l l	the music as though it has commercials, right?	21	satellites and no radios, that would also be	
22	A. Right. You're yeah, you're what	22	useless and valueless.	
	429			431
1	you're saying is this this is a well-known fact	1	That this is the this is the	
1	of of it's derived from a real problem in	2	fundamental problem with disaggregation, that	
	economics is when you change two things	1	the that when you go to extremes, every single	
ı	simultaneously, the allocation of the effect of	}		
	2.0	4	component of SiriusXM's system is valueless.	
1 -	that depends upon which question you ask first.	,	component of SiriusXM's system is valueless, because its value would be nonexistent without the	
6	that depends upon which question you ask first. All right?	5	because its value would be nonexistent without the	
6 7	All right?	5	because its value would be nonexistent without the presence of all the other components.	
7	All right? So if you know, to get it out of the	5 6 7	because its value would be nonexistent without the presence of all the other components. CHIEF JUDGE BARNETT: I think we're	
7 8	All right? So if you know, to get it out of the context of this case, if we were trying to	5 6 7 8	because its value would be nonexistent without the presence of all the other components. CHIEF JUDGE BARNETT: I think we're going to take our noon recess. It's a little bit	
7 8 9	All right? So if you know, to get it out of the context of this case, if we were trying to decompose all the components of an automobile as to	5 6 7 8 9	because its value would be nonexistent without the presence of all the other components. CHIEF JUDGE BARNETT: I think we're going to take our noon recess. It's a little bit early, but we will reconvene at 1:00.	
7 8 9 10	All right? So if you know, to get it out of the context of this case, if we were trying to decompose all the components of an automobile as to what do you what do you like about the styling	5 6 7 8 9	because its value would be nonexistent without the presence of all the other components. CHIEF JUDGE BARNETT: I think we're going to take our noon recess. It's a little bit early, but we will reconvene at 1:00. MR. HANDZO: Sure.	
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	432			434
	AFTERNOON SESSION	1	(Whereupon, the witness reviews the	
2	(1:03 p.m.)	2	document.)	
3	WHEREUPON,	3	THE WITNESS: Okay.	
4	ROGER G. NOLL		BY MR. HANDZO:	
		5		
)	was called for continued examination, and having been previously duly sworn, was examined and testified as	1 -	Q. You've got an amount there for OEM	
0	follows:	1	revenue share, and I see that it's shaded.	
1		7	MR. HANDZO: So I'm assuming we've	
8	CHIEF JUDGE BARNETT: Good afternoon.	8	treated it as restricted?	
9	Please be seated.	9	MR. RICH: Please.	
10	MR. HANDZO: May I proceed?	1	BY MR. HANDZO:	
11	CHIEF JUDGE BARNETT: You may.	111	Q. So I won't ask the number	
12	MR. HANDZO: Thank you.	12	A. Okay.	
13		13	Q but you see the line that I'm	
14	CROSS-EXAMINATION (RESUMED)		referring to?	
15		15	A. Yes.	
16	BY MR. HANDZO:	16	Q. All right. Can you tell me what that	
17	Q. Good afternoon, Dr. Noll.	17	category of costs is?	
18	A. Good afternoon.	18	A. Well, the as you see, the OEMs	
19	JUDGE WISNIEWSKI: Actually,	19	appear several times in this table (indicating),	
20	Mr. Handzo, if you could hold on one second.	20	and this is the the this reflects the	
21	MR. HANDZO: Sure.	21	relationship between SiriusXM and the automobile	
22	JUDGE WISNIEWSKI: It would be helpful	22	manufacturers, what they have to compensate them to	
	433			435
1	if I could see something that I'm reading.		put the radios in the cars and market the radios to	
2	(Pause.)	2	the people who buy cars.	
3	JUDGE WISNIEWSKI: Thank you.	3	Q. All right. So am I right that this	
4	BY MR. HANDZO:	1	doesn't relate to the cost of creating the	
5	Q. All right. Dr. Noll, the third way	5	receivers; this is the cost of getting the	
6	that you sort of approached trying to figure out	6	carmakers to put the receivers in the dashboards?	
7	the implicit price of a music-only satellite	7	A. Yeah, this is this is a form of	
	service was, I believe, to calculate the costs of	8	investment that you must make in order to get a	
	the inputs for a satellite service that are	9	customer.	
10	necessary for a satellite delivery.	10	Q. Okay. But I'm not sure that answered	
11	Did I summarize that?	11	my question.	
12	A. That's correct.	12	This number is not the amount of money	
13	Q. Okay. And the costs that you used for	13	it cost to build those receivers, right?	
14	that purpose are summarized in your Table 3, right?	14	A. It's not physical capital, but it is a	
15	A. That's correct.	15	capital investment. It's yeah, it's not it's	
16	Q. One of those costs you described as OEM	16	not a satellite and it's not a physical product,	
17	revenue share. And take a minute if you want to	17	but it is a payment to that is an investment in	
	find that in your testimony.	18	acquiring a customer.	
19	A. Whoops, wrong one.	19	Q. Right. So what this number reflects is	
20	Which table was it, by the way?	20	that in order to persuade carmakers to put the	
21	Q. It was Table 3.	21	receivers in a car, SiriusXM agrees to share with	
1	A. Table 3, okay.	1	them a portion of revenue, correct?	
22				
22			<u> </u>	

	Determination of Nates and	L	e11113 00-00-2012 - VOI. 11	
	436			438
1	A. Well, there's there's a share	۱,	payment and then you get a stream of revenues. And	
2	portion and then there's a payment portion, yes.		that's why, as an economic matter, it's a form of	
3	Q. Okay. Now, SiriusXM conceivably could	3	investment.	
4	get its receivers into the market other ways,	4	Q. Okay. And we can agree, can't we, that	
1	right, other than by paying carmakers to put them	5	webcasters probably also spend money to acquire	
6	in the dashboard?	6	subscribers?	
7	A. Well, historically, it didn't. They	7	A. Not like this.	
8	dealt with this wasn't the first method. The	8	Q. But they do spend money?	
١	first method was trying to retrofit to replace	9	A. Well, yes, but it's nothing like this.	
10	radios with radios that were capable of receiving	· 1	I mean, there's there's no counterpart like	
11	satellite signals.	11	this.	
12	Q. I'm sorry, Dr. Noll. I was just having	12		
			Q. What you're saying is that, in effect,	
14	a little trouble hearing you there. A. Oh, I'm sorry.	13 14	SiriusXM spends more than the webcasters? A. SiriusXM has to spend more because it	
15	A. On, 1 in sorry. The original marketing plan, the		has to overcome this cost of acquiring customers	
	original plan that they followed was retrofitting		and putting a distribution network in place.	
1	radios in cars so that you the customer would go	17	Some of this repayment to some of	
1	to some shop and buy a radio and have it installed	l		
1	that was capable of receiving satellite signals.	18	this payment to automobile manufacturers is, in fact, a kind of cost that is sort of unique to the	
20		19	-	
1	Q. Okay. You could also get these receivers into the market by just selling them at	20	fact that you have a SiriusXM Radio which has to be	
1	sort of aftermarket auto stores, right?	21	a very powerful device that is more expensive than is put into the car.	
~~	soft of aftermarket auto stores, right:	22	is put into the car.	
	437			439
١,	A. That's what I just sort of got through	,	O Nove the the costs of actually	
1	A. That's what I just sort of got through saying.	l I	Q. Now, the the costs of actually building that radio receiver, are those reflected	
3	Q. Okay. So the fact that SiriusXM has	i	in your Table 3?	
1	made a decision that it is going to pay carmakers	4	A. Yeah. They occur in these in some	
	to install existing receivers into cars, that's		of these other items (indicating), yes.	
	something that you regard as a necessary cost of a	5	Q. Which other items? Do you recall?	
7	satellite delivery service?	7	A. I can't remember sitting here what the	
8	A. Well, this is the most cost-effective	′	definitions of each of these is, but it is I	
9	way (indicating) to get customers for satellite	9	can't remember which of these ones that have OEM in	
1	radio service that the the alternative approach		it, but it's in one of those.	
	is more costly, it has a lower hit rate.	11	Q. Okay. Now, it's not uncommon for	
12	So this the reason they do it this	12	businesses to have revenue-sharing provisions with	
	way is because this is the most cost-effective way	13	their business partners, correct?	
14	to acquire subscribers.	15	A. You mean with their distributors and	
15	Q. In other words, it is a cost of		dealers?	
	acquiring subscribers, is it not?	16	Q. Sure.	
17	A. Yes. It's an investment you must make	17		
1	in order to get someone who is going to subscribe	18	A. It's not uncommon to have deals whereby they get compensated based on your revenues, yes.	
	to your service. And then you have a certain	19		
19				
20	period and certain number of years that that person is expected to continue to be a subscriber.	20 21	you, that webcasters, for example, if they're ad-supported services, usually have a	
	is expected to continue to be a substituti.	∠ I	au-supported services, usually have a	
21	So you you make this un-front	22	revenue-sharing provision with the ad networks that	ļ
22	So you you make this up-front	22	revenue-sharing provision with the ad networks that	

	. 440			442
1	provide them the ads, right?	1	A. And in and in to some degree, in	
2	A. Well, they pay commissions, yes, to	2	the hardware number as well.	
3	obtain advertising.	3	Q. But in any event, all of those payments	
4	Q. The line in Table 3 that says	4	are payments to induce	
5	Subscriber acquisition costs.	5	A. Some are to OEMs, and some are	
6	Do you see that?	6	subsidies to the hardware manufacturer.	
7	A. Yes. Hardware costs is there, it is.	7	Q. And all of them are subsidies or	
8	Q. That was my question.	8	payments intended to get the radio receiver into	
9	Do you know what's in that category	9	the car?	
10	beyond what your note says?	10	A. Yeah. This is the yeah, exactly,	
11	A. I don't know what the note says. I	11	it's to have radios installed in cars. These are	
12	don't see the note.	12	all referring to getting radios installed in cars.	
13	Q. Well, do you see there's a section of	13	Well, it's that plus, once they're	
14	your table that says Notes? The same page.	14	installed in cars, trying to get consumers to	
15	A. Oh, yeah, yeah, okay.	15	subscribe. Because getting in the car isn't	
16	I'm sorry. Yes. I thought you meant	16	enough, because only 45 percent subscribe.	
17	footnotes.	17	So you have another set of costs that	
18	Yes, my recollection is that is, in	18	are associated with convincing them that the radio	
19	fact, where the the devices are, yes.	19	ought to be used for something other than just	
20	Q. Do you know what else is in that	20	listening to terrestrial radio.	
21	number, what other categories?	21	Q. And those costs include what? Do you	
22	A. I can't sitting here, I don't	22	know?	
	441			443
	remember what's in there. We went over this in	1	A. Marketing costs to to sort of	443
1	remember what's in there. We went over this in		A. Marketing costs to to sort of direct marketing costs of SiriusXM, plus the	443
1 2	remember what's in there. We went over this in detail, but it happened so long ago I don't		direct marketing costs of SiriusXM, plus the	443
1 2	remember what's in there. We went over this in detail, but it happened so long ago I don't remember precisely what's in it.	2	direct marketing costs of SiriusXM, plus the payments they make to OEMs to engage in marketing.	443
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	444			44
1	was marked for identification	1	satellite radio, right?	
2	purposes.)	2	A. Correct.	
3	BY MR. HANDZO:	3	Q. And we've got 15 percent who are a	
4	Q. Dr. Noll, we're showing you what we've	4	little less or a lot less?	
5		5	A. That's correct.	
6	Does that appear to be the NPD survey	6	Q. But then, if we look at the people who	
7	,	7	are a lot more likely to buy music, that's	
8	A. Yes, although mine isn't colored. Mine	8	1 , 3	
9	- · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	9	A. Yeah. If we know what that means.	
10		10	Q. Right. When we look at the people who	
11	Q. Other than the color, it's what you	11	, , ,	
	relied on?		right?	
13	A. Yeah. I didn't rely on the color.	13	A. Yeah.	
14	Q. We can agree the color doesn't change	14	Q. So looking at this, you can't really	
15		ł	tell whether the respondents to this survey were	
16	A. It makes the charts easier to read.		going to buy, net, more music or less music as a	
17	Q. Well, then thank you for that lead-in.	1	result of listening to satellite radio?	
18	Let's read the chart.	18	A. The the people who did this are the	
19	Can you turn to Page 30, please?	19	ones who know what the data behind this are, and	
20	A. Yes.	ŧ	they characterize what the overall results were.	
21	Q. And, again, Page 30 is the page that you were, in particular, relying on for your	1	And the characterization of was it on balance, it means you buy more.	
	445	1		
				44
1	conclusions, correct?	1	And I since neither you nor I know	44
2	A. That's correct.		what what a lot or a little less means or,	44
	A. That's correct.Q. Okay. Now, there's a line down towards	3	what what a lot or a little less means or, you know, a lot or a little means, it would be	44
2 3 4	A. That's correct.Q. Okay. Now, there's a line down towardsthe bottom that says, Purchasing music overall.	3 4	what what a lot or a little less means or, you know, a lot or a little means, it would be inappropriate to assign any meaning to that at all.	44
2 3 4 5	A. That's correct.Q. Okay. Now, there's a line down towardsthe bottom that says, Purchasing music overall.Do you see that?	3 4 5	what what a lot or a little less means or, you know, a lot or a little means, it would be inappropriate to assign any meaning to that at all. Because it's first of all, it's	44
2 3 4 5 6	 A. That's correct. Q. Okay. Now, there's a line down towards the bottom that says, Purchasing music overall. Do you see that? A. Yes. 	3 4 5 6	what what a lot or a little less means or, you know, a lot or a little means, it would be inappropriate to assign any meaning to that at all. Because it's first of all, it's qualitative, not quantitative, and you don't know	44
2 3 4 5	 A. That's correct. Q. Okay. Now, there's a line down towards the bottom that says, Purchasing music overall. Do you see that? A. Yes. Q. And the question that was asked that 	3 4 5 6 7	what what a lot or a little less means or, you know, a lot or a little means, it would be inappropriate to assign any meaning to that at all. Because it's first of all, it's qualitative, not quantitative, and you don't know what the baseline is. And people saying a little	44
2 3 4 5 6	 A. That's correct. Q. Okay. Now, there's a line down towards the bottom that says, Purchasing music overall. Do you see that? A. Yes. Q. And the question that was asked that elicited these responses was appears up at the 	3 4 5 6 7 8	what what a lot or a little less means or, you know, a lot or a little means, it would be inappropriate to assign any meaning to that at all. Because it's first of all, it's qualitative, not quantitative, and you don't know what the baseline is. And people saying a little less or a lot less, or a little more or a lot more	44
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	448			450
1	they say, On balance, taking	1	effect, I wouldn't have said it was ambiguous.	
2	JUDGE ROBERTS: Where were you reading	2	You get some positives, some negatives	
3	that from?	3	and some no effects, and that's what I meant by	
4	THE WITNESS: The very top. The title	4	"ambiguous."	
5	of the of the figure says, Consumers report that	5	Q. Well, for example, you mention a couple	
6		6	of Universal Music surveys, right or studies?	
7	digital downloads. This is the people who did the	7	A. The Universal, yes, those were a a	
8	study and have the numbers characterizing what the	8	specific product, I believe there was the	
	results are.	9	Universal study is about some specific albums, as I	
10	BY MR. HANDZO:	10	remember.	
11	Q. Now, in the same section of your	11	Q. I don't want to make this a memory	
12	report, I believe starting at Page 22, you say that	12	test. Let me show you one of them.	
	on-demand services are substitutional, correct?	13	(SoundExchange Trial Exhibit Number 5	
14	A. Yes.	14	was marked for identification	
15	Q. And you cite a study by NPD and NARM?	15	purposes.)	
16	A. Yes.	16	BY MR. HANDZO:	
17	Q. And what you actually cite in your	17	Q. Okay. Dr. Noll, this exhibit is one of	
18	study sorry what you actually cite in your	18	the record company studies you were referring to	1
19	report is a Digital Music News article about that	19	earlier?	
20	study?	20	A. This one isn't the one about the	İ
21	A. A characterization of that study, yes.	21	individual releases. This is the one about the	ĺ
22	Q. Right. You didn't actually look at the	22	immediate effect of the introduction of Spotify in	
-		-		
	449			451
1		1	a handful of European countries	451
1	NARM survey instrument or the underlying data,	1	a handful of European countries.	451
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	45	2		45
1	Spotify.	1	released as singles only over Zynga.	
2	3	2	Zynga is the is the interactive	
3	Q. Well, Spotify is one of the on-demand	3	Web site that has FarmVille, and one of the	
4	- , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	4	components of FarmVille is something I know	
5		5		
6	1 3 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7	6		
7		7	listen to the songs before they were released.	
8		8	And, of course, that's because she has	
9	1 , 2 ,	9	, , ,	
	on Spotify now?	10	2	
11	A. On now is right, but what Coldplay did	11	So, yeah, I mean then, in Europe,	
	is refuse to release on on-demand for three months	12	she had exclusive contracts with, actually, the	
	after their latest album was released. It was	13		
14	released in October of 2011, and it wasn't on	14	, , ,	
15	,	15	•	
16		16	Q. So, in other words, one of the things	
17	So that's what I mean by it's not	17	•	
18			rights?	
19	during they're adopting a strategy sort of like	19	A. Yes. What do you is, in response to	
20	, , ,	20	the possibility of substitution there's two ways	
21	release windows. And some artists are demanding	21	you can deal with it: the first is windowing; the	
22	release windows, which is that you that the CD	22	second is you can sell you can auction an	
	45	,		
		7		45
1	and the the iTunes digital download has to have	İ	exclusive right to be simultaneous, but you get	45
1 2	and the the iTunes digital download has to have a window of time when it's exclusive.	1	exclusive right to be simultaneous, but you get	45
	a window of time when it's exclusive.	1 2	extra money to compensate you for the substitution.	4
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2	a window of time when it's exclusive. Q. And windowing, as I think you just suggested, is a common way of of selling lots of	1 2 3	extra money to compensate you for the substitution. Q. This might be my last question, Dr. Noll.	45
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	456			458
1	Mr. Rich?	1	companies involving somewhat distinct copyright	
2	MR. RICH: A few on redirect.	2	rights; is that correct?	
3	CHIEF JUDGE BARNETT: Mr. Rich, just a	3	A. Yes, there were a whole bunch of	
4	moment.	4	benchmarks proposed, all of which had the property	
5	Mr. Fakler, did you have any questions	5	they were very different from satellite radio.	
6	for this witness?	6	Q. Now, coming to the present proceeding	
7	MR. FAKLER: No, Your Honor. Thank	7	and based, again, on your awareness of the record	
8	you.	8	and of discovery materials and what's contained in	
9	CHIEF JUDGE BARNETT: Now, you may	9	your written direct testimony and that of other	
10	redirect.	10	witnesses, what is your understanding as to the	
11		11	reaction that was elicited out of SoundExchange to	
12	REDIRECT EXAMINATION	12	the prospect that there would be evidence adduced	
13		13	in this courtroom as to SiriusXM's direct licensing	
14		14	experience? What is your understanding of the	
15	Q. Just a few areas of redirect, Dr. Noll.	15	record evidence as to that?	
16		16	MR. HANDZO: I'm just going to object.	
	remaining questions from the Judges.		I don't think that's something I cross-examined on,	
18	In the prior satellite radio	18	so it seems to be beyond the scope of cross.	
19		19	MR. RICH: Your Honors, this is	
20	evidence as to the rates negotiated by this buyer,	20	completely going to the half an hour of examination	
21	, <u>,</u>	21	, e	
22	companies over the rights that are involved in this	22	direct licensing evidence and why it would be	
	457			459
1	457 proceeding?	1	rational for all of the reasons Mr. Handzo	459
1 2		1	rational for all of the reasons Mr. Handzo indicated for individual record labels to default	459
	proceeding?	2		459
2	proceeding? A. No.	2 3	indicated for individual record labels to default	459
2	proceeding? A. No. Q. So I take it there was no evidence am I correct that to your knowledge, there was no evidence reflecting the prices arising out of	2 3	indicated for individual record labels to default back to this proceeding rather than to engaging in	459
2 3 4	proceeding? A. No. Q. So I take it there was no evidence am I correct that to your knowledge, there was no evidence reflecting the prices arising out of transactions in which individual record companies	2 3 4 5	indicated for individual record labels to default back to this proceeding rather than to engaging in transactions.	459
2 3 4 5	proceeding? A. No. Q. So I take it there was no evidence am I correct that to your knowledge, there was no evidence reflecting the prices arising out of transactions in which individual record companies competed for increased play of their sound	2 3 4 5 6	indicated for individual record labels to default back to this proceeding rather than to engaging in transactions. And I'm just connecting it all up and	459
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2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21	proceeding? A. No. Q. So I take it there was no evidence am I correct that to your knowledge, there was no evidence reflecting the prices arising out of transactions in which individual record companies competed for increased play of their sound recordings on SiriusXM at that time? A. Yeah; there were no such agreements. Q. Or in the parlance of your written direct testimony, there was no evidence of transactions reflecting demand diversion between and among individual record companies, correct? A. Yes; there was no transaction reflecting that or anything else that goes into a willing buyer/willing seller transactions. There were no there were literally no willing buyer/willing seller transactions. Q. And instead, the parties reverted to	2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18	indicated for individual record labels to default back to this proceeding rather than to engaging in transactions. And I'm just connecting it all up and back to testimony and deposition testimony which in two minutes, which Mr. Handzo worked with. CHIEF JUDGE BARNETT: Questions? Overruled. Go ahead. BY MR. RICH: Q. Do you have the question in mind? A. No. Q. Let me try it again. A. I lose focus when lawyers talk. Q. What is your understanding from the record evidence CHIEF JUDGE BARNETT: We do that on purpose.	459

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		-100		702
	record evidence as to the nature of SoundExchange's		1 Have you seen this document before?	
1	reaction to the prospect that in this proceeding,		2 A. Yes, I have. I think I cited it, if	
Ι.	in this courtroom, during this hearing, evidence		3 I'm not mistaken.	
4	ž –		4 Q. And if you look down into the fourth	
5			5 paragraph, there's some bold typeface.	
6	,		6 Do you see that?	
7			7 A. Yes.	
8	Q. What is that understanding?		8 Q. And it reads, quote, We have long been	
9	A. Explicitly, they stated that they did	١.	9 preparing for this proceeding and are planning to	
10	1		0 seek a substantial increase in the statutory rate.	
11			1 In other words, we plan to seek rates well in	
1	negative effect on the rate that would come out of		2 excess of the 2012 rate of 8 percent.	
	this proceeding.		And then it goes on, As in the past, we	
14	3 4 4 3 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4		4 will present evidence of the rates reflected in	
	you reviewed that indicate out of SoundExchange's		5 currently privately negotiated licenses in the	
1	own mouth communications to members of		6 marketplace. Those rates may play a very	
ı	SoundExchange and perhaps to others in the industry	1	7 significant role in the outcome.	
18	,	1	8 Was that among the evidence you	
	fact, be used as evidence in this proceeding?		9 considered in reaching the conclusion you testified	
20			0 as to a few minutes ago?	
	private.		11 A. Yes.	
22	MR. RICH: Let me mark at this point as		Q. And if you turn to Pages 54 and 55 of	
		461		463
1	SoundExchange Trial Exhibit Number 2 a document		1 your written direct testimony for a moment.	
2	which also appears as SXM Direct Examination,		2 In the carryover paragraph beginning,	
3	Exhibit 10 to to Mr. Frear's direct testimony.		3 These statements reveal widespread recognition	
4	MR. HANDZO: I'm standing only to		4 among industry personnel that the direct licensing	
5	interrupt to say I don't think that can be	İ	5 activity of SiriusXM is likely to lead to lower	
6	SoundExchange Trial Exhibit 2.		6 rates because it leads to competition among record	
7	MR. RICH: It's been a long day.		7 companies and so forth, I take it that's also a	
_		- 1		
8	The SX and SXM is driving me crazy.		8 a well, let me not let me ask you let me	
	Thank you.		8 a well, let me not let me ask you let me 9 read the balance in the record, then let me ask you	
		- 1		
9	Thank you.	- 1	9 read the balance in the record, then let me ask you 0 a question.	
9 10	Thank you. SiriusXM Trial Exhibit 2. CHIEF JUDGE BARNETT: It would be	1	9 read the balance in the record, then let me ask you 0 a question.	
9 10 11	Thank you. SiriusXM Trial Exhibit 2. CHIEF JUDGE BARNETT: It would be	1 1 1	9 read the balance in the record, then let me ask you 0 a question. 1 Whereas many record companies,	
9 10 11 12	Thank you. SiriusXM Trial Exhibit 2. CHIEF JUDGE BARNETT: It would be Number 2 for SiriusXM.	1 1 1	9 read the balance in the record, then let me ask you 0 a question. 1 Whereas many record companies, 2 including the four majors, are unwilling to enter	
9 10 11 12 13	Thank you. SiriusXM Trial Exhibit 2. CHIEF JUDGE BARNETT: It would be Number 2 for SiriusXM. (SiriusXM Trial Exhibit Number 2 was	1 1 1 1	9 read the balance in the record, then let me ask you 0 a question. 1 Whereas many record companies, 2 including the four majors, are unwilling to enter 3 into meaningful negotiations for direct licenses, 4 these statements show that the source of this	
9 10 11 12 13 14 15	Thank you. SiriusXM Trial Exhibit 2. CHIEF JUDGE BARNETT: It would be Number 2 for SiriusXM. (SiriusXM Trial Exhibit Number 2 was marked for identification purposes.)	1 1 1 1	9 read the balance in the record, then let me ask you 0 a question. 1 Whereas many record companies, 2 including the four majors, are unwilling to enter 3 into meaningful negotiations for direct licenses, 4 these statements show that the source of this	
9 10 11 12 13 14 15	Thank you. SiriusXM Trial Exhibit 2. CHIEF JUDGE BARNETT: It would be Number 2 for SiriusXM. (SiriusXM Trial Exhibit Number 2 was marked for identification purposes.) THE WITNESS: I seem to be left out.	1 1 1 1	9 read the balance in the record, then let me ask you 0 a question. 1 Whereas many record companies, 2 including the four majors, are unwilling to enter 3 into meaningful negotiations for direct licenses, 4 these statements show that the source of this 5 reluctance is the expectation that letting	
9 10 11 12 13 14 15	Thank you. SiriusXM Trial Exhibit 2. CHIEF JUDGE BARNETT: It would be Number 2 for SiriusXM. (SiriusXM Trial Exhibit Number 2 was marked for identification purposes.) THE WITNESS: I seem to be left out. I'm the only one in the whole room who doesn't have	1 1 1 1 1 1	9 read the balance in the record, then let me ask you 0 a question. 1 Whereas many record companies, 2 including the four majors, are unwilling to enter 3 into meaningful negotiations for direct licenses, 4 these statements show that the source of this 5 reluctance is the expectation that letting 6 SoundExchange lead a collective effort to set a 7 single statutory rate for the entire industry will	
9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18	Thank you. SiriusXM Trial Exhibit 2. CHIEF JUDGE BARNETT: It would be Number 2 for SiriusXM. (SiriusXM Trial Exhibit Number 2 was marked for identification purposes.) THE WITNESS: I seem to be left out. I'm the only one in the whole room who doesn't have one.	1 1 1 1 1 1	9 read the balance in the record, then let me ask you 0 a question. 1 Whereas many record companies, 2 including the four majors, are unwilling to enter 3 into meaningful negotiations for direct licenses, 4 these statements show that the source of this 5 reluctance is the expectation that letting 6 SoundExchange lead a collective effort to set a 7 single statutory rate for the entire industry will 8 produce more royalty income for all because	
9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18	Thank you. SiriusXM Trial Exhibit 2. CHIEF JUDGE BARNETT: It would be Number 2 for SiriusXM. (SiriusXM Trial Exhibit Number 2 was marked for identification purposes.) THE WITNESS: I seem to be left out. I'm the only one in the whole room who doesn't have one. Thank you. BY MR. RICH:] 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	9 read the balance in the record, then let me ask you 0 a question. 1 Whereas many record companies, 2 including the four majors, are unwilling to enter 3 into meaningful negotiations for direct licenses, 4 these statements show that the source of this 5 reluctance is the expectation that letting 6 SoundExchange lead a collective effort to set a 7 single statutory rate for the entire industry will 8 produce more royalty income for all because 9 SoundExchange will not respond to the competitive	
9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20	Thank you. SiriusXM Trial Exhibit 2. CHIEF JUDGE BARNETT: It would be Number 2 for SiriusXM. (SiriusXM Trial Exhibit Number 2 was marked for identification purposes.) THE WITNESS: I seem to be left out. I'm the only one in the whole room who doesn't have one. Thank you.] 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	9 read the balance in the record, then let me ask you 0 a question. 1 Whereas many record companies, 2 including the four majors, are unwilling to enter 3 into meaningful negotiations for direct licenses, 4 these statements show that the source of this 5 reluctance is the expectation that letting 6 SoundExchange lead a collective effort to set a 7 single statutory rate for the entire industry will 8 produce more royalty income for all because 9 SoundExchange will not respond to the competitive 0 incentive facing each record company to compete on	
9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21	Thank you. SiriusXM Trial Exhibit 2. CHIEF JUDGE BARNETT: It would be Number 2 for SiriusXM. (SiriusXM Trial Exhibit Number 2 was marked for identification purposes.) THE WITNESS: I seem to be left out. I'm the only one in the whole room who doesn't have one. Thank you. BY MR. RICH: Q. Dr. Noll. I put before you a document	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 2 2 2 2	9 read the balance in the record, then let me ask you 0 a question. 1 Whereas many record companies, 2 including the four majors, are unwilling to enter 3 into meaningful negotiations for direct licenses, 4 these statements show that the source of this 5 reluctance is the expectation that letting 6 SoundExchange lead a collective effort to set a 7 single statutory rate for the entire industry will 8 produce more royalty income for all because 9 SoundExchange will not respond to the competitive 0 incentive facing each record company to compete on	

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1	licenses between SiriusXM and 62 record companies		1	to separate negotiations between a	
	are the most appropriate benchmark for this		2	rights holder a rights user and a	
3	proceeding.		3	record company, end quote.	
4	Does that accurately summarize that		4	"Do you see that?	
5	your conclusion as to this aspect of		5	"Answer: Uh-huh.	
6	SoundExchange's reaction, as it were, to the direct		6	"Question: What impact, in	
7	licenses, and would you care to amplify it in any		7	your view, does that have on the	
8	way?		8	negotiation of direct licenses?	
9	A. Yeah.		9	"Answer: The impact it has is	
10	So the basic point is that the		10	that, first of all, the rates	
11	expressed concern in not only this document, but		11	advocated by SoundExchange do not	
12	other documents cited in my report is precisely		12	because they are uniform across all	
13	this, that if you have a reasonably competitive		13	record companies, they eliminate the	
14	marketplace where there are willing buyers and		14	possibility of demand diversion, so	
15	willing sellers entering into transactions, and the		15	they remove the incentive for	
16	right that is being transacted is essentially the		16	competition.	
17	same as the right that's that's at stake here,		17	"That means that the choice	
18	then that is is going to be of profound		18	facing a particular label is not one	
19	importance in setting the rate. It has to be it		19	of strict competition, but it is a	
20	at least has to be taken very seriously.		20	competition overlaid by the	
21	And it's that phenomena that leads		21	uniformity of the statutory rate,	
22	led SoundExchange and other industry associations		22	which is not based on the most	
		465			467
1	to try to to convince their members that they		1	important form of competition that	
	shouldn't sign such agreements.		2	exists in the industry.	
3	Q. Do you still have your deposition		3	"Question: If the Copyright	
4	transcript in front of you? Mr. Handzo read you an		4	Royalty Judges set a uniform rate,	
ı	excerpt at Page 85, I believe, from that pardon		5	individual record labels remain free	
į.	me from Page 89 of that.		6	to negotiate a direct license with	
7	A. Okay, I'm there.		7	SiriusXM, correct?	
8	Q. I'm going to go back to the bottom		8	"Answer: That's correct.	
9	beginning at Line 18 of Page 85 to put that in its		9	"Question: Wouldn't the	
10	proper context since that was the end of a rather		10	incentive to that you've talked	
11	lengthy colloquy, and ask you if that's a more		11	about to negotiate a lower rate in	
12	complete recitation of your testimony at the time		12	order to get additional plays, still	
13	and if it's accurate.		13	exist even in the presence of a	
14	So beginning at Line 18 on Page 85:		14	unitary rate set by the Copyright	
15	"Question: Flipping over to		15	Royalty Judges?	
16	Page 30 of your testimony, Dr. Noll,		16	"Mr. Rich: Objection. I	
17	there's a line in the middle of the		17	didn't understand the question.	
18	first full paragraph which reads,		18	"Question: Okay. Leaving	
19	quote, In other circumstances.		19	aside the statutes, and let's talk	
20	SoundExchange represents all or		20	about this as a matter of economics,	
21	nearly all record companies in a rate		21	if a regulatory body sets a rate that	
22	proceeding that offers an alternative		22	applies to all sellers in the	
}					

	Determination of Rates and	<u>л</u>	eiiis 00-00-2012 - v 01. 11	
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1	industry, isn't it still the case	1	What I said is it reduces it. And in	
2	that an incentive might exist for the	2	particular, the collusive equilibrium	
3	seller for an individual seller to	3	in the regulated context I mean,	
4	undercut that rate if it can increase	4	you can't abstract from the regulated	
5	the volume of its sales by doing it?	5	context, right, because it is the	
6	"Answer: Yes, such an	6	presence of regulation that causes	
7	incentive would exist, and it differs	1 7	SoundExchange to exist. All right.	
8	among the players. Because since the	8	"In the absence of the	
9	rate is sort of an average rate,	9	regulatory process, SoundExchange	
10	instead there's going to be a	10	wouldn't exist, and anything that	
11	degree to which there's incentive to	11	looked like SoundExchange would be	
12	defect from the collusive	12	obviously just a cartel, right? So	
13	equilibrium, if you will, which	13	I'm using the word as an economist	
14	differs among companies, Number 1;	14	would use it, not as a lawyer would	
15	and, Number 2, the significance of	15	use it. But this is a firm an	
16	the defection for what the market	16	industry with a very small number of	
17	equilibrium will be is enormously	17	dominant firms and a very large	
18	different if you are a little single	18	number of tiny fringe firms. And the	
19	artist label with a .0001	19	incentive operating upon the fringe	
20	market share, compared to if you are	20	firms are very different than the	
21	Universal.	21	incentives operating upon the	
22	"If Universal defects, they	22	dominant firms, end quote."	
	469			471
1	all defect. If it a tiny label in a	1	Is that an accurate summation of your	
2	secondary genre defects, there's not	1	testimony?	1
3	likely to be any disruption of the	3	A. Yeah, that's how I tried to answer when	
4	collusive price. So what companies	4	I was being questioned and that's my view, yes.	
5	need to take into account is what is	5	Q. Now, Mr. Handzo asked you a series of	
6	the effect of my defection on the	6	questions attempting to elicit that there was some	
7	whole market equilibrium. And if you	7	kind of informational disadvantage or imbalance in	
8	are some small company, it doesn't	8	the direct license setting, on the one hand,	
9	you're not going to have any	9	between SiriusXM, its sophistication, its knowledge	
10	significant effect on the market	10	of this proceeding and the like, and a typical	
11	outcome.	11	independent label.	
12	"Question: Okay. I	12	Do you recall that colloquy with him?	
13	understand your testimony, in	13	A. I do.	}
14	essence, to be that the fact that	14	Q. Now, are you aware of any evidence	
15	there is a uniform rate set by the	15	that, in fact, indies considering SiriusXM's direct	
16	Copyright Royalty Judges essentially	16	•	
17	eliminates the incentive for	17	record industry as part of the process of	
18	individual record companies to	18	determining whether to enter into the arrangement?	
19	underprice that in an effort to	19	A. Of course. There's lots of evidence	
20	create demand diversion?	20	that they did do, in fact, that.	
21	"Answer: No. no. If it did.	21	MR. RICH: And I'm going to mark now as	
22	we wouldn't have any direct licenses.	22	our next exhibit as SiriusXM Trial Exhibit 3 a	
I		1		

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1	document produced out of the discovery files by	1	trade association, A2IM.	
2	SoundExchange.	2	(SiriusXM Trial Exhibit Number 4 was	
3	(SiriusXM Trial Exhibit Number 3 was	3	marked for identification purposes.)	
4	marked for identification purposes.)	4	MR. RICH: While I'll doing that,	
5	MR. RICH: And because this document,	5	Your Honors, I would offer in evidence SiriusXM	
6	Your Honors, is marked restricted, I'm not going to	6	Trial Exhibits 2 and 3.	
7	identify the sender except to indicate that it's an	7	CHIEF JUDGE BARNETT: Any objection?	
8	individual a representative of a record label	8	MR. HANDZO: I don't object. I do want	
9	identified at the top of this e-mail chain.	9	to correct.	
10	And it's addressed to an individual at	10	I think Mr. Rich may have misspoken. I	
11	musicreports.com, which I'll represent is MRI,	11	believe I heard him say this was produced from	
12	which Your Honors now understand to be the agent	12	SoundExchange's files. It bears a SiriusXM	
13	that was facilitating the direct license	13	Bates number.	
14	transactions.	14	MR. RICH: My apologies again. Thank	
15	BY MR. RICH:	15		
16	Q. Have you seen this e-mail before	16	Your Honors, has there been a ruling on	
17	this e-mail chain?	17	the others? I may have missed it.	
18	A. Yes, I have, yes.	18	CHIEF JUDGE BARNETT: I'm sorry. Two	
19	Q. And I'm simply going to quote one	19	and 3 are admitted.	
20	sentence from it. Down in the third line of the	20	(SiriusXM Trial Exhibit Numbers 2 and 3	
21	topmost e-mail, it says, quote, I heard this is	21	were admitted into evidence.)	
22	from this individual at this unnamed label	22		
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	quote, I heard that XM which was a mis a		BY MR. RICH:	
	misstatement for SiriusXM, I take it was making	2	Q. Do you have in front of you what we	
3	these requests.	3	have marked as SiriusXM Exhibit 4?	
4	MR. RICH: And that's a reference, if	4	A. Yes.	
5	you look down in the chain, Your Honors, to the	5	JUDGE ROBERTS: Before we move on to	
1	direct license proposal put forward.	6		
1	BY MR. RICH:	7	MR. RICH: Yes, sir.	
8	Q. Quote, I will look at the license, but	8	JUDGE ROBERTS: Professor Noll, I	
9	will also confer with A2IM and other indies, closed	9	notice that Exhibit 3, while not in the portion	
	quote.	1	that Mr. Rich read, but does mention most favored	
11	Do you know what A2IM is a reference	1	nation clause.	
12	to?	12	THE WITNESS: Yes.	
13	A. Yeah, it's the trade association of the	13	JUDGE ROBERTS: Does that refresh your	
14	independents.	1	recollection at all as to whether any of the	
15	Q. Is that typical of documents you saw of	15	agreements that you reviewed might have the clause	
16	this type indicating that one or more perspective	16	in there?	
17	licensors was going to, quote, consult with others?	17	THE WITNESS: I'm fairly certain That	
18	A. Well, yes. There are lots of documents	18	•	
19	that discuss consulting not only with A2IM, but	19	hate to testify to 80 licenses. All right?	
	with others.	20		
21	MR. RICH: Let me mark next as SiriusXM	21		
22	Trial Exhibit 4 a document authored by the same	22	from memory of all 80 is not doesn't mean there	
20 21	with others. MR. RICH: Let me mark next as SiriusXM	20 21	I do not recall ever having seen an MFN clause in any of these licenses, but testifying	

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1	aren't any; it's just that I've never seen one.	1	if you're a seller, you would be more prone,	
2	The point is these license actually		actually, to pay attention to the information	
3		3		
	year and a half, two years into the statutory	4		
	license that comes out of this proceeding, and they	5	Q. Now, Mr. Handzo asked you a series of	
	do not have the ones I have seen do not have	6	questions about the import of the fact that a label	
7	anything other than, at that point, either party	7		
8		8	100 percent of the royalties coming from SiriusXM	
9	can opt out.	1.		
	JUDGE ROBERTS: Thank you. BY MR. RICH:	10	• •	
		10		
11	Q. Have you seen the document that's been	11	Do you remember that?	
	marked as Exhibit 4 previously?	12	A. I do.	
13	A. Yes. I actually found this on my own	13	Q. I just have one question on this.	
	looking on the Internet.	14	What is your understanding let's	
15	Q. And if you look in the second	1	assume that a label is a signatory to a direct	
16	paragraph, you'll see in the I believe in the	16	license.	
17	second sentence, the statement, quote,	17	What is your understanding as to how it	
18	SoundExchange this is the the industry	18	will go about making its determination as to what	
19	organization for independent labels, correct,	19	portion of those royalties to disburse, or pass	
20	writing this?	20	along, to its artists and/or again, to a	
21	A. Yes.	21	dialogue you had with Mr. Handzo how it would	
22	Q quote, SoundExchange is an advocate	22	treat recouping advances or the like? How would	
	47	7		479
1		- 1		
	for the highest possible royalty rates for	1	that happen?	
	for the highest possible royalty rates for noninteractive digital music streaming services.	1 -	that happen? A. Based on the contracts it has with its	
2	noninteractive digital music streaming services.	2	A. Based on the contracts it has with its	
2	noninteractive digital music streaming services. Do you see that?	2 3	A. Based on the contracts it has with its artists, it it will do whatever the contracts	
2 3 4	noninteractive digital music streaming services. Do you see that? A. Yes.	2 3 4	A. Based on the contracts it has with its artists, it it will do whatever the contracts call for.	
2 3 4 5	noninteractive digital music streaming services. Do you see that? A. Yes. Q. And then down two paragraphs, Members	2 3 4 5	A. Based on the contracts it has with its artists, it it will do whatever the contracts call for. Q. It's not a matter of the whim of the	
2 3 4 5 6	noninteractive digital music streaming services. Do you see that? A. Yes. Q. And then down two paragraphs, Members have been calling to ask about the SoundExchange	2 3 4 5 6	A. Based on the contracts it has with its artists, it it will do whatever the contracts call for. Q. It's not a matter of the whim of the record company, is it?	
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2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20	noninteractive digital music streaming services. Do you see that? A. Yes. Q. And then down two paragraphs, Members have been calling to ask about the SoundExchange statutory license, so we just want to advise our members that the Copyright Royalty Board set SoundExchange rate for 2011 is 7.5 percent of revenues and, for 2012, will be 8 percent of revenues. And for years subsequent to 2012, SoundExchange will be seeking a rate increase over the 8 percent of revenues rate in the CRB rate hearing, unquote. Do you see that? A. Yes. Q. Does that suggest to you an information imbalance or disadvantage in relation to the direct licensing efforts?	2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19	A. Based on the contracts it has with its artists, it — it will do whatever the contracts call for. Q. It's not a matter of the whim of the record company, is it? A. No, no. Q. Now, Mr. Handzo also asked you a series of questions indicating what we've established, which is that no major has, to date, entered into any direct licenses; is that correct? A. That's correct. Q. Now, if you could turn briefly to Pages 40 and 41 of your direct testimony, please, written direct. Are you there? A. I'm there. Q. There's a section titled Incentives of	

	480			482
	section of the report?	1	account.	
2	A. This section is an investigation of the	2	So if you just think in a simpleminded	
3	incentives of of an individual major to defect	3	way about hot dogs arrayed on a beach, if one hot	
4	from the the unitary price charged to all and	4	dog stand in the middle of the beach cuts its	
5	sign a direct license. And it it deals with	5	price, the immediate effect is not on hot dog	
6	calculating what the pluses and minuses are and	6		
7	what would have to be true for them to want to be		And competition by the nearest neighbor spills over	
8	willing to sign such a license.		into the next neighbors, spills over into the next	
9	Q. So do you have an opinion that absent	9	neighbors, and affects the price structure across	
10	the availability of this forum and of SoundExchange	10	the entire spectrum.	
11	as an alternative vehicle for licensing rights to	11	So and in the end, the hot dog stand	
i	SiriusXM, the degree of interest one would have			
12	expected to see from one or more majors to the	12	a mile away who has no competitive overlap with the	
13		13	hot dog stand right here ends up having to cut its	
14	SoundExchange license to the pardon me to the SiriusXM license offer?	14	price because the hot dog stand right here cut its	
15		15	price. And that's the same mechanism going on.	
16	A. Yes. The basic story is that the	16	This is a product differentiated	
17	existence of a process for setting uniform rate	17	industry where there probably is very little direct	
1	basically eliminates the incentive of labels to	18	competition, say, between interactive services and	
19	sign direct licenses on their own, even though if	19	terrestrial radio, but if you change the rights	
20	they thought they could get away with it and be the	20	prices for anything in the middle, it changes them	
21	1	21	for them all. Because that's the nature of the	
22	do so.	22	competitive process is they will have an	
	481			483
1	Q. My final question relates to a couple	1	interaction effect on each other.	
i	of answers you gave relating to the impact of this	2	MR. RICH: Your Honors, I would like to	
	regulatory process on how one thinks about the	3	offer our Trial Exhibit 4 in evidence at this	
4	competitiveness and the nature of licenses reached	4	point.	
	with this overhang.	5	CHIEF JUDGE BARNETT: Mr. Fakler, any	
6	And you testified to the effect that	6	objection?	
7	all licenses, or something like that, in the	7	MR. FAKLER: No objection, Your Honor.	
8	digital domain are affected by it, correct?	8	CHIEF JUDGE BARNETT: Mr. Handzo?	
9	A. That's correct.	1 "	CIME TO CE DINGINETT, IVII. HandZU:	
		9	MR HANDZO: No objection	
10		9	MR. HANDZO: No objection. CHIEF HIDGE BARNETT: It is admitted	
10	Q. And my specific question is, what about	10	CHIEF JUDGE BARNETT: It is admitted.	
11	Q. And my specific question is, what about something like interactive services? Are they	10 11	CHIEF JUDGE BARNETT: It is admitted. (SiriusXM Trial Exhibit Number 4 was	
11 12	Q. And my specific question is, what about something like interactive services? Are they affected by the regulatory overhang and, if so,	10 11 12	CHIEF JUDGE BARNETT: It is admitted. (SiriusXM Trial Exhibit Number 4 was admitted into evidence.)	
11 12 13	Q. And my specific question is, what about something like interactive services? Are they affected by the regulatory overhang and, if so, how?	10 11 12 13	CHIEF JUDGE BARNETT: It is admitted. (SiriusXM Trial Exhibit Number 4 was admitted into evidence.) MR. RICH: Thank you.	
11 12 13 14	Q. And my specific question is, what about something like interactive services? Are they affected by the regulatory overhang and, if so, how? A. Yeah, because the premise, actually,	10 11 12 13 14	CHIEF JUDGE BARNETT: It is admitted. (SiriusXM Trial Exhibit Number 4 was admitted into evidence.) MR. RICH: Thank you. That concludes my redirect.	
11 12 13 14 15	Q. And my specific question is, what about something like interactive services? Are they affected by the regulatory overhang and, if so, how? A. Yeah, because the premise, actually, that experts on both sides undertake is that	10 11 12 13 14 15	CHIEF JUDGE BARNETT: It is admitted. (SiriusXM Trial Exhibit Number 4 was admitted into evidence.) MR. RICH: Thank you. That concludes my redirect. CHIEF JUDGE BARNETT: Thank you.	
11 12 13 14 15	Q. And my specific question is, what about something like interactive services? Are they affected by the regulatory overhang and, if so, how? A. Yeah, because the premise, actually, that experts on both sides undertake is that somehow there is this relationship in price between	10 11 12 13 14 15 16	CHIEF JUDGE BARNETT: It is admitted. (SiriusXM Trial Exhibit Number 4 was admitted into evidence.) MR. RICH: Thank you. That concludes my redirect. CHIEF JUDGE BARNETT: Thank you. Mr. Handzo, recross?	
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	484			486
1	JUDGE WISNIEWSKI: Thank you. I	1	THE WITNESS: Yes.	
2	appreciate it, Judge Barnett.	2	JUDGE WISNIEWSKI: are those data	
3	Just a few questions, Professor Noll.	3	disaggregated for music listening as opposed to	
4	I'm trying to clarify some numbers and so forth.	4	nonmusic listening?	
5	At Page 40 of your testimony, you talk	5	THE WITNESS: No, they are not.	
6	about the four major record companies accounting	6	This is just the total yes, this is	
7	for between 55 and 65 percent of all plays on	7	the total audience in cars for all radio, yeah.	
8	SiriusXM.	8	JUDGE WISNIEWSKI: On Pages 83 and 84	
9	Do you know what period we're talking	9	of your testimony, where you're referencing	
10	about there?	10	Mr. Hauser's study	
11	THE WITNESS: A couple of years ago. I	11	THE WITNESS: Yes.	
12	believe these data were for, like, 2010, 2011,	12	JUDGE WISNIEWSKI: I was a little	
13	something like that.	13	puzzled by the language you use in there.	
14	JUDGE WISNIEWSKI: So for, like, the	14	THE WITNESS: Okay.	
15	whole year?	15	JUDGE WISNIEWSKI: Isn't it true that	
16	THE WITNESS: Maybe more than a year,	16	Mr. Hauser never claims to show how much less	
17	*	17	consumers would be willing to pay for satellite	
18	day. It was an extensive period of time.	18	radio if music channels were discontinued?	
19	JUDGE WISNIEWSKI: And what about the	19	THE WITNESS: He asks what is the	
20	pre-1970 recordings? Does that include that	20	incremental he has a precise way of saying it in	
21	number is that included in that number?	21	his report, so	
22	THE WITNESS: I'm sorry. I didn't	22	JUDGE WISNIEWSKI: Didn't he actually	
	485			487
1			claim to show how much consumers would be willing	487
1 2	the pre what?	1	claim to show how much consumers would be willing to pay for music channels that would be available	487
	the pre what? JUDGE WISNIEWSKI: The pre-1970s	1 2	to pay for music channels that would be available	487
2	the pre what?	1 2		487
2 3	the pre what? JUDGE WISNIEWSKI: The pre-1970s recordings, is that included in this number?	1 2 3	to pay for music channels that would be available in conjunction with several other characteristics?	487
2 3 4 5	the pre what? JUDGE WISNIEWSKI: The pre-1970s recordings, is that included in this number? THE WITNESS: No. I think this is everything, not just the things that are big, but	1 2 3 4	to pay for music channels that would be available in conjunction with several other characteristics? THE WITNESS: I don't think he uses either characterization.	487
2 3 4 5 6	the pre what? JUDGE WISNIEWSKI: The pre-1970s recordings, is that included in this number? THE WITNESS: No. I think this is	1 2 3 4 5	to pay for music channels that would be available in conjunction with several other characteristics? THE WITNESS: I don't think he uses	487
2 3 4 5 6	the pre what? JUDGE WISNIEWSKI: The pre-1970s recordings, is that included in this number? THE WITNESS: No. I think this is everything, not just the things that are big, but I'm not sure of that. You should I got this	1 2 3 4 5 6 7	to pay for music channels that would be available in conjunction with several other characteristics? THE WITNESS: I don't think he uses either characterization. Let me let me get his report to be	487
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1					
		488			49
1	As you know, if you remember the old literature		1	into account. And I that's why I ended up with	
1	on what is the effect of deregulating surface			55 percent instead of 50, as Janusz did.	
	transportation? And if you did railroads first and		3	JUDGE WISNIEWSKI: On Page 91, the top	
4	then trucks, you would assign almost all the value			of 92, toward the end there, basically.	
1	to railroads; if you did trucks first and then		5	THE WITNESS: I'm sorry. I didn't hear	
1	railroads, you'd assign almost all the value to			you.	
1	trucks.	-	7	JUDGE WISNIEWSKI: Ninety-one and 92,	
8	It is the same phenomena that when	1		you're talking about COLA adjustments, actually.	
	when there are multiple things affecting the area		9	And I'm trying to figure out are you	
	under the demand curve, the amount you attribute to		10	saying no COLA adjustment is needed after 2012	
11			11	because the rate of revenue growth will be	
	which you do them.			sufficient to produce the same results?	
13	JUDGE WISNIEWSKI: And in the Hauser		13	THE WITNESS: What I'm saying is the	
	study, he he essentially factors out the	1		right way to think about this the reason that	
	pre-1970s music.			there's a difference between a percentage rate and	
16	Did you account for that?			a per-play rate is that the per-play rate would,	
17	THE WITNESS: No, I did not. I made no	- 1		over time, be undermined by inflation; whereas the	
18	attempt to do that.				
19	I just used the gross number, the \$3.24		19	The rate of inflation and the rate of	
	number.			price increase would just automatically lead to	
21	JUDGE WISNIEWSKI: Turning to Pages 84			more royalty payments if you use a percentage rate	
	and 85 on your comedy channel adjustment.			than if you use a per-play rate.	
		489			49
1	THE WITNESS: Yes.		1	So the logic of why you might want to	
2	JUDGE WISNIEWSKI: Could you elaborate	1	2	have a per-play rate go up at a relatively small	
3	on why you think the number of channels is a good		2	rate, which which it does over time, doesn't	
4			3		
	proxy for the number of plays?		4	carry over to the percentage rate.	
5	proxy for the number of plays? THE WITNESS: I have no idea what the				
	- · ·		4 5	carry over to the percentage rate.	
_	THE WITNESS: I have no idea what the		4 5	carry over to the percentage rate. JUDGE WISNIEWSKI: Back on the earlier	
6 7	THE WITNESS: I have no idea what the right number is.		4 5 6 7	carry over to the percentage rate. JUDGE WISNIEWSKI: Back on the earlier part of your testimony, around Pages 24 and 25, you	
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1	. 49	2		494
1	to deal with the SXM side of it. We had a]]	close substitute for Pandora, because they are	
2	discussion today about how the incentive	2	different, and I have no way of making that	
3	structure	3	adjustment. I mean I'm you know, there is no	
4	JUDGE WISNIEWSKI: I think you just	4	objective way to say, well, what should the	
5	answered my question, actually.	5	appropriate adjustment be when you move away from	
6	THE WITNESS: Yeah.	6	SDARS to the next closest competitor.	
7	JUDGE WISNIEWSKI: Thank you.	7	JUDGE WISNIEWSKI: That's kind of the	
8	THE WITNESS: Yeah. Okay.	8	question that I'm getting to and struggling with	
9	JUDGE WISNIEWSKI: Beginning about	9	here on the basis of the testimony that you	
10	Page 36 35, excuse me and I think we talked	10	provided.	
11	about this a little bit before you talked about	11	Because if, in fact, there are such	
12	the direct licenses and why they're the most	12	competitors, if we are talking about a market that	
13	appropriate benchmark. And in particular, Number 3	13	is one where it the supplier side of the	
14	there, you said, The buyer is the only provider of	14	market is product differentiated, for example, if	
15	SDARS.	15	we were talking about the brands of soda, the same	
16	THE WITNESS: That gets back to the	16	sort of thing, if we were trying to get to a market	
17	question you asked yesterday.	17	price, we wouldn't just focus on Coca-Cola and	
18	JUDGE WISNIEWSKI: And I guess what	18	Pepsi; we would, in fact, focus on all of the	
19	what that raises is if there are, in fact, other	19	prices, even in that product differentiated market,	
20	competitors to SiriusXM of the kind you have	20	to come up with a a market price.	
21	described and others are preparing to describe in	21	THE WITNESS: The issue would be	
22	this proceeding, doesn't that kind of disappear?	22	notice that's a great example, because suppose	
	49.	3		495
1	THE WITNESS: Well, in a product	1	that we have the Cola Rights Board, all right	
ı	differentiated industry and, indeed, I I'll	2	JUDGE WISNIEWSKI: I'm sorry. I didn't	
3	give you an argument why you can't have identical		hear you.	
_	S - ,			
4	comparisons identical competitors in this	4		
4 5	comparisons identical competitors in this industry in general, which is, whatever	4	THE WITNESS: the Cola Rights Board,	
	industry in general, which is, whatever	4	THE WITNESS: the Cola Rights Board, and it's supposed to determine the transactions	
5 6	industry in general, which is, whatever whichever element of it you're in, whether it's	5	THE WITNESS: the Cola Rights Board, and it's supposed to determine the transactions price between, say, generic cola manufacturers and	
5 6 7	industry in general, which is, whatever whichever element of it you're in, whether it's like SiriusXM, where you're combining platform and	4 5 6	THE WITNESS: the Cola Rights Board, and it's supposed to determine the transactions price between, say, generic cola manufacturers and large supermarket chains. But out there, we have	
5 6 7 8	industry in general, which is, whatever whichever element of it you're in, whether it's like SiriusXM, where you're combining platform and content, or whether you're just a a content	4 5 6 7	THE WITNESS: the Cola Rights Board, and it's supposed to determine the transactions price between, say, generic cola manufacturers and large supermarket chains. But out there, we have Pepsi and Cola setting market prices.	
5 6 7 8 9	industry in general, which is, whatever whichever element of it you're in, whether it's like SiriusXM, where you're combining platform and	4 5 6 7 8 9	THE WITNESS: the Cola Rights Board, and it's supposed to determine the transactions price between, say, generic cola manufacturers and large supermarket chains. But out there, we have Pepsi and Cola setting market prices. That would be too high, because we know	
5 6 7 8 9	industry in general, which is, whatever whichever element of it you're in, whether it's like SiriusXM, where you're combining platform and content, or whether you're just a a content provider using somebody else's platform, there's fixed costs associated with it, which means that	4 5 6 7 8 9	THE WITNESS: the Cola Rights Board, and it's supposed to determine the transactions price between, say, generic cola manufacturers and large supermarket chains. But out there, we have Pepsi and Cola setting market prices. That would be too high, because we know from observation in the real world that the generic	
5 6 7 8 9	industry in general, which is, whatever whichever element of it you're in, whether it's like SiriusXM, where you're combining platform and content, or whether you're just a a content provider using somebody else's platform, there's fixed costs associated with it, which means that equilibrium market structure has to be product	4 5 6 7 8 9 10	THE WITNESS: the Cola Rights Board, and it's supposed to determine the transactions price between, say, generic cola manufacturers and large supermarket chains. But out there, we have Pepsi and Cola setting market prices. That would be too high, because we know	
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5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15	industry in general, which is, whatever whichever element of it you're in, whether it's like SiriusXM, where you're combining platform and content, or whether you're just a a content provider using somebody else's platform, there's fixed costs associated with it, which means that equilibrium market structure has to be product differentiation; that you're never going to have a circumstance where many competitive substitutes exist that are perfect substitutes side by side,	4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14	THE WITNESS: the Cola Rights Board, and it's supposed to determine the transactions price between, say, generic cola manufacturers and large supermarket chains. But out there, we have Pepsi and Cola setting market prices. That would be too high, because we know from observation in the real world that the generic Cola manufacturers have lower prices than Pepsi and Coke. Likewise, if we use the set of generic manufacturers to set a price for Pepsi, the price would be too low for Pepsi.	
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5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18	industry in general, which is, whatever whichever element of it you're in, whether it's like SiriusXM, where you're combining platform and content, or whether you're just a a content provider using somebody else's platform, there's fixed costs associated with it, which means that equilibrium market structure has to be product differentiation; that you're never going to have a circumstance where many competitive substitutes exist that are perfect substitutes side by side, because if they did, they couldn't recover their costs. All right. So so what this means is that we can go the next step away from SiriusXM and	4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18	THE WITNESS: the Cola Rights Board, and it's supposed to determine the transactions price between, say, generic cola manufacturers and large supermarket chains. But out there, we have Pepsi and Cola setting market prices. That would be too high, because we know from observation in the real world that the generic Cola manufacturers have lower prices than Pepsi and Coke. Likewise, if we use the set of generic manufacturers to set a price for Pepsi, the price would be too low for Pepsi. So that's a good example is when you go to the grocery store and you look at all the colas, yes, it's true that Pepsi and Coke are pretty much	

	. 4	96		49
1	And so SDARS is SDARS, and then there	1	substitution effect	
2	are some nearby competitors that have different	2	THE WITNESS: No. I'm saying there is	
3	features. And, you know, let's call those the	3	an important they would if there were no	
4	generic colas. And I have to worry about how I	4	substitution effect, then, indeed, SiriusXM would	
5	adjust from the generic cola to the Cola whose	5	be a monopolist.	
6	price I'm trying to set.	6	JUDGE WISNIEWSKI: But in your	
7	And in this case, I don't know how to	7	discussion of promotion and substitution, you have	
8	do that. And that's why I'm sort of ignoring it.	8	downplayed any substitution effect.	
9	I just accept those as being substitutes, even	9	THE WITNESS: That promotion and	
10	though everybody here knows they're not; they're	10	substitution discussion is about sales of digital	
11	not perfect substitutes.	11	downloads and CDs, all right? And the issue the	
12	JUDGE WISNIEWSKI: Well, but if you	12	issue there is there's a competitive substitution	
13	if you do that, okay, then, if Sirius is the only	13	effect versus a positive informational	
14	buyer, doesn't that really mean that what you're	14	complementary effect, all right?	
15	asking us to do is to set a rate based on monopsony	15	And when we talk about CDs and digital	
16	power, because then we're reflecting the market	16	downloads, we're getting far enough away from what	
17	THE WITNESS: No, because	17	the SiriusXM product is so that the substitution	
18	JUDGE WISNIEWSKI: as you have	18	effect gets overwhelmed by the promotional effect.	
19	defined the market	19	But that wouldn't be true for the near	
20	THE WITNESS: product	20	neighbors, right, because the near neighbors,	
21	differentiation	21	the the Pandoras of the world, are are mainly	
	JUDGE WISNIEWSKI: at most	100	1 de de COMP et 1	
22	JODGE WISHIEWSKI at most	22	substitution. That's how you go about trying to	
22	JODGE WISINEWSKI at most		substitution. That's how you go about trying to	49
22	49			49
		97 1	define a market in a product differentiated	49
1 2	appropriate THE WITNESS: the market definition	07 1 2	define a market in a product differentiated industry. You start with the nearest neighbors and	49
1 2 3	appropriate THE WITNESS: the market definition is not in a product differentiated industry is	07 1 2	define a market in a product differentiated industry. You start with the nearest neighbors and you keep expanding the number of firms in the	4:
1 2 3	appropriate THE WITNESS: the market definition is not in a product differentiated industry is not that every single firm is a monopoly.	07 1 2 3	define a market in a product differentiated industry. You start with the nearest neighbors and you keep expanding the number of firms in the market until the substitution effect against the	4:
1 2 3 4	appropriate THE WITNESS: the market definition is not in a product differentiated industry is	07 1 2 3 4 5	define a market in a product differentiated industry. You start with the nearest neighbors and you keep expanding the number of firms in the market until the substitution effect against the firm you're interested in, which is SXM, is	49
1 2 3 4 5	appropriate THE WITNESS: the market definition is not in a product differentiated industry is not that every single firm is a monopoly. JUDGE WISNIEWSKI: But see, that's what	07 1 2 3 4 5	define a market in a product differentiated industry. You start with the nearest neighbors and you keep expanding the number of firms in the market until the substitution effect against the	49
1 2 3 4 5 6 7	appropriate THE WITNESS: the market definition is not in a product differentiated industry is not that every single firm is a monopoly. JUDGE WISNIEWSKI: But see, that's what you offered us here as the benchmark.	07 1 2 3 4 5 6	define a market in a product differentiated industry. You start with the nearest neighbors and you keep expanding the number of firms in the market until the substitution effect against the firm you're interested in, which is SXM, is sufficiently small that that group as a	4:
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	500			502
1	because it has too low a market share.	1	JUDGE WISNIEWSKI: Let me ask you to	
2	JUDGE WISNIEWSKI: So you're assuming	2	turn to another area, if I could, and that had to	
3	that, in fact, if the input suppliers did not sell	3		
4	their product to SiriusXM, they would be able to	4	THE WITNESS: Yes.	
5	sell it elsewhere	5	JUDGE WISNIEWSKI: And I guess the one	
6	THE WITNESS: Yes.	6		
7	JUDGE WISNIEWSKI: to make up for	7	increases its price to consumers, won't they be	
8		1	reducing the amount of created product to the	
9	THE WITNESS: Yeah. In other words,	9		
10		10	THE WITNESS: Of course. But the	
11	themselves to the exercise of monopsony power for	11	notice that if they increase their price, what	
12		12	happens to the producers of the of the creative	
13	small a share of the market, and the second reason	13		
14	is if they thought that was happening to them, they	14	final product, because you could because	
15	could just not sign the license and have their rate	15	JUDGE WISNIEWSKI: They could have a	
16	-	16	revenue increase or revenue decrease based on that	
17	So it's just not a plausible scenario.	17	instance?	
18	JUDGE WISNIEWSKI: I'm glad you're	18	THE WITNESS: Right. If the revenue	
19	helping to clarify this a bit, because the your	19	goes up, their royalties go up. So the	
20		20	availability to consumers is reduced, but both	
21	in that regard.	21	the both the content providers and the platform	
22	THE WITNESS: I'm sorry.	22	provider are better off. In other words, as long	
	501			503
1	JUDGE WISNIEWSKI: If you go through			
2	vozoz wienizweni. In jou go unough	1 1	as there's	
1 -	Pages 46 through 48 where you talk about the		as there's ILIDGE WISNIEWSKI: I grapt you that	
1 3	Pages 46 through 48 where you talk about the	2	JUDGE WISNIEWSKI: I grant you that.	
3 4	absence of monopsony power, you also talked about	2 3	JUDGE WISNIEWSKI: I grant you that. I'm simply asking you about availability to the	
4	absence of monopsony power, you also talked about something that Sirius allegedly can offer that its	2 3 4	JUDGE WISNIEWSKI: I grant you that. I'm simply asking you about availability to the public, which is the factor we have to consider.	
4 5	absence of monopsony power, you also talked about something that Sirius allegedly can offer that its terrestrial radio and Internet competitors can't	2 3 4 5	JUDGE WISNIEWSKI: I grant you that. I'm simply asking you about availability to the public, which is the factor we have to consider. THE WITNESS: The availability to the	
4 5 6	absence of monopsony power, you also talked about something that Sirius allegedly can offer that its terrestrial radio and Internet competitors can't really offer, and that's the kind of incentive to	2 3 4 5 6	JUDGE WISNIEWSKI: I grant you that. I'm simply asking you about availability to the public, which is the factor we have to consider. THE WITNESS: The availability to the public every time there is a price increase,	
4 5 6	absence of monopsony power, you also talked about something that Sirius allegedly can offer that its terrestrial radio and Internet competitors can't really offer, and that's the kind of incentive to more plays relative to other record companies.	2 3 4 5 6 7	JUDGE WISNIEWSKI: I grant you that. I'm simply asking you about availability to the public, which is the factor we have to consider. THE WITNESS: The availability to the public every time there is a price increase, whether it's at the final product line or at the	
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1	even more than than the rights at issue here in	1	to the right in this proceeding, and some further	
2	this proceeding.	2	right called X plus 1, which is an additional right	
3	How can you make that particular	1	that's granted, okay, as a result of these direct	
4	assumption? Isn't it true that in every	4	licensing agreements.	
5	negotiation, you can have situations where somebody	5	Isn't it possible that a record company	
6	is willing to trade off a lower price for one item	6		
7	in exchange for the opportunity to have the	7	that what they're getting is X plus 1 and an	
8	additional right?	8	increased quantity of use under X plus 1,	
9	THE WITNESS: Well, from the standpoint	9	therefore, their revenues go up?	
10	of Sirius, the value of these rights is not only	10	THE WITNESS: The conditions under	
11	does it cover their satellite radio service, but	11	which that's true are this is the incremental	
12	allows them the possibility in the future to	12	right is less valuable. That's not true here.	
13	compete with the customized services. That's what	13	We know from the existing licenses that	
14		14	the incremental stuff they're giving up is actually	
15	And so, right now, they're at a	15	more valuable.	
16		16	JUDGE WISNIEWSKI: How do you know	
17	all the rest, because they have no degree they	17	that?	
18	have no possibility for customization, no	18	THE WITNESS: Because of the license	
19	possibility for caching, things like that.	19	rates that they obtained from it. We know what	
20	What these licenses do is move the	20	they get from the the we know from the	
21	relationship between the directed licensees and SXM	21	relationship between	
22	towards the same relationship that the same	22	JUDGE WISNIEWSKI: More valuable to	
	505			507
1		1	whom? Let's	507
1 2	entities have with, say, Last.fm.	1 2	whom? Let's THE WITNESS: From from the label's	507
	entities have with, say, Last.fm. So in that sense, from the standpoint	l l	THE WITNESS: From from the label's	507
2	entities have with, say, Last.fm. So in that sense, from the standpoint of SiriusXM, these rights are more valuable and	2 3	THE WITNESS: From from the label's point of view, a service that offers customization	507
2	entities have with, say, Last.fm. So in that sense, from the standpoint	2 3 4	THE WITNESS: From from the label's point of view, a service that offers customization and caching a higher rate than one that doesn't, so	507
2 3 4	entities have with, say, Last.fm. So in that sense, from the standpoint of SiriusXM, these rights are more valuable and they would be willing to pay more from them.	2 3 4 5	THE WITNESS: From from the label's point of view, a service that offers customization	507
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	that they already have.	1	Cynthia Grier of their legal team as well.	
2	JUDGE WISNIEWSKI: I'm not quite	2		
3	sure I	3	MR. RICH: Thank you very much.	
4	THE WITNESS: We know what they get	4	So we call, as our next witness,	
5	from customization and we know what they get from	5		
6	caching.	6		
7	JUDGE WISNIEWSKI: Those are the only	7	JAMES E. MEYER	
8	additional rights that we're talking about?	8	called as a witness, and having been first duly	
9	THE WITNESS: There's three or four,	9	sworn, was examined and testified as follows:	
1 1	but they are all of this character. They're	10	on one of the original and the original	
1	they're not things that are fly-by-night new	111	DIRECT EXAMINATION	
	things.	12	2	
13	JUDGE WISNIEWSKI: Okay. Thank you.	13	BY MR. RICH:	
14	That's all I have.	14		
15	CHIEF JUDGE BARNETT: Counsel, any	15	A. Good afternoon.	
1	follow-up questions based on Judge Wisniewski?	16	Q. Would you please state your full name	
17	MR. RICH: None here, Your Honor.	17	for the record?	
18	MR. HANDZO: No, Your Honor.	18	A. James E. Meyer.	
19	MR. FAKLER: No.	19	Q. And by whom are you currently employed?	
20	CHIEF JUDGE BARNETT: Now may this	20	A. SiriusXM Radio.	
21	•	21	Q. What's your position there?	
22	Thank you, Dr. Noll.	22	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
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	50)		511
1			Q. For how long have you held that	511
1 2	THE WITNESS: Thank you.	1	Q. For how long have you held that position?	511
		1	position?	511
2	THE WITNESS: Thank you. CHIEF JUDGE BARNETT: This is probably	1 2	position? A. With the new company or	511
2 3	THE WITNESS: Thank you. CHIEF JUDGE BARNETT: This is probably a good time for us to take our break so the court	1 2 3	position? A. With the new company or Q. With the post merger company.	511
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2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21	THE WITNESS: Thank you. CHIEF JUDGE BARNETT: This is probably a good time for us to take our break so the court reporter can zap off her material. So we will be in recess for five minutes. (Whereupon, a brief recess was taken from 2:22 p.m. to 2:38 p.m.) CHIEF JUDGE BARNETT: Good afternoon. Please be seated. Mr. Rich, you may call your next witness. MR. RICH: Thank you. Just before, Your Honor, I've been absolutely remiss in failing to identify and acknowledge my trusty team here, and I want to just take a second to do that. My partner, Randi Singer; my partner, Miranda Schiller we're a bit scattered my associate here, Sabrina Perelman; Mr. Larson, who you met, just ducked out.	1 2 3 3 4 4 5 5 6 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20	position? A. With the new company or Q. With the post merger company. A. Since the merger, about almost four years. Q. And before that, were you with which company? A. I was with Sirius. Q. For how long and what position? A. I joined Sirius in April of 2004 as president of operations and sales, and when the companies merged, Mel Karmazin, the CEO, asked me to take the new job as president of operations and sales for the combined company. Q. In the testimony which you have submitted and which we'll put before you in a little while, you indicate that you have spent 25 years in the consumer in the consumer electronics business in various positions; is that	511

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			1 A 37 %	
1	Q. And I take it that one of those		A. Yes, it is.	
	included a position at Thompson, Inc.?		Q. And can you also verify that the	
3	A. Yes.		attached exhibits are those that you reference in	
4	Q. And you, for a time, ran what it called		4 your written testimony?	
1	its Digital Media Solutions Business Unit?	- 1	A. Yes, they are.	
6	A. Yes, you might	1	6 MR. RICH: We would like to offer	
7	Q. Can you describe	1	7 Exhibit 5 in evidence at this point.	
8	A you might know it better as RCA.		MR. DESANCTIS: I would object,	
9	Q can you describe what that unit did?		Your Honor, not to the written testimony, but to	
10	A. Sure.		the exhibits that are attached to the written	
11	RCA Consumer Electronics was a		1	
	combination of the RCA and General Electric brand,	,	2 everything or just the written testimony.	
1	which sold a wide variety of consumer electronics	13		
	products.	,	you identified yourself, too.	
15	That company also developed and sold	1.		
	digital set-top boxes, satellite radio I mean	10	3	
	satellite television boxes, cable modems, those	1	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	
1	kinds of things.		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
19	I ran the worldwide set-top box	19		
ı	business for Thompson.	20	···· , ·· , · , ·· , ·· , ·· , ·· , ·· , ·· , ·· , ·· , ·· , ·· , ·· , · ,	
21	I also ran all of RCA and	2		
	General Electric's North American consumer	22	Specifically, what is your objection to	
	5	13		515
1	electronics business.		the exhibits?	
2	Q. Thank you.	2	MR. DESANCTIS: Well, there are three	
3	MR. RICH: We're going to distribute to	3	B exhibits. The first, which is marked SiriusXM	
4	Your Honors and to the witness what is this	_ ∠	Direct Exhibit 3, is a newspaper article from	
5	marked as? as SiriusXM Trial Exhibit 5. That's	1 5	newyorktimes.com dated November 15th, 2011.	
6	identified as the written direct testimony.	- 6	The article obviously was not written	
7	(SiriusXM Trial Exhibit Number 5 was	7	by the Defendant I'm sorry was not written by	
8	marked for identification purposes.)	8	the witness. It's not it's not the witness'	
9	MR. RICH: I should complete the	وا	document. The witness cannot authenticate it. The	
10	thought.	10	witness cannot vouch for the accuracy of anything	
11	BY MR. RICH:	11	contained within it, and I cannot cross-examine its	
12	Q. Which is a copy of your written direct	12		
13	testimony and accompanying exhibits.	13	So the document is hearsay, and we	
174	MR. RICH: Thank you, Your Honor.	14	object on those grounds.	
14			CHIEF HIDGE DADNETT. Dansage to the	
ı	BY MR. RICH:	15	CHIEF JUDGE BARNETT: Response to the	
ı	BY MR. RICH: Q. Mr. Meyer, do you recognize the		6 hearsay objection?	
15 16			hearsay objection?	
15 16 17	Q. Mr. Meyer, do you recognize the	1 <i>6</i>	hearsay objection?	
15 16 17	Q. Mr. Meyer, do you recognize the document we've put in front of you as your written	1 <i>6</i>	6 hearsay objection? MR. RICH: The article, Your Honor, 8 which is referenced at Paragraph 27 and Note 3 of	
15 16 17 18	Q. Mr. Meyer, do you recognize the document we've put in front of you as your written direct testimony in this proceeding?	16 17 18	hearsay objection? MR. RICH: The article, Your Honor, which is referenced at Paragraph 27 and Note 3 of the witness' testimony, is used by Mr. Meyer to	
15 16 17 18 19 20	Q. Mr. Meyer, do you recognize the document we've put in front of you as your written direct testimony in this proceeding? A. Yes, I do.	16 17 18 19	MR. RICH: The article, Your Honor, which is referenced at Paragraph 27 and Note 3 of the witness' testimony, is used by Mr. Meyer to corroborate and to illustrate a proposition he	

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1	so-called connected car technology.	1	document is simply that; he's simply referring	
2	The New York Times is, obviously, a	2	to the Court to the fact that a document exists.	
3	reputable journal of record. As Your Honors are	3	But and if he wants to discuss it on	
4	aware, we don't strictly follow hearsay rules in	4	the stand, I think that's fine, but admitting it	
5	this tribunal. And 37 CFR 351.10(a) indicates it	5		
6	is subject to being admitted to the extent deemed	6		
7	appropriate by the Judges.	7	JUDGE WISNIEWSKI: Mr. Rich, are you	
8	It's simply it again, the witness	8	offering this for the truth of the matter?	
9	has testified in his written testimony that this is	9	CHIEF JUDGE BARNETT: I think he said	
10	consistent with and illustrative of a trend in	10	he was offering it as illustrative.	
11	technology with which he is personally familiar,	11	Didn't you say you were offering it as	
12	and it's on that basis that we've proffered it.	12		
13	MR. DESANCTIS: I would respond,	13	MR. RICH: As illustrative of the	
14	Your Honor, that this is a situation where I don't	14	testimony, yes, exactly. As as this is	
15	think it warrants special exemption from the	15	this is the witness cites it, Your Honor and	
16	general rule that hearsay not be admitted.	16	Judge Wisniewski, in Footnote 3, saying The	
17	As the as counsel testified, it is	17		
18	being presented for its truth to support the	18	true, which is, and provides an example of MOG	
19	witness' statements. If the witness makes the	19	being adopted in BMW automobiles.	
20	statements, that's fine, but I don't see why this	20	Yes, yes, the content, is, I think	
21	document needs to come in.	21	there's every reason to believe it's reliable, and	
22	JUDGE ROBERTS: Mr. DeSanctis, can you	22	this witness can attest to it from firsthand	
	517			519
1	tell us of other proceedings that we've had that		experience.	
	you're familiar with where we excluded reports or	2	JUDGE WISNIEWSKI: Are you offering it,	
	magazine articles or trade press or releases that	3	then, for our convenience so that we wouldn't have	
4	are attached as exhibits on the grounds that you're	4	to go through the records of The New York Times?	
5	alleging?	5	MR. RICH: Very much so, Your Honor.	
6	MR. DESANCTIS: Well, I think, by and	6	We can do it indirectly, as you	
7	large, experts tend to look at these kinds of	7	suggest, or we can do it, you know, for your	
8	things, and I know that they have these kinds of	8	convenience right here directly.	
	documents have come in many, many times in past	9	JUDGE WISNIEWSKI: Mr. Rich, I don't	
	proceedings in this Court through experts.	1	mean to take to you task. You just hit the magic	
11	Honestly, as I as I stand here right	1	buzzer.	
	now, I I do not recall a situation where a fact	12	Over the last six years, I have issued	
	witness proposed a a blog report being admitted	13	this correction from the Bench innumerable times,	
	or not admitted.	14	but I am still addressed as Judge Wisniewski. And,	
15	JUDGE ROBERTS: If Mr. Meyer had just	15	again, I'm not picking on you. That's true of	
	simply, in his testimony, referenced this, perhaps	16	everybody in these proceedings, witnesses,	
	in a footnote, would you have had an objection	17	attorneys and the like.	
	then?	18	MR. RICH: My apologies.	
19	MR. DESANCTIS: No, and I think that's	19	JUDGE WISNIEWSKI: The pronunciation	
	very different.	20	that I prefer is Wisniewski, and if we can stick	
21	JUDGE ROBERTS: Why?	1	with that for the rest of this proceeding, that	
		1		
77	MR DESANCTIS: Because citing a	122	would be great. If we get as far as tomorrow, that	
22	MR. DESANCTIS: Because citing a	22	would be great. If we get as far as tomorrow, that	

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1	would be even better.	1	worse in this case.	
2	MR. RICH: I came to this proceeding	2	This is a video copy of two television	
3	,	3	commercials that, again, are for which this	
4	otherwise, and I miscorrected myself.	4	witness can't vouch for its authenticity, for which	
5	Thank you.	5	this witness can't vouch for the truth of what's in	
6	JUDGE WISNIEWSKI: Thank you.	6	it.	
7	CHIEF JUDGE BARNETT: We're going to	7	We can't cross-examine we don't even	
8	take a brief recess	8	know at least with the article, we know who made	
9	MR. FAKLER: I'm sorry, Your Honor.	9	it and where we can get it. We don't even know who	
10	3 3 3 3	10	made these commercials or where these statements	
11	Not to shock anyone, I would only like	11	came from.	
12	3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3	12	And I think even more so in this case,	
	a court proceeding where there was a hearsay rule,	13	the admission of these into evidence as evidence	
14	which isn't strictly applicable in these	14	that can be cited in findings as fact is	
15		15	inappropriate for the same reasons as the last	
1	New York Times articles, frequently come in under		exhibit.	
1	the hearsay catch-all exception. New York Times	17	MR. RICH: Your Honors, these are two	
	certainly is a publication of note and record.	18	television advertisements which are referred to at	
19	And, also, in these proceedings, when	19	the beginning of Page 14 of Mr. Meyer's testimony,	
20	the when the direct testimony has been on file	20	once again, on the subject of connected car	
21	and served for many months, if there was any	21	technology.	
22	question as to the authenticity of these documents,	22	And, frankly, on the premise that	
	521			523
1	they could have been raised long ago and and,	1	often, a picture tells a thousand words, in this	
	you know so I just wanted to put those two		case, a moving picture, we were only we were	
3	points out there.	3	proposing to play one of them today all of 30	
4	CHIEF JUDGE BARNETT: Thank you.	4	seconds because it shows in visualized format the	
5	(The Judges confer.)	5	increasing integration of the technology that we're	I
6	CHIEF JUDGE BARNETT: Please be seated.	6	discussing here in the dash.	İ
7	Thank you for your patience.	7	And, again, this is a witness who lives	
8	As most of you know, we're still	8	and breathes this and interfaces with the OEMs	
9	getting to know each other, so it's always helpful	9	every day of his career. And, certainly, I don't	
10	to confer.	ı	think there's any issue as to the authenticity of	
11	The objection is overruled, and	11	what's there.	
12	Exhibit 3 to the written direct testimony of	12	Again, it's it supplements the	
13	Mr. Meyer will be included in the record as an	13	witness' testimony. I don't think anyone looking	
1	exhibit.	14	at it, other than creating a little bit of	
15	(SiriusXM Trial Exhibit Number 5 was	15	entertainment at this late hour of the day and	
16	admitted into evidence.)	16	finding that of a bit of a relief, would reasonably	
17	MR. RICH: Thank you, Your Honor.	17	find any lack of plausibility to its content.	
18	MR. DESANCTIS: My objection was	18	It is a representation the one we	j
19	actually to all of the exhibits, though I only got	19	propose to show is the Toyota version. which is	
	to address the first.	20	simply a representation of some integration into	
21	The argument on Exhibits 4 and 5 is	21	the dash of the technology today.	
22	is similar, but I think the facts are even sort of	22	Again, Mr. Meyer could sit here and	

	5%	24		52
1	describe it and verbally paint that picture. We	1	you can put something in at that time if you took	
2			umbrage with the representations that were made.	
3		3	-	
4	what it looks like. That's what they're being	4	CHIEF JUDGE BARNETT: The objection is	
5		5		
6	JUDGE ROBERTS: This is a Toyota	6	MR. RICH: Thank you.	
7	commercial of wide distribution?	7	BY MR. RICH:	
8	MR. RICH: Yes.	8	Q. Mr. Meyer, would you please describe	
9	JUDGE ROBERTS: And how did you get	9		
10		10	president of operation and sales?	
11	MR. RICH: Can I defer to one of my	11		
12		12		
13	MS. PERELMAN: We got it on YouTube.	13		
14	JUDGE ROBERTS: YouTube?	14		
15	CHIEF JUDGE BARNETT: That makes it	- 1	fundamentally our engineering for both the	
16	authentic.	1	development of our platforms for satellite radio as	
17	MR. RICH: I don't think there's any	,	well as our broadcast networks, our satellite	
18			networks and our terrestrial networks. That's one	
19	MR. DESANCTIS: If I could just respond	1	group.	
20		20	• •	
21	although that can't be tested either, but the issue	21	- F	
	is television ads are are full of puffery,	- 1	think probably the key group in there that we would	
	52	.5		52
1	they're made by marketing executives, and and we	1	be most interested in is all of the customer the	
2	simply have no basis to ask whoever made these	2	people that call on the OEM car companies report	
3	statements whether whether you know, whether	3	directly to me.	
4	this is puffery, whether the statements are	4	And then the third area is all of our	
5	actually true, whether what they're saying is	5	customer facing operations report directly to me.	
6	can be put in their dashboard, is really as good as	6	So all the people that deal with our	
7	they're saying, whether it's really as ubiquitous	7	22-and-a-half million subscribers on daily, monthly	
8	as they're saying.	8	and yearly basis report in to me as well.	
9	We all know that, unfortunately, many	9	JUDGE WISNIEWSKI: Is that your	
10	times, the truth is is somewhat different	10	euphemism for customer service?	
	from from advertisements.	11	THE WITNESS: I'm sorry, sir?	
12	CHIEF JUDGE BARNETT: I was just going	12	JUDGE WISNIEWSKI: Is that your	
13	to ask, Mr. DeSanctis, isn't the essence of	13		
14	advertising puffery, and wouldn't that go to the	14	THE WITNESS: Yes, sir.	
15	weight of it if it's admitted?	15	BY MR. RICH:	
16	MR. DESANCTIS: Well, if it could be	16	Q. How familiar are you in this capacity	
17	crossed, Your Honor, yes. The problem with this is	17	and given those responsibilities with the	
18	that I can't cross its author or its director or	18	competitive environment in which Sirius operates?	
19	its writer. And so if it goes into evidence, we're	19	A. I feel I'm very I'm very	
20		20	knowledgeable	
21	JUDGE ROBERTS: Well, you have a	21	Q. Is there anyone in the company, without	
		1	2	
22	rebuttal phase, Mr. DeSanctis, so I would assume	22	being modest, that knows more about it than you?	

		528		5
1	A. No.	1		
2	Q. Now, as the first fact witness	1	satellite footprint supplemented with ground-based	
3	11 8	3	terrestrial repeaters.	
4		4	3 - 3	
5		5		
6	A. We are in the subscription radio		the company?	
7	, , ,	7	-, -	
8		8	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	
9	1	9	, ,	
10		10	, , , , ,	
11	Today, we have at the end of the	11	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	
12	•	12	1	
13	you went back five years ago, the bulk of those	13	**	
4		14		
15	business, came through what we would call the	15	C, C , C	
6	aftermarket. And Your Honors would recognize that		the satellites sit in a permanent location and move	
17	as buying a radio at a Best Buy or a RadioShack.	17		
8	That business has dropped very, very	18	<u> </u>	
19	significantly as the carmakers have incorporated	19		
20	the technology and the hardware into the vehicles.	20		
21	And today, close to 90 percent of our new subscribers come from when they buy a new car.	21	That technology is a much more complicated technology. It's it's a technology, for	
		529		5
1	So that's kind of the the way things		instance, the Government uses in lots of its	ź
1 2	So that's kind of the the way things have shifted.			-
		1	classified kinds of operations.	
2	have shifted.	1 2 3	classified kinds of operations.	ź
3	have shifted. We obviously deliver close to 100 150 channels of entertainment, music, sports, talk,	1 2 3	classified kinds of operations. Each has their strengths and weaknesses. The issue today is that both of them	ź
3 4	have shifted. We obviously deliver close to 100 150 channels of entertainment, music, sports, talk,	1 2 3 4	classified kinds of operations. Each has their strengths and weaknesses. The issue today is that both of them now have been deployed for several years, both of	á
2 3 4 5	have shifted. We obviously deliver close to 100 150 channels of entertainment, music, sports, talk, news, special interest programming. We think we	1 2 3 4 5	classified kinds of operations. Each has their strengths and weaknesses. The issue today is that both of them now have been deployed for several years, both of	Ś
2 3 4 5 6	have shifted. We obviously deliver close to 100 150 channels of entertainment, music, sports, talk, news, special interest programming. We think we have something for everybody. And, quite frankly,	1 2 3 4 5	classified kinds of operations. Each has their strengths and weaknesses. The issue today is that both of them now have been deployed for several years, both of them have a large subscriber base, both of them	4
2 3 4 5 6 7 8	have shifted. We obviously deliver close to 100 150 channels of entertainment, music, sports, talk, news, special interest programming. We think we have something for everybody. And, quite frankly, that's what people pay us for, is the breadth of our content. Q. How do you deliver that product to the	1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8	classified kinds of operations. Each has their strengths and weaknesses. The issue today is that both of them now have been deployed for several years, both of them have a large subscriber base, both of them have deployment promises on that technology that will go on for many, many years. And so we have not been able to, nor do	4
2 3 4 5 6 7 8	have shifted. We obviously deliver close to 100 150 channels of entertainment, music, sports, talk, news, special interest programming. We think we have something for everybody. And, quite frankly, that's what people pay us for, is the breadth of our content.	1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8	classified kinds of operations. Each has their strengths and weaknesses. The issue today is that both of them now have been deployed for several years, both of them have a large subscriber base, both of them have deployment promises on that technology that will go on for many, many years.	-
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1	there?	1	If you look at the power of these new	
2	A. A whole lot. Today in the XM	2	networks that are being built and you read about	
3	constellation, there are four, of which two are	3	them all the time in the paper today. They're	
4	dying.	4	called, sometimes, fourth generation, 4G, or	
5	In the Sirius constellation, there are	5	sometimes they're called LTE; they're both the	
_ ا		1 .		
6	four, of which three are dying. One is brand-new;	6	same these are very, very powerful new wireless	
7	one more will be launched late this year; and then,	′	networks that are being put in place that are going	
8	in addition, there's one satellite that is in orbit	8	to allow a plethora of many services and many new	
9	1	9	capabilities that simply didn't exist five years	
	spare for either XM or Sirius, should there be a	10	ago.	
11	problem.	11	Included in that, by the way, is	
12	Q. When you say satellites are dying, what	12	several new competitors who compete with me in the	
13	do you mean?	13	audio and the satellite in the radio business.	
14	A. It means the satellites have limited	14	Q. When you say "included in that," who do	
15	life. We just wish we could predict what it was.	15	you have in mind?	
16	But, inevitably, they run out of fuel or they run	16	A. Pandora, MOG, Slacker, I mean	
17	out of power. When they do, they have to be	17	Spotify, those types of companies	
	replaced.	18	Q. What makes	
19	And so because that math is difficult	19	A Last.fm, iHeartRadio. It's a long	
20	to predict, you end up you end up putting	20	list.	
	replacement assets up there well before the current	21	Q. What makes them competitors and how are	
	assets expire.	1	they competitors?	
	access on pare.		they competitors.	
	533			535
1	Q. And what does it cost, roughly, from	1	A. Their business models vary, Pandora	
2	conception to launch to develop and deploy a new	2	being, perhaps, what I would call the simplest and,	
	satellite?	3	by far, the biggest. In fact, while I was waiting	
4	A. Each satellite is about \$300 million.	4	to prepare today, Pandora put out their release	
5	Q. Now, as you're aware, sir, the last		today that said as of the end of May, they have	
6	proceeding involving these parties occurred here in	,	53 million active listeners, which is an	
7	2007, and a record was developed around that time.	•	extraordinary number if you compare it to when	
8	To get into our conversation, from your	1	these proceedings were held five years ago. And my	
ŀ	perspective, what have the largest changes been to	l	guess is it was close to zero.	
	the satellite radio business over the past	10	Pandora has a free music-only service	
		ľ		
I	five years?	ŀ	that they deliver to customers. It allows you to	
רוו	A The biggest change in product in the		get a variety of stations, as well as to be able to	
12	A. The biggest change in my mind is the	1		
13	competitive landscape. The amount of competition	13	customize whatever those stations might be to your	
13 14	competitive landscape. The amount of competition that's coming, particularly based on IP technology	13 14	customize whatever those stations might be to your own listening preference.	
13 14 15	competitive landscape. The amount of competition that's coming, particularly based on IP technology or, for some us that are more simple, meaning using	13 14 15	customize whatever those stations might be to your own listening preference. They go all the way to Spotify, which	
13 14 15 16	competitive landscape. The amount of competition that's coming, particularly based on IP technology or, for some us that are more simple, meaning using your smartphone to receive services wirelessly no	13 14 15 16	customize whatever those stations might be to your own listening preference. They go all the way to Spotify, which offers a free entry-level series of stations and	
13 14 15	competitive landscape. The amount of competition that's coming, particularly based on IP technology or, for some us that are more simple, meaning using your smartphone to receive services wirelessly no matter where you are, is simply overwhelming. And	13 14 15 16 17	customize whatever those stations might be to your own listening preference. They go all the way to Spotify, which offers a free entry-level series of stations and services to for a fee to have all the music you	
13 14 15 16 17 18	competitive landscape. The amount of competition that's coming, particularly based on IP technology or, for some us that are more simple, meaning using your smartphone to receive services wirelessly no matter where you are, is simply overwhelming. And the degree that it's moving is simply overwhelming.	13 14 15 16 17 18	customize whatever those stations might be to your own listening preference. They go all the way to Spotify, which offers a free entry-level series of stations and services to for a fee to have all the music you want, basically any way you want it, for a monthly	
13 14 15 16 17 18 19	competitive landscape. The amount of competition that's coming, particularly based on IP technology or, for some us that are more simple, meaning using your smartphone to receive services wirelessly no matter where you are, is simply overwhelming. And the degree that it's moving is simply overwhelming. If you look at just how many	13 14 15 16 17 18	customize whatever those stations might be to your own listening preference. They go all the way to Spotify, which offers a free entry-level series of stations and services to for a fee to have all the music you	
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13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21	competitive landscape. The amount of competition that's coming, particularly based on IP technology or, for some us that are more simple, meaning using your smartphone to receive services wirelessly no matter where you are, is simply overwhelming. And the degree that it's moving is simply overwhelming. If you look at just how many smartphones are in Americans' hands today, even	13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21	customize whatever those stations might be to your own listening preference. They go all the way to Spotify, which offers a free entry-level series of stations and services to for a fee to have all the music you want, basically any way you want it, for a monthly fee. Q. Okay. So we've established that you've	

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1	In this world, all of the investments		1	to say, I do like classic rock, but I don't like	
	are either being made by Verizon or AT&T or			these certain artists in classic rock. I do like	Ì
3			3	'60s, but I don't like these kinds of '60 music.	
4			4	And pretty soon, it it creates a channel that's	ĺ
5			5	customized for you.	
6			6	I cannot do that with our technology.	
7	And the people that are offering		7	Q. But in your testimony, you talk about	
8			8	evolving consumer taste and appetite and demand for	
9			9	technology product and for interfaces.	
	the hardware or selling the hardware, which		10	Can you talk a little bit more about	
1	which I do.		11	that and how that relates to what you've been	
12	Q. So you have a cost disadvantage, you're		12	-	l
13			13	A. Sure.	
14	•		14	So, first of all, I believe consumers	
15	Q but now come at this from the		15	behave in a they don't just jump overnight to	
16			16	anything new. But what I do know and I've watched	ļ
17	How is this relevant to your your		17	is what they do at home. And what they do at	
1	target consumer base?			home and I would bet Your Honors are the same	1
19	_		19	way is that when you look at the way you consume	
20	have about 150 channels, and sometimes it's a		20	video today, I bet most of you have a DVR, I bet	
21			21	most of you time shift your content, and I bet most	
22	all we're going to be able to do.			of you watch it when you want to watch it, and you	
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1	Your Honors, we may be able to do 10		1	watch what you want to watch.	
2	more channels, even 15 more channels, maybe even a		2	And independent of what CBS says you	
3	tiny bit more, but we're never going to be able to		3	might want to watch on Tuesday night, you've	
4	do hundreds more.		4	decided what you want to watch on Tuesday night.	
5	Q. Is that the technology constraint?		5	And that device allows you to do it.	
6	A. Yes.		6	These devices allow you to do that with]
7	The first thing about these devices is		7	your audio radio business in the car.	
8	there's no constraint to how many channels a		8	Q. What are the price points and how do	İ
9	service can offer, none.		9	they compare to your own?	
10	The second drawback of our service is		10	A. Obviously, the the toughest one is	
11	our system was designed to broadcast one I mean		11	Pandora, which is free. Pandora does have a	ŀ
1	many one thing to many. By that, we have a very			subscription tier. Very few people subscribe to	
13	certain set of content, our channels; we broadcast		13		
14	them to very, very large audiences.		14	By the way, that tier is very, very low	{
15	These devices, because they're two-way,		15	cost. I think the last time I checked, it's 3 or	
			1.6	\$4 a month. And it varies, then, Mr. Rich, all the	
16	allow a service to begin with a one-to-many type of		16		
1	allow a service to begin with a one-to-many type of product, but then very quickly customize that			way up to there are services offered for \$10 a	
17	-		17		
17	product, but then very quickly customize that service individually to you, with Pandora being a		17	way up to there are services offered for \$10 a	
17 18	product, but then very quickly customize that service individually to you, with Pandora being a		17 18 19	way up to there are services offered for \$10 a month and \$15 a month.	
17 18 19 20	product, but then very quickly customize that service individually to you, with Pandora being a great example.		17 18 19	way up to there are services offered for \$10 a month and \$15 a month. Q. What's the rate of adoption of	
17 18 19 20 21	product, but then very quickly customize that service individually to you, with Pandora being a great example. It allows to you start out saying, hey,		17 18 19 20	way up to there are services offered for \$10 a month and \$15 a month. Q. What's the rate of adoption of technology of the type that we illustrated in this	

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that commercial is still just beginning to roll		1 one driver of it is automatic crash notification.	
out. And the one thing that you learn when you're		2 You know, automakers today are moving	
in my business is that the carmakers, despite the		down a path that basically says, I want the	
image they give people, move very slow with		4 capability in a vehicle where, if that vehicle is	
adopting new technology. But once they decide to	- 1	5 in an accident of some kind, I want it to be able	
adopt it, they stay on it and they deploy it.	1	6 to directly call out and inform the first	
They have decided and it began with		7 responders where it is, what condition it's in,	
Ford and and Ford implementing what they called		8 what speed it was going, did the airbags deploy,	
SYNC, the services SYNC I know you had to have		9 how many passenger	
seen it advertised. It was very, very heavily	1	Q. Sort of like an OnStar kind of system?	
promoted they have all decided that that's a	1	l A. Very much so.	
feature that end users of automobiles want, and not	1	What I can tell you today is, in this	
having it will result in them being at a	1	3 case, the other thing about the tethered technology	
disadvantage to selling their cars.	1	4 which is very attractive to the automaker is it	
Q. What is SYNC?	1	5 costs him virtually nothing to deploy it.	
A. SYNC is that little simple piece of	1	In the case of the embedded technology,	
software in the case of Ford that allows this	1	7 someone is going to pay for that modem to be	
device to seamlessly sync up with the dashboard	1	8 embedded in the vehicle.	
that's in your car.	1	A good example is the the end user	
Today, we're in the early stages of	2	of safety and security services today are beginning	
that technology being deployed, but what I can tell	2	I to subsidize the automaker to build those things in	
you is it's escalating very, very quickly.	2	2 their vehicles to get that service going.	
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And by, certainly, 2015-2016, I believe		What I will tell you is an unintended	
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device to the automobile, making it easy to lose	1:		
	1,	3 iPad 12-year-old and 10-year-old have their iPad	
easy to use. I'm sorry.	1 *		
Another piece of technology the	1		
	- 1	in the backseat, they're going to be able to watch	
Another piece of technology the	1	in the backseat, they're going to be able to watch movies or do whatever they want through those	
Another piece of technology the automakers are betting on heavily is called	1.	in the backseat, they're going to be able to watch movies or do whatever they want through those devices through that embedded modem and that	
Another piece of technology the automakers are betting on heavily is called "embedded." And what embedded is is taking those powerful modems that are in these devices and,	1: 1: 1:	in the backseat, they're going to be able to watch movies or do whatever they want through those devices through that embedded modem and that embedded hotspot.	
Another piece of technology the automakers are betting on heavily is called "embedded." And what embedded is is taking those	1. 1. 1.	in the backseat, they're going to be able to watch movies or do whatever they want through those devices through that embedded modem and that embedded hotspot. It's also going to allow the same	
Another piece of technology the automakers are betting on heavily is called "embedded." And what embedded is is taking those powerful modems that are in these devices and, instead, embedding them actually in the automobile, but only for those services that the automobile	1. 1. 1. 1.	in the backseat, they're going to be able to watch movies or do whatever they want through those devices through that embedded modem and that embedded hotspot. It's also going to allow the same services that you get tethered, being Pandora or	
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	Ford and and Ford implementing what they called SYNC, the services SYNC I know you had to have seen it advertised. It was very, very heavily promoted they have all decided that that's a feature that end users of automobiles want, and not having it will result in them being at a disadvantage to selling their cars. Q. What is SYNC? A. SYNC is that little simple piece of software in the case of Ford that allows this device to seamlessly sync up with the dashboard that's in your car. Today, we're in the early stages of that technology being deployed, but what I can tell you is it's escalating very, very quickly. And by, certainly, 2015-2016, I believe that anywhere between 65 and 80 percent of the new vehicles being built in this country will contain this technology. Q. Is this the end-all/be-all technology or is this Phase I of a multiphase rollout of it? A. So the new technology has another spin to it, and that is automakers refer to this, actually, as a tethered solution, meaning that the connectivity is brought into the automobile by the consumer, and this piece of software tethers this	out. And the one thing that you learn when you're in my business is that the carmakers, despite the image they give people, move very slow with adopting new technology. But once they decide to adopt it, they stay on it and they deploy it. They have decided and it began with Ford and and Ford implementing what they called SYNC, the services SYNC I know you had to have seen it advertised. It was very, very heavily promoted they have all decided that that's a feature that end users of automobiles want, and not having it will result in them being at a disadvantage to selling their cars. Q. What is SYNC? A. SYNC is that little simple piece of software in the case of Ford that allows this device to seamlessly sync up with the dashboard that's in your car. Today, we're in the early stages of that technology being deployed, but what I can tell you is it's escalating very, very quickly. 545 And by, certainly, 2015-2016, I believe that anywhere between 65 and 80 percent of the new vehicles being built in this country will contain this technology. Q. Is this the end-all/be-all technology or is this Phase I of a multiphase rollout of it? A. So the new technology has another spin to it, and that is automakers refer to this, actually, as a tethered solution, meaning that the connectivity is brought into the automobile by the consumer, and this piece of software tethers this	out. And the one thing that you learn when you're in my business is that the carmakers, despite the image they give people, move very slow with adopting new technology. But once they decide to adopt it, they stay on it and they deploy it. They have decided — and it began with Ford and — and Ford implementing what they called SYNC, the services SYNC — I know you had to have seen it advertised. It was very, very heavily promoted — they have all decided that that's a feature that end users of automobiles want, and not having it will result in them being at a disadvantage to selling their cars. Q. What is SYNC? A. SYNC is that little simple piece of software in the case of Ford that allows this device to seamlessify sync up with the dashboard that's in your car. Today, we're in the early stages of that technology being deployed, but what I can tell you is it's escalating very, very quickly. And by, certainly, 2015-2016, I believe that anywhere between 65 and 80 percent of the new vehicles being built in this country will contain this technology. Q. Is this the end-all/be-all technology or is this Phase I of a multiphase rollout of it? A. So the new technology has another spin to it, and that is automakers refer to this, actually, as a tethered solution, meaning that the connectivity is brought into the automobile by the consumer, and this piece of software tethers this

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1	the next phase of embedded means you don't have to		1	either from the controls in your car or, in a	
2	bring your smartphone into the car at all.		2	couple of years, from your voice telling it what to	
3	A. That's right.	ŀ	3	do.	
4	Embedded means the consumer really		4	By my opinion, by the '15-'16 time	
5	doesn't have to do anything except opt in for the	j	5	frame, that will be in 70, 80 percent of the new	
6	service.	- 1	6	vehicles made.	
7	Q. Now, your testimony indicates that		7	Q. And with respect to the next stage	
8	there tends to be a reasonably long lead time for		8	developed, embedded technology, what is your best	
9	automobile manufacturers to develop, incorporate		9	feedback, information and point of view about the	
10	new technology.		10	weight and timing of adoption and intensity of	
11	I think you used an average of		11	adoption of that technology?	
12	something like 155 weeks?		12	A. I believe that by, again, maybe a year	
13	A. Yes.		13	later, the '16-'17 time frame, about 50 percent of	
14	Q. How does some of what we've been		14	the automakers will also be using that technology	
15	looking at like Phase I, does that involve the		15	to satisfy their safety and security business	
16	same degree of intensive hardware installation, or		16	first concerns first.	
17	is the fact that it's mostly software driven going		17	Q. Now, you touched on, a little while	
18	to affect the cycle of adoption on this?		18	ago, certain cost differentials, advantages or	
19	A. No. Certainly in the tethered in		19	disadvantages, as it were, between those who would	
20	the tethered adoption, because it's all software,		20	deploy and compete with Sirius in the adoption of	
21	the lead time for the automaker is shorter, and he		21	these new technologies and your own.	
22	can turn his cycle faster.	İ	22	Could you expand on that a little bit,	
		$\neg \uparrow$			
		549			551
1	In the case of satellite radio or other	549	1	please?	551
1 _	In the case of satellite radio or other technologies that that are based on physical	549		please? A. Again	551
2	technologies that that are based on physical	549	2	A. Again	551
1 _	technologies that that are based on physical hardware, you're captive to the hardware cycle the	549	2	A. Again Q. How do you find yourself in what	551
2	technologies that that are based on physical	549	2 3 4	A. Again Q. How do you find yourself in what competitive posture are you finding yourself?	551
2 3 4	technologies that that are based on physical hardware, you're captive to the hardware cycle the automakers go through, which is typically about 155 weeks.	549	2 3 4 5	 A. Again Q. How do you find yourself in what competitive posture are you finding yourself? A again, we've spent billions of 	551
2 3 4 5	technologies that that are based on physical hardware, you're captive to the hardware cycle the automakers go through, which is typically about 155 weeks. Q. So, now, if you'll turn to Paragraph 30	549	2 3 4 5 6	A. Again Q. How do you find yourself in what competitive posture are you finding yourself? A again, we've spent billions of dollars to build a nationwide broadcast system that	551
2 3 4 5 6	technologies that that are based on physical hardware, you're captive to the hardware cycle the automakers go through, which is typically about 155 weeks. Q. So, now, if you'll turn to Paragraph 30 of your written direct testimony, please.	549	2 3 4 5 6 7	A. Again Q. How do you find yourself in what competitive posture are you finding yourself? A again, we've spent billions of dollars to build a nationwide broadcast system that works virtually everywhere in the country. It	551
2 3 4 5 6 7 8	technologies that that are based on physical hardware, you're captive to the hardware cycle the automakers go through, which is typically about 155 weeks. Q. So, now, if you'll turn to Paragraph 30 of your written direct testimony, please. I want to tie down some of your	549	2 3 4 5 6 7 8	A. Again Q. How do you find yourself in what competitive posture are you finding yourself? A again, we've spent billions of dollars to build a nationwide broadcast system that works virtually everywhere in the country. It works in 99.99 something percent of the country.	551
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		552			554
1	radio. It's a small circuit board and an antenna		1	reliable. It's just for some reason, consumers	
2	and a cable. Okay?			have not moved as much to the HD portion of	
3	The cost for that today for most of the			terrestrial radio as they have to being they	
4	automakers is borne by me. I subsidize it to put		4	seem to be much more enamored and much more driven	
5	it in there.		5	by new services through these devices.	
6	In the deployment of these services		6	That's not to say and I thank you	
7	through these devices, there's no subsidy to the		7	for pointing it out to me that they won't. With	
8	automaker, because the automaker's cost does not go		8	certain content or certain you know, certain	
9	up for these.		9	offerings in that content, they very well might.	
10	Q. Changing subjects slightly, at		10	It wouldn't be a deployment issue.	
11	Paragraph 40 of your testimony, you describe the		11	JUDGE ROBERTS: I'm just struck by that	
12	auto industry, in your words, as being on the,		12	and the fact that HD radio did have the head start,	
13	quote, slow mend.		13	again, since we were talking about it or your	
14	Do you recall using that terminology?		14	company was talking about it actively five years	
15	JUDGE ROBERTS: Mr. Rich, before we		15	ago.	
16	talk about the automotive industry since we've		16	But I'm wondering about, other than	
17	been talking about five years ago, Mr. Meyer, as I		17	your opinion, what you're basing your statements	
18	recall five years ago, you and I don't mean you		18	about how that the device you have on your desk	
19	specifically, but what was then Sirius Satellite		19	through your phone is, in fact, going to come out	
20	Radio offered a lot of testimony concerned about		20	as rapidly and more widely than HD radio ever did.	
21	the competitive effects of high definition radio,		21	THE WITNESS: So, Your Honor, I can	
22	HD radio.		22	only tell you what I believe, and I'll tell you	
		553			555
1	I was struck by the fact that your		1	what I believe.	
2	testimony really doesn't make mention of that at		2	I believe that satellite radio, for	
3	all as a concern for competition. So I'd like to		3	whatever reason, because of the incentives given,	
4	know what happened along those five years that that		4	whatever, was deployed much faster than HD radio.	
	is no longer a Sirius competitor.		5	However, I believe HD radio has many of	
6	THE WITNESS: Your Honor, I don't know		6	the same concerns that I have with satellite radio,	
7	if this is politically correct to say, but it's an		7	meaning that it's limited capacity and it has no	
	omission on my part.		8	two-way capability to be personalized, vis-a-vis	
9	The cost of HD radio today has dropped			the terrestrial broadcast.	
10	to a very, very low number, very, very low number.		10	At the same time, these services	
l .	And HD radio today is also being deployed by many,		11	launched and for whatever reason, Pandora today	
11	And the radio today is also being deployed by many,		11	radiionod and for whatever reason, randora today	
1	many automakers.			has been has been the one that's been adapted	
1	many automakers.			•	
12 13			12	has been has been the one that's been adapted the quickest out of that.	
12 13 14	many automakers. What I can tell you today is it doesn't		12 13	has been has been the one that's been adapted the quickest out of that. And, again, I I don't know why	
12 13 14 15	many automakers. What I can tell you today is it doesn't seem to be getting the same rate of adoption with consumers as the new services are that are deployed		12 13 14	has been has been the one that's been adapted the quickest out of that. And, again, I I don't know why customers adopted it quicker. They just did. And,	
12 13 14 15	many automakers. What I can tell you today is it doesn't seem to be getting the same rate of adoption with consumers as the new services are that are deployed through these devices (indicating).		12 13 14 15	has been has been the one that's been adapted the quickest out of that. And, again, I I don't know why customers adopted it quicker. They just did. And, you know, I don't think there's any argument when	
12 13 14 15 16 17	many automakers. What I can tell you today is it doesn't seem to be getting the same rate of adoption with consumers as the new services are that are deployed through these devices (indicating). I don't know why, but I will tell you		12 13 14 15 16	has been has been the one that's been adapted the quickest out of that. And, again, I I don't know why customers adopted it quicker. They just did. And, you know, I don't think there's any argument when Pandora reports today they have 53 million active	
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	will be. It will be in the next two or three]	mode. And there's no better evidence to me than May.	
1	years.	1	•	
3	And when it is, I don't think it's a	3	,	
4	reach to say many of those people who are listening		and everyone was talking about an annual rate of	
	to it today are going to also want to listen to it		auto sales of 14 million and giddy and happy, and	
	in the car. And, believe me, it's going to be my		they came in at 13.7.	
'	job to try to keep my customers from going to them,			
9	but that's new competition I don't have today.		B be. I have no idea what, you know, various things in the economy in Europe and everywhere else will	
	JUDGE ROBERTS: Okay. BY MR. RICH:	ł	• • •	
10		ł	do to consumers' buyers to consumers' desire to	
11	Q. Judge Roberts and the witness, if you'd		buy new cars. And so I'm still cautiously	
1	look at your Paragraph 16, please. So the record's		optimistic.	
1	clear, there is, in fact, a discussion of HD radio	13		
1	in that paragraph	14	3 · I	
15 16	A. Okay. I'm sorry.	15		
17	Q you had forgotten.		remain bullish about our future, certain key data	
l	MR. RICH: And I think, Judge Roberts,	17	<u> </u>	
18	you may just not have picked it up.	18	, e	
19	JUDGE ROBERTS: One sentence, yes.	19		
20	Quite a contrast. MR. RICH: You had indicated it was	20		
21		21	. , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	
22	completely missing, and I just want to be clear it		? please?	
	5	557		559
1	is. Point's well-taken, of course.	1		
2	BY MR. RICH:	2		
3	Q. Paragraph 40 of your testimony,	3	F 8 F	
	Mr. Meyer, you describe the auto industry as being	4	through trials, and those people fundamentally come	
	on the slow mend; is that right?	5	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	
6	A. Yes.	6	And when they buy that new car, they go	
7	Q. Well, if there has been and continues			
		7	through a process that we call "a trial." So that	
	to be apparent improvement in that industry's		you buy that car, we give you the service for a	
9	performance, why the succeeding cautionary note in	9	you buy that car, we give you the service for a period of time, some automakers, 90 days; some	
9 10	performance, why the succeeding cautionary note in your testimony?	9 10	you buy that car, we give you the service for a period of time, some automakers, 90 days; some automakers, six months; some automakers, one year.	
9 10 11	performance, why the succeeding cautionary note in your testimony? A. So I've been in in dealing with the	9 10 11	you buy that car, we give you the service for a period of time, some automakers, 90 days; some automakers, six months; some automakers, one year. And during that period, we communicate with you on	
9 10 11 12	performance, why the succeeding cautionary note in your testimony? A. So I've been in in dealing with the carmakers for a little over eight years, and I am	9 10 11 12	you buy that car, we give you the service for a period of time, some automakers, 90 days; some automakers, six months: some automakers, one year. And during that period, we communicate with you on the value of that service.	
9 10 11 12 13	performance, why the succeeding cautionary note in your testimony? A. So I've been in in dealing with the carmakers for a little over eight years, and I am not an expert on the U.S. economy.	9 10 11 12 13	you buy that car, we give you the service for a period of time, some automakers, 90 days; some automakers, six months: some automakers, one year. And during that period, we communicate with you on the value of that service. At the end of that trial period, we	
9 10 11 12 13 14	performance, why the succeeding cautionary note in your testimony? A. So I've been in in dealing with the carmakers for a little over eight years, and I am not an expert on the U.S. economy. What I can tell you is in that	9 10 11 12 13	you buy that car, we give you the service for a period of time, some automakers, 90 days; some automakers, six months; some automakers, one year. And during that period, we communicate with you on the value of that service. At the end of that trial period, we then tell you you need to pay for it. At that	
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1				
1	560			562
1	concern is it's declining, not rising.	1	about, you know, in the 15 percent range, and that	
2	The second thing that happens to our	i	is we make them angry with our service. And there,	
3	business, which is also very significant, is after		that I just wish we could do better. We're	
4	you convert, you become what's called a self-paying	1	trying to do a lot better. Trust me, we've spent a	
5	customer, and that is evident by what it means. It		lot of money to try to do better, and I think we're	
1	means you're now paying for the subscription as		doing better. But you have to ask our customers if	
7	opposed to you either got a free trial or some		they think we're doing better. But we are	
8	the automaker paid for you to have a free trial.	8	committed and working at that.	
9	Okay?	9	And then, finally, the last group just	
10	There, we lose about 2 percent of our	10	has a problem that we just either the equipment	
11	customer base a month.	11	broke or they sold their vehicle or, God forgive,	
12	When you add those two churns together,	12		
13	meaning customers who come through a trial and say	13		
14	they don't want to subscribe and customers who are	14		
15	subscribing and say they no longer want to	15	But what I will tell you is that the	
16	subscribe, we're losing, today, somewhere between	16	lion majority the majority of our customers who	
17			leave leave for one reason, and that is they don't	
18	is a number that gets my attention a lot.	1	want to pay.	
19	Q. Do you have a strategy for retaining	19	Where we've been successful in the last	
20	customers who want to bail?	20	two-and-a-half years, where we weren't doing it	
21	A. Yes.		prior to the recession hitting and I think	
22	So the one thing I can tell you as		recession has exacerbated some of that is that	
	561			563
l .				
1	you can imagine, Your Honors, we spend a lot of	1	we now go back to those customers on a regular	
	you can imagine, Your Honors, we spend a lot of time surveying those customers, talking to those		we now go back to those customers on a regular basis and say, hey, if you won't pay \$14.49, will	
2	-	2	_	
2 3	time surveying those customers, talking to those	2	basis and say, hey, if you won't pay \$14.49, will	
2 3 4	time surveying those customers, talking to those customers, putting those customers in in groups	2 3 4	basis and say, hey, if you won't pay \$14.49, will you pay \$8? Will you pay \$5 a month?	
2 3 4 5	time surveying those customers, talking to those customers, putting those customers in in groups where we can hear what they say, asking them either	2 3 4 5	basis and say, hey, if you won't pay \$14.49, will you pay \$8? Will you pay \$5 a month? And we run a variety of tests and,	
2 3 4 5	time surveying those customers, talking to those customers, putting those customers in in groups where we can hear what they say, asking them either why didn't you convert or why are you now churning	2 3 4 5 6	basis and say, hey, if you won't pay \$14.49, will you pay \$8? Will you pay \$5 a month? And we run a variety of tests and, today, we're winning back you know, a pretty	
2 3 4 5 6 7	time surveying those customers, talking to those customers, putting those customers in in groups where we can hear what they say, asking them either why didn't you convert or why are you now churning and and and not wanting our service.	2 3 4 5 6 7	basis and say, hey, if you won't pay \$14.49, will you pay \$8? Will you pay \$5 a month? And we run a variety of tests and, today, we're winning back you know, a pretty significant amount of customers are coming back,	
2 3 4 5 6 7 8	time surveying those customers, talking to those customers, putting those customers in in groups where we can hear what they say, asking them either why didn't you convert or why are you now churning and and and not wanting our service. I can tell you it almost comes down	2 3 4 5 6 7 8	basis and say, hey, if you won't pay \$14.49, will you pay \$8? Will you pay \$5 a month? And we run a variety of tests and, today, we're winning back you know, a pretty significant amount of customers are coming back, but they're very price-sensitive customers.	
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2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9	time surveying those customers, talking to those customers, putting those customers in in groups where we can hear what they say, asking them either why didn't you convert or why are you now churning and and and not wanting our service. I can tell you it almost comes down overwhelming to three things: Number 1 and this will be no surprise to anybody about two-thirds	2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9	basis and say, hey, if you won't pay \$14.49, will you pay \$8? Will you pay \$5 a month? And we run a variety of tests and, today, we're winning back you know, a pretty significant amount of customers are coming back, but they're very price-sensitive customers. They're coming back on what I call deeply discounted plans, and their duration is still	
2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10	time surveying those customers, talking to those customers, putting those customers in in groups where we can hear what they say, asking them either why didn't you convert or why are you now churning and and and not wanting our service. I can tell you it almost comes down overwhelming to three things: Number 1 and this will be no surprise to anybody about two-thirds of them leave for one simple reason, they don't	2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9	basis and say, hey, if you won't pay \$14.49, will you pay \$8? Will you pay \$5 a month? And we run a variety of tests and, today, we're winning back you know, a pretty significant amount of customers are coming back, but they're very price-sensitive customers. They're coming back on what I call deeply discounted plans, and their duration is still questionable how long they will stay when they then	
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2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18	time surveying those customers, talking to those customers, putting those customers in in groups where we can hear what they say, asking them either why didn't you convert or why are you now churning and and and not wanting our service. I can tell you it almost comes down overwhelming to three things: Number 1 and this will be no surprise to anybody about two-thirds of them leave for one simple reason, they don't want to pay. And what they say is, hey, either what I can get from terrestrial radio or what I can get from these devices free is good enough for me; why am I going to pay you? And so we haven't been able to convince them to pay. And they either come one of two ways we see them; they either say I flat out don't want	2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17	basis and say, hey, if you won't pay \$14.49, will you pay \$8? Will you pay \$5 a month? And we run a variety of tests and, today, we're winning back you know, a pretty significant amount of customers are coming back, but they're very price-sensitive customers. They're coming back on what I call deeply discounted plans, and their duration is still questionable how long they will stay when they then have to roll back to a higher price plan. Q. That phenomenon, can you give some order of magnitude to it, subject to being in a public courtroom, and also a sense in the longer term of what dangers you see that that approach to retaining customers has for the company's economic viability?	
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	564			5
1	We're getting a lot of customers to come back on	1	increase and we're living with it today.	
2	the rates.	2	Q. And finally, in a footnote to your	
3	There's a point where we can't continue	3	testimony, Footnote 17, I believe it is yes, at	
4	to do it, because there's a point where, if you	4	the end of your testimony, your refer to something	
5	find out you're paying one thing and your friend is	5	called the music royalty fee.	
6	paying something else, I don't care whether you	6	Can you identify what that is a	
7	think you know, you have no trouble affording	7	reference to?	
8	it. If you find you're being used, you all react	8	A. Yes.	
9	the same way, which is I want that rate.	9	So as Your Honors may or may not be	
0	So this isn't a sustainable thing.	10	familiar, when we were in the middle of getting our	
1	This is an area where we're trying to find in our	11	merger approved by the FCC, as part of the FCC, we	
2	business who those customers are, how do we keep	12	voluntarily agreed to not raise prices for a	
3	them in a group of where they are, and how do we	13	three-year period; however, the FCC agreed that	
4	keep that from becoming, you know, a a an		during that three-year period, we could recover the	
5	epidemic among our true, good subscriber basis.	15	costs of our music of the increase in our music	
6	Q. At Paragraph 65 of your written	16	royalties paid during that period.	
7	testimony, you cite as another challenge	17	And so just after the merger was	
8	implementation of the first ever price increase	18	approved and we became one company, we put through	
9	effective January 1, 2012.	19	a music royalty fee, which was intended to recover	
0.9	Do you see that?	20	those royalties.	
21	A. Yes.	21	Q. And if you look at the last line of	
22	Q. Could you explain your testimony there,	22	Footnote 17, you write, The presence of the MRF,	
	565			5
1	please?	1	meaning the music royalty fee, in addition to our	
2	A. Yes.		price increase will limit our ability to charge	
3	In January of 2012, we actually		customers additional fees going forward without	
4	signaled to our subscriber base that we were going	4		
5	to have our first price increase ever in October of	5	Do you see that?	
	2011. We began notifying customers in late	6	A. Yes.	
	November and December of 2011 that we were raising	7	Q. Can you explain your meaning there?	
1	our rates approximately I think it's 12 percent			
	our rates approximately I tillik it's 12 detectit	8	A. I have to read it again. I'm sorry.	
8		8 9	A. I have to read it again. I'm sorry. Could you just point it out to me	
8 9	from 12.95 to 14.49 \$12.95 a month to \$14.49 a month.	9	Could you just point it out to me	
8 9 0	from 12.95 to 14.49 \$12.95 a month to \$14.49 a month.	9 10	Could you just point it out to me again?	
8 9 0 1	from 12.95 to 14.49 \$12.95 a month to \$14.49 a month. And, by the way, again, it's important	9 10 11	Could you just point it out to me again? Q. The last sentence of the Footnote 17,	
8 9 0 1 2	from 12.95 to 14.49 \$12.95 a month to \$14.49 a month. And, by the way, again, it's important to point out, about 50 percent of our customers are	9 10 11 12	Could you just point it out to me again? Q. The last sentence of the Footnote 17, beginning with The presence of.	
8 9 0 1 2	from 12.95 to 14.49 \$12.95 a month to \$14.49 a month. And, by the way, again, it's important to point out, about 50 percent of our customers are on annual subscriptions, about 20 percent of our	9 10 11 12 13	Could you just point it out to me again? Q. The last sentence of the Footnote 17, beginning with The presence of. A. Yes.	
8 9 0 1 2 3	from 12.95 to 14.49 \$12.95 a month to \$14.49 a month. And, by the way, again, it's important to point out, about 50 percent of our customers are on annual subscriptions, about 20 percent of our customers are on longer than annual subscriptions,	9 10 11 12 13 14	Could you just point it out to me again? Q. The last sentence of the Footnote 17, beginning with The presence of. A. Yes. So I think it's just you know, at	
8 9 0 1 2 3 4 5	from 12.95 to 14.49 \$12.95 a month to \$14.49 a month. And, by the way, again, it's important to point out, about 50 percent of our customers are on annual subscriptions, about 20 percent of our customers are on longer than annual subscriptions, and the remaining 30 are on a monthly or a	9 10 11 12 13 14 15	Could you just point it out to me again? Q. The last sentence of the Footnote 17, beginning with The presence of. A. Yes. So I think it's just you know, at least for me, it's how much will people pay. And,	
8 9 0 1 2 3 4 5 6	from 12.95 to 14.49 \$12.95 a month to \$14.49 a month. And, by the way, again, it's important to point out, about 50 percent of our customers are on annual subscriptions, about 20 percent of our customers are on longer than annual subscriptions, and the remaining 30 are on a monthly or a quarterly. You don't get a price increase until	9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16	Could you just point it out to me again? Q. The last sentence of the Footnote 17, beginning with The presence of. A. Yes. So I think it's just you know, at least for me, it's how much will people pay. And, you know, you can call it a music fee, you can call	
8 9 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7	from 12.95 to 14.49 \$12.95 a month to \$14.49 a month. And, by the way, again, it's important to point out, about 50 percent of our customers are on annual subscriptions, about 20 percent of our customers are on longer than annual subscriptions, and the remaining 30 are on a monthly or a quarterly. You don't get a price increase until your current subscription runs out.	9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17	Could you just point it out to me again? Q. The last sentence of the Footnote 17, beginning with The presence of. A. Yes. So I think it's just you know, at least for me, it's how much will people pay. And, you know, you can call it a music fee, you can call it whatever you want, but at the end of the day,	
8 9 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8	from 12.95 to 14.49 \$12.95 a month to \$14.49 a month. And, by the way, again, it's important to point out, about 50 percent of our customers are on annual subscriptions, about 20 percent of our customers are on longer than annual subscriptions, and the remaining 30 are on a monthly or a quarterly. You don't get a price increase until your current subscription runs out. So the true effect of this price	9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18	Could you just point it out to me again? Q. The last sentence of the Footnote 17, beginning with The presence of. A. Yes. So I think it's just you know, at least for me, it's how much will people pay. And, you know, you can call it a music fee, you can call it whatever you want, but at the end of the day, when I look out at what I'm paying for satellite	
8 9 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9	from 12.95 to 14.49 \$12.95 a month to \$14.49 a month. And, by the way, again, it's important to point out, about 50 percent of our customers are on annual subscriptions, about 20 percent of our customers are on longer than annual subscriptions, and the remaining 30 are on a monthly or a quarterly. You don't get a price increase until your current subscription runs out. So the true effect of this price increase will take probably 18 to 20 months before	9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18	Could you just point it out to me again? Q. The last sentence of the Footnote 17, beginning with The presence of. A. Yes. So I think it's just you know, at least for me, it's how much will people pay. And, you know, you can call it a music fee, you can call it whatever you want, but at the end of the day, when I look out at what I'm paying for satellite radio today I'm paying \$16 a month, roughly.	
8 9 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9	from 12.95 to 14.49 \$12.95 a month to \$14.49 a month. And, by the way, again, it's important to point out, about 50 percent of our customers are on annual subscriptions, about 20 percent of our customers are on longer than annual subscriptions, and the remaining 30 are on a monthly or a quarterly. You don't get a price increase until your current subscription runs out. So the true effect of this price	9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18	Could you just point it out to me again? Q. The last sentence of the Footnote 17, beginning with The presence of. A. Yes. So I think it's just you know, at least for me, it's how much will people pay. And, you know, you can call it a music fee, you can call it whatever you want, but at the end of the day, when I look out at what I'm paying for satellite	

	568	3		570
1	repeat I know today, when I offer that service	1	CROSS-EXAMINATION	
	to new car buyers, whether they ask for satellite	2		
	radio or not, two-thirds of them. only 60 only	3		
	44 percent of them subscribe. And the 56 percent	4	Q. Good afternoon, Mr. Meyer.	•
	that didn't, two-thirds of those tell me the reason	5	A. Good afternoon.	
6	they didn't is they don't want to pay.	6	Q. How are you?	
7	And then when they stay, they churn at	7	A. Good.	
8	2 percent a month. Think about that. We turn that	8	Q. As you heard earlier, I represent	
9	base over one quarter every year. It's a big	9		
10	number. Okay?	10	You testified a moment ago about the	
11	The fundamental reason they leave,	11	number of unique listeners to Pandora as recorded	
12	again, two-thirds of the time, is I don't want to	12	in first quarter 2012, correct?	
	pay. And so while I don't have any set research	13	A. No.	
	that tells me the exact elasticity of our business,	14	I I I quoted and, again, I was	
	what I can tell you is there is a concern at some		reading it their press release today while I was	
ł	point, customers won't pay.		waiting for preparation upstairs where they	
17	MR. RICH: Thank you.	17	announced they had 53 million listeners.	
18	That concludes my direct examination.	18	Q. 53 million listeners today?	
19	JUDGE ROBERTS: Mr. Meyer, on your	19	A. Yes. It was in their press release	
20		20	•	
21	THE WITNESS: Yes.	21	•	
22	JUDGE ROBERTS: is this something	22	Q. Okay. Today, Pandora has only about a	
	569			571
1	you're doing with them just on a monthly basis and,		million subscribers, correct?	
	if so, do you tell them this is going to expire at	2	A. I don't know how many paying	
	a certain point? You said that we can't keep on	3		
4	doing this forever.			
5	<u>-</u>	4	O. Okay. In your ordinary course of your	
	THE WITNESS: Yes, sir. Our	4 5	Q. Okay. In your ordinary course of your business, Mr. Meyer, are you familiar do you	
6	THE WITNESS: Yes, sir. Our fundamental tool is we offer them a bundle. The	5	business, Mr. Meyer, are you familiar do you	
		5	business, Mr. Meyer, are you familiar do you	
7	fundamental tool is we offer them a bundle. The	5	business, Mr. Meyer, are you familiar do you review the Form 8-Ks that Sirius files with the	
7 8	fundamental tool is we offer them a bundle. The tool we're using today is if you'll come back,	5 6 7	business, Mr. Meyer, are you familiar do you review the Form 8-Ks that Sirius files with the SEC? A. Yes, I do.	
7 8 9	fundamental tool is we offer them a bundle. The tool we're using today is if you'll come back, we'll give you five months for \$30, but we make it	5 6 7 8	business, Mr. Meyer, are you familiar do you review the Form 8-Ks that Sirius files with the SEC?	
7 8 9	fundamental tool is we offer them a bundle. The tool we're using today is if you'll come back, we'll give you five months for \$30. but we make it clear that at the end of the five months, their	5 6 7 8 9	business, Mr. Meyer, are you familiar do you review the Form 8-Ks that Sirius files with the SEC? A. Yes, I do. (SoundExchange Trial Exhibit Number 6	
7 8 9 10	fundamental tool is we offer them a bundle. The tool we're using today is if you'll come back, we'll give you five months for \$30. but we make it clear that at the end of the five months, their plan is going to roll to a full-price plan.	5 6 7 8 9 10	business, Mr. Meyer, are you familiar do you review the Form 8-Ks that Sirius files with the SEC? A. Yes, I do. (SoundExchange Trial Exhibit Number 6 was marked for identification	
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7 8 9 10 11 12 13	fundamental tool is we offer them a bundle. The tool we're using today is if you'll come back, we'll give you five months for \$30. but we make it clear that at the end of the five months, their plan is going to roll to a full-price plan. JUDGE ROBERTS: Okay. That's what you've been talking about as being the deeply discounted?	5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13	business, Mr. Meyer, are you familiar do you review the Form 8-Ks that Sirius files with the SEC? A. Yes, I do. (SoundExchange Trial Exhibit Number 6 was marked for identification purposes.) BY MR. DESANCTIS: Q. I'm showing you what's been marked as	
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7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16	fundamental tool is we offer them a bundle. The tool we're using today is if you'll come back, we'll give you five months for \$30. but we make it clear that at the end of the five months, their plan is going to roll to a full-price plan.	5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17	business, Mr. Meyer, are you familiar do you review the Form 8-Ks that Sirius files with the SEC? A. Yes, I do. (SoundExchange Trial Exhibit Number 6 was marked for identification purposes.) BY MR. DESANCTIS: Q. I'm showing you what's been marked as SoundExchange Exhibit 6. Mr. Meyer, I know this is a long document, but do you recognize it as SiriusXM Radio Inc. Form 10-K filing filed May 22nd, 2012?	
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	57	2		574
1	A. Yes, I am.	1	of all, there's a certain irony to their position	
2	•		where, six years ago, when we were here litigating	
3		i i	this case or five years ago, whatever it was,	
4			they were the ones who wanted to get put in the	
5			most current financial documents, because from the	
6			filing of their case to the time of the hearing,	
7			their financial fortunes had dipped a little bit,	
8	•	8		
9		- 1	financials. And in the majority of instances, that	
10			was permitted.	
11		111	Finally, and most importantly, the	
12			entire thrust of this witness' written testimony	
	subscribers there were, he didn't know. And I'd	13		
	like to that figures within this document, and			
	I'd like to ask him questions that go to the weight	14	01	
	of the of the figure that the witness gave on	15		
	direct as compared to the figure that SiriusXM's		to XM's SiriusXM's ability to attract subscribers in the future, ability to raise prices	
1		17	•	
	giving to its shareholders. It's a very different figure and it's very relevant.	1	in the future.	
20		19	And if the witness' entire testimony is	
	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	20		
21	,	1	me relevant that I be able to cross him on the most	
22	MR. DESANCTIS: I'm actually going to	22	recent documentation we have, particularly when	
į	573	3		575
1	ask him a lot of questions throughout it.	1	it's SiriusXM's own document. There's no surprises	
2	MR. RICH: Then I will have an	2	here.	
3	objection, renewing the objection I raised	3	CHIEF JUDGE BARNETT: Excuse us for a	
4		4	moment.	
5		1		
		5	(The Judges confer.)	
6	the date of the witness' direct testimony, indeed,	5	(The Judges confer.) CHIEF JUDGE BARNETT: Please be seated.	
6 7			CHIEF JUDGE BARNETT: Please be seated.	
	all of our financial proffers to November 29th of	6 7	CHIEF JUDGE BARNETT: Please be seated. Mr. DeSanctis, there's no problem with	
7	all of our financial proffers to November 29th of	6 7 8	CHIEF JUDGE BARNETT: Please be seated. Mr. DeSanctis, there's no problem with you using this document as a basis for	
7 8 9	all of our financial proffers to November 29th of 2011. And I don't know that I need to	6 7 8	CHIEF JUDGE BARNETT: Please be seated. Mr. DeSanctis, there's no problem with you using this document as a basis for cross-examination, but the objection to its	
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	576			578
1	Q. And that is the that is the figure	1	gave in your direct testimony that you said you	
2	that SiriusXM chose to to show its shareholders,	2	just heard today, that's that number is not in	
3	correct? That's what this is? This is a	3	here, is it?	
4	presentation to shareholders?	4	A. It just came out today	
5	A. Yes.	5	Q. Right.	
6	Q. Okay. Let me ask you to flip a few	6	A so it is not in here, no.	
7	pages back to Page 26.	7	Q. But the number as it existed at the	
8	This I'm correct, am I not, that	8	time this presentation was made is not in here,	
9	this slide shows that in 2012, SiriusXM is showing	9	correct?	
10	estimated revenue of 3.3 billion, correct?	10	A. Not that I that I know of, no.	
11	A. Analysts are showing that, yes.	11	Q. Okay. One point you make, Mr. Meyer,	
12	Q. And Sirius is showing that to its	12	in your written testimony and that you also made	
13	shareholders?	13	here in Court is that you're concerned that	
14	A. These charts were put together the	14	subscribers will leave SiriusXM for Pandora because	
15	footnote says these are analyst's projections, just	15	Pandora is free to the user, correct?	
16	to be clear.	16	A. I think that's one concern.	
17	Q. But this this presentation was	17	Q. That's one of the reasons. I didn't	
	presented to SiriusXM shareholders by SiriusXM,	18	mean to suggest it was the only one.	
19	correct?	19	But users of Pandora in the car do have	
20	A. Yes.	20	to pay a significant fee for their mobile data plan	
21	Q. Okay. And the same slide shows that	21	which allows them to receive the service, correct?	
22	shows estimated 2012 revenue for Pandora of	22	A. Well, no, I'm not sure that's correct.	
	577			579
1	417 million, correct?		What what is correct is that to be	
2	A. Correct.	2	able to use a variety of services, users pay for a	
3	Q. Let's look at the next page, 27.	3	data plan for their phone.	
4	Am I correct that this slide entitled	4	What is unclear to me is how much of	
5	SiriusXM's Superior Revenue Model shows SiriusXM	5	that they use for audio and how much would they pay	
6	subscriber revenue of \$137.69 per subscriber; is	6	anyways for all the other things they use it for,	
7	that correct?	7	whether it be Facebook or or e-mail or games or	
8	A. Yes.	8	video or all the other things they use their data	
9	Q. It shows Pandora revenue of \$5.48 per		plans for.	
10	active user: is that correct?	10	So it's hard to say what do they use	
11	A. No. \$5.84.		the data plan specifically what are they paying	
12	Q. I'm sorry. I used the wrong number.		for is my only point.	
13	\$5.84 per active user for Pandora,	13	Q. Are you aware of ubiquitous use of	
	correct?	1	e-mail and Facebook while driving in the car?	
15	A. Yes, based on 2011 forecast revenue.	15	A. I'm aware that lots of users who have	
16	Q. You can put this aside for the moment.	l	wireless devices use those devices outside their	
17	A. The exhibits?	17	car in a plentiful way. And when they're outside	
18	Q. Yes.	F	their car, including me, I use it extensively	
19	A. Thanks.	1	sitting in my chair to do e-mail and other things.	
20	Q. By the way, go back to the exhibit one	1	And that's paid for by my data plan.	
	more time. We were looking at Pages 21 through 29.	21	Q. And that data plan so, again, the	
22	The number of active listeners that you	22	data plan is paid for by the user of Pandora,	

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	584			586
1	JUDGE ROBERTS: Okay. In looking at	1	Q. Okay. That's different than SiriusXM?	
2	it I happen to be looking at Page 3, and you	2	A. SiriusXM does not do that. Our our	
3	have some of your on-air talent identified as	3	fundamental concept and, again, it's where I	
4	exclusive content unraveled by other media sources.	4	believe we have a significant competitive	
5	Are are all these people still on	5	weakness is we broadcast one thing to many, that	
6	the Sirius system?	6	core of 60 channels.	
7	THE WITNESS: All except for I think	7	If you're a satellite listener today	
8	the first one is Oprah. She looks a little older	8	and you don't like how we program our '70s channel,	
9	now.	9	you can't change it. If you take Pandora's '70	
10	All but Rosie O'Donnell.	10	channel and by thumbs up and thumbs down, don't	
11	JUDGE ROBERTS: Rosie O'Donnell is no	11	like parts of it, it will create a '70s channel for	
12	longer on your service?	12	you.	
13	THE WITNESS: She's no longer with us.	13	Q. But isn't the skill of your	
14	JUDGE ROBERTS: Okay, thank you.		professional programmers something that SiriusXM	
15	BY MR. DESANCTIS:	15	touts as a plus and a draw?	
16	Q. The bottom line in your direct	16	A. Absolutely, that's the argument we	
17	testimony, Mr. Meyer, with respect to the emergence	17	8	
18	of Internet in the car, is that you predict that	18	what people really want. Time will tell.	
19	SiriusXM will be competing in the future with	19	Again, I'm not saying we're going to	
20	webcasting services like Pandora and Rhapsody,	20	, ,	
21	correct?	21	big new form of competition coming.	
22	A. Yes.	22	Q. And if you're afraid of the competition	
	585			587
1		1	or I didn't mean that to sound the way it might	587
1 2	Q. That's the threat that you're concerned about?		or I didn't mean that to sound the way it might have if you're concerned of the coming	587
	Q. That's the threat that you're concerned		have if you're concerned of the coming	587
2	Q. That's the threat that you're concerned about?A. That's one threat.		have if you're concerned of the coming competition, is that to say that you see SiriusXM	587
2 3	 Q. That's the threat that you're concerned about? A. That's one threat. Q. Both SiriusXM and Pandora, for example, 	2 3	have if you're concerned of the coming competition, is that to say that you see SiriusXM and Pandora as substitutional for one another?	587
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	58	8	•	590
1	substitutional with SiriusXM, correct, or else you	1	may have been created a couple of months before	
2	wouldn't fear the competition, correct?	2	then.	
3	A. I believe that there are customers who,	3	Q. And this is a study of the	
4	with the right combination of apps, will not	4	characteristics of the use of Pandora not by	
5	subscribe to SiriusXM or will churn out of	5	every not by the general public, but	
6	SiriusXM.	6	-F	
7	Q. And those apps, that suite of services,	7	A. It was a survey of our users and some	
8	,	8		
9		9	Q. Focusing on their use of Pandora?	
10	substitutional for some users do not have the	10	A. Yes.	
11	exclusive SiriusXM content, like, for example,	11	MR. DESANCTIS: This document is also	
12	Howard Stern, correct?	12	restricted, so I will be careful not to read from	
13	A. Correct.	13	it.	
14	Q. Or Oprah Winfrey, correct?	14	BY MR. DESANCTIS:	
15	A. Correct.	15	Q. I would like to turn your attention to	
16	Q. Or any of the other exclusive SiriusXM	16	1 0 0	
17	content?	17	It's Bates numbered 42793	
18	A. Correct.	18	CHIEF JUDGE BARNETT: Before we get	
19	Q. And Pandora substitutes for CD sales,	19	•	
20	correct?	20		
	4 YI O	1 0 1	MR. DESANCTIS: Yes. I would be happy	
21	A. I'm sorry?	21	* -	
	A. I'm sorry? Q. Do you agree that Pandora substitutes		to do that now.	
21		22	* -	593
21 22	Q. Do you agree that Pandora substitutes	22	to do that now.	593
21 22	Q. Do you agree that Pandora substitutes	9 22	to do that now. MR. RICH: No objection.	59
21 22 1	Q. Do you agree that Pandora substitutes 58 for CD sales?	9 1	MR. RICH: No objection. CHIEF JUDGE BARNETT: SoundExchange	59
21 22 1 2 3	Q. Do you agree that Pandora substitutes 58 for CD sales? A. I don't know that, no. Q. Mr. Meyer, we're handing you what we	9 1 2	MR. RICH: No objection. CHIEF JUDGE BARNETT: SoundExchange Number 8 is admitted.	59
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	59	2		594
1	earlier testimony regarding the substitutionality	1	company by the FCC?	
	of Pandora and SiriusXM.	2	A. No; that was a condition we voluntarily	
3	JUDGE WISNIEWSKI: And your answer?	3	accepted as part our merger agreement, but it was	
4		4		
5	THE WITNESS: I said what this chart	5	Q. Okay. The order of the FCC?	
6	says, Your Honor, is it speaks to	6	A. Yes, sir.	
7	JUDGE WISNIEWSKI: The question didn't	7	Q. Okay. So it was it was an agreed-to	
8	refer to the chart; the question referred to the	8	condition?	
9	bullet points.	9	A. It was voluntarily agreed to.	
10	THE WITNESS: I think it refers I	10	Q. Okay. You discussed, however, that	
11	thought to Number 20 does it refer to the bullet		I believe it was in 2009 that SiriusXM didn't raise	
	points or the data?	- 1		
1	BY MR. DESANCTIS:	1	its retail prices, but it did begin to impose a	
1		14	music royalty fee A. Yes.	
14	F			
1 .	referring to.	15	Q is that correct?	
16	A. The person that prepared this chart	16	And that musical royalty fee passed on	
1	then that's what it says, yes.	17	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	
18	Q. So it does — it does confirm that		2007 to the SiriusXM users, correct?	
19	SiriusXM that Pandora substitutes for SiriusXM?	19	A. Yes.	
20	A. I'm not trying to be argumentative.	20	Q. One hundred percent?	
21	The individual that put this chart together wrote a	21	A. Without going through the actual	
22	bullet that says, Pandora use takes listening share	22	schedules, I'm not sure exactly how the calculation	
	593			595
1	from SiriusXM. That was their opinion of the data.	1	worked.	
2	Q. Okay. And, actually, let me ask you to	2	Q. Okay. And from 2009 to 2010	
1	flip to a moment ago before I brought out this	3	JUDGE WISNIEWSKI: Actually, let me	
4	document, I asked you whether Pandora substitutes	4	stop you there.	
	for CDs, and you said you didn't know.	5	Mr. Meyer, who would be in a position	
6	On Page 22, Slide 22, which is	6	to, in fact, give us that information if we were	
1	Page 42795, looking at that now, is it clear to you	7		
	that the person who prepared this document thinks	8	THE WITNESS: David Frear, our CFO.	
	that Pandora does substitute for CDs?	9	JUDGE WISNIEWSKI: Okay.	
10	A. Sure. I'm not sure I agree with that.	١.,	-	
1 1 1/	A. Bute. I'm not sure I agree with that.	10	THE WITNESS: And, Your Honor, to be	
1	Von asked me not what this decomment said along	1 1 3		
11	You asked me, not what this document said, okay?	1	clear I'd like to be clear. The order stated a	
11 12	Q. And you said you didn't know, but	12	very specific way it had to be done. I know we	
11 12 13	Q. And you said you didn't know, but that's what this document says?	12 13	very specific way it had to be done. I know we quited often made sure we were absolutely in	
11 12 13 14	Q. And you said you didn't know, butthat's what this document says?A. Right.	12 13 14	very specific way it had to be done. I know we quited often made sure we were absolutely in compliance with that order. What I can't tell you	
11 12 13 14 15	Q. And you said you didn't know, butthat's what this document says?A. Right.Q. Let me ask you a little about the price	12 13 14 15	very specific way it had to be done. I know we quited often made sure we were absolutely in compliance with that order. What I can't tell you is exactly how the mechanics of that order worked,	
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1	A. I don't know that it will help.	1	And at this time, I'd like to move for	
2	Q. I was expecting to get to it later, but		its admission into evidence.	
3	it seems appropriate to get to it now.	3	CHIEF JUDGE BARNETT: Thank you.	
4	(SoundExchange Trial Exhibit Number 9	4	-	
5	was marked for identification	5	MR. FAKLER: No objection.	
6	purposes.)	6	CHIEF JUDGE BARNETT: SoundExchange	
7	BY MR. DESANCTIS:	7	-	
8	Q. We will be handing to you momentarily,	8	(SoundExchange Trial Exhibit Number 9	
9	Mr. Meyer, a document that has been marked as	9	was admitted into evidence.)	:
	SoundExchange Exhibit 9 for identification at this	1	BY MR. DESANCTIS:	
11		11	Q. Mr. Meyer, I'd like to direct your	
12	You know what LRS stands for within the	1	attention to the sixth page of the document.	
13		13		
14	SiriusXM organization, correct? A. LRS, correct?	l	A. We've got to be careful here so I know	
15		14		
16	Q. Right. A. Yes.	1	Q. The numbers at the very bottom, it says Page 6 of 42.	
1		1		
17	Q. That's long-range scenario? A. Scenarios.	17	A. I'm sorry. I see it now.	
18	A. Scenarios. Q. Scenarios.	18	I was looking at the two 1s above it.	
19	•	19	Okay, got it.	
20	Are you familiar with the LRSs produced at SiriusXM?	20	Q. The third bullet point down, which is	
21		21	also the third one up from the bottom I'm not	
22	A. I'm familiar with some of them, yes.	22	going to read it out loud because it's a restricted	
	597		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	599
1	Q. Okay. Take a look at what's been	1	document, but do you have any you don't have any	
1 2	Q. Okay. Take a look at what's been marked as SoundExchange 9.		document, but do you have any you don't have any reason to think that that what this says about	
ı	marked as SoundExchange 9.		reason to think that that what this says about	
2		2	The state of the s	
2 3	marked as SoundExchange 9. This is one such LRS, correct? A. Yes.	2 3	reason to think that that what this says about the music royalty fee is incorrect, do you? A. No.	
2 3 4	marked as SoundExchange 9. This is one such LRS, correct? A. Yes. Q. And it's a projection prepared by the	2 3 4 5	reason to think that that what this says about the music royalty fee is incorrect, do you? A. No. Q. So going back to the chronology here,	
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				002
1	Q. No. I'm talking about actually for the		subscribers, has actually gone down from 2 percent	
2			to 1.9, correct?	
3	talking for about the year 2010.	3	A. Yes.	
4	A. No. Then I agree with you. I'm sorry.	4	Q. And subscriber growth in the first	
5	Q. So 2010 saw additional subscribers as	5	quarter of 2012 was greater than expected, correct?	
6	compared to 2009?	6	A. Versus what?	
7	A. Yes.	7	Q. Versus what the guidance had been from	
8	Q. Okay. So there was growth in	8	the company previously.	
9	subscribership in 2010?	9	Didn't the company beat expectations?	
10	A. Yes.	10	A. I think the company beat beat	
11	Q. Okay. And subscribership grew in 2011	11	analysts' expectations. I will tell you it's the	
12	•	ł	number I expected.	
13	A. Yes.	13	Q. Okay. And that number that you	
14	Q. Okay. All this while the music royalty	14	expected is an increase in subscribers in the first	
16	fee was in place, correct? A. Yes.	15	quarter of 2012 as compared to 2011, correct?	
		16	A. Yes.	
17	Q. Now, SiriusXM has decided to increase its its retail rates, correct?	17	Q. Okay. And, in fact, SiriusXM is	
19	A. Yes.	18	predicting if if we draw this out over the	
20		19	long term, notwithstanding the rate the price	
21	Q. Okay. And that was Sirius' voluntary decision, right?	20	increase, SiriusXM internally is predicting by 2016	
22	A. Yes.	21 22	that it will have 30 million subscribers, correct?	
22	A. Tes.	22	A. Not to my knowledge, publicly, no.	
		i		
	601			603
1	Q. It was a business decision?	1	And and even our guidance, I want to caution	603
1 2		,	And and even our guidance, I want to caution you, even for this year, is based on the auto	603
ı	Q. It was a business decision?A. Yes.	2	you, even for this year, is based on the auto	603
2	Q. It was a business decision?A. Yes.	2	you, even for this year, is based on the auto industry remaining where it is, which is up	603
2 3 4	Q. It was a business decision?A. Yes.Q. Okay. And presumably, I'm right, am I	2	you, even for this year, is based on the auto	603
2 3 4	 Q. It was a business decision? A. Yes. Q. Okay. And presumably, I'm right, am I not, that the business decision was that the 	2 3 4	you, even for this year, is based on the auto industry remaining where it is, which is up significantly from last year, which is the fundamental driver of this growth.	603
2 3 4 5	Q. It was a business decision? A. Yes. Q. Okay. And presumably, I'm right, am I not, that the business decision was that the increase in rates will have a net positive impact	2 3 4 5 6	you, even for this year, is based on the auto industry remaining where it is, which is up significantly from last year, which is the	603
2 3 4 5 6	Q. It was a business decision? A. Yes. Q. Okay. And presumably, I'm right, am I not, that the business decision was that the increase in rates will have a net positive impact on revenue?	2 3 4 5 6	you, even for this year, is based on the auto industry remaining where it is, which is up significantly from last year, which is the fundamental driver of this growth. Q. I'm sorry. You said that the auto industry is up significantly	603
2 3 4 5 6 7	Q. It was a business decision? A. Yes. Q. Okay. And presumably, I'm right, am I not, that the business decision was that the increase in rates will have a net positive impact on revenue? A. Yes, total revenue.	2 3 4 5 6 7	you, even for this year, is based on the auto industry remaining where it is, which is up significantly from last year, which is the fundamental driver of this growth. Q. I'm sorry. You said that the auto	603
2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9	 Q. It was a business decision? A. Yes. Q. Okay. And presumably, I'm right, am I not, that the business decision was that the increase in rates will have a net positive impact on revenue? A. Yes, total revenue. Q. Total revenue. 	2 3 4 5 6 7 8	you, even for this year, is based on the auto industry remaining where it is, which is up significantly from last year, which is the fundamental driver of this growth. Q. I'm sorry. You said that the auto industry is up significantly A. The auto industry	603
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1	. 60)4		606
				000
1	forecast is, barring some change, major change in	1	Do you remember that testimony?	
2	in the economic climate in the country, barring	2	A. Yes.	
3	some type of disaster I can give you a whole	3	Q. Okay. Is it fair to say, however, that	
4	long list	4	P	
5	Q. Anything is possible.	5		
6	A well, in fact, has been possible	6	A. Well, no. We're going to launch one in	
1 /	Q. Right.	7		
8	A I mean, you know, I can tell you in	8	Q. There's the 2012 scheduled launch?	
1.9	2008, we had charts that showed very rapid growth	9	A. Correct.	
10	for 2009. We went backwards.	10	Q. After that, there's no scheduled	
11	I can tell you in 2011, Your Honors, we	11	launches until 2018, correct?	
	2	12	A. In that time frame.	
	significantly disrupt the auto industry, which hurt	13	I want to point out to you,	
14	our business during that period.	14		
15	But I don't know about those and I	15	•	
16	certainly don't know where the economy is going.	16		
17	Q. I didn't ask you if you did.	17		
18	Let's get back to the question, though,	18	type of problem, and they're always difficult to	
19	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	19	project.	
20	during the 2013 to 2017 rate period, SiriusXM's	20	So given the health of the fleet today,	
21	subscriber base is not likely to contract?	21	that projection is right. I can't warrant to you	
	A. That's certainly our objective.		that that health projection is correct.	
	60	15		607
1	Q. And you agree that it's likely,			
		1	And remember, we can't send out a truck	
2	correct?	1 2	And remember, we can't send out a truck to fix these when they go wrong. We have to bite	
1 -		2 3	to fix these when they go wrong. We have to bite	
2	correct?	1 2 3 4	to fix these when they go wrong. We have to bite off the 300 million and three years of lead time.	
2	correct? A. Yes.	3	to fix these when they go wrong. We have to bite off the 300 million and three years of lead time.	
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1	no.		transcript, I think we need Bloomberg here.	
2	O. I think this is the last document I'm			
3	going to show you, and then hopefully we will be	1 3	Bloomberg transcript of an earnings call. If if	
4	done for the day.		anything, I I think it's ironic that counsel is	
5	(SoundExchange Trial Exhibit Number 10		objecting to the witness' inability to youch for	ļ
6	was marked for identification		the accuracy of this document when he was arguing	
7	purposes.)		7 up here a moment ago that that blog posts from	
8	BY MR. DESANCTIS:		The New York Times and television commercials	
9	Q. This is a multipage document			
10	MR. DESANCTIS: Sorry. I jumped the	10	•	
	gun.		transcript of an earnings call in which the witness	
	BY MR. DESANCTIS:		2 participated.	
ŀ				
13	Q. I'm showing you what has been marked as	13	,	
14	1 5	12		
1	document, the first page of which bears the	15		
1	Bates Number SXM_CRB_DIR_20637.		BY MR. DESANCTIS:	
17	You recognize this, don't you,	17	Ç	
1	Mr. Meyer?		3 third quarter 2011 earnings call?	
19	A. Yes.	19		
20	Q. What is it?	20	Ç	
21	A. I think it's the deposition transcript		SiriusXM quarterly earning calls?	
22	from our Q3 2011 earnings call.	22	A. Yes, I do.	
	60	19		611
	Q. Okay. And you participated in that		Q. Okay. Are transcripts made	
2	call, correct?	1	regularly made of those calls?	
3	A. Yes.	1 3	<u> </u>	
4	Q. Okay. Let me turn your attention to	4		-
5	Page 4 of the of the paginated document,	5		
6	Bates Number 20640.	1		
7	CHIEF JUDGE BARNETT: Are you going to	1 7		
8	be offering this?	8	-	
9	MR. DESANCTIS: I'm sorry. Yes, I'd	9		
i i	like to offer the document into evidence at this	10		
	time.	1		
12	MR. RICH: One minute, Your Honor.			
1	·	12		ļ
13	(Pause.)	13		[
14	MR. RICH: Your Honor, this is a	14		
	third-party transcript whose accuracy I don't think	15	•	
	this witness can vouch for. I won't speak for him,	16]
1	but therefore, we do object to its	17		
	admissibility.	18	•	
19	I don't have a problem with questioning	19	_	
	the witness and seeing if it passes his reflector	20	·	
21	or if he has personal knowledge of it.	21	,	
22	But to attest the accuracy of this	22	therefore, potentially significant.	

	. 612			614
1	They're official documents. They're	I	But we also don't know lots of things happen and	
2	8-Ks, 10-Ks they can use which are company	2	go wrong.	
3	sponsored.	3	Q. You also testified that the risk of	
4	And, again, I have no problem with this	4	something going wrong and having a significant	
5	witness or Mr. Frear or anybody else who's quoted	5	capital expenditure on satellites is not a	
6	here being cited these and asked if specific	6	significant material risk, right?	
7	language and comments attributed to them are	7	A. But I want to clarify, too, is if it's	
8	accurate. That seems to be the proper way to use	8	one, I'm not worried; if it's two, I'm not really	
9	this document, not just move it in wholesale.	9	not worried; if it's something else, a catastrophic	
10	JUDGE ROBERTS: Why do we need it at	10	failure we've got new satellites up that we	
11	all, Mr. DeSanctis?	11	don't have any performance history on.	
12	MR. DESANCTIS: I do think it's a	12	So I can't tell you I can only tell	
13	statement of the company. Just simply because it's	13	you what the manufacturers told us how long they're	
14	a transcript doesn't mean it's not a statement of	14	going to last, okay? That's the reason why we have	
15	the company.	15	a spare up there, quite candidly. Okay?	
16	JUDGE ROBERTS: It may be a statement	16	And but if something happens and	
17	of the company, but we just have one person from	17	that spare has to be used, we will begin building a	
	the company here, not the company.	18	spare immediately.	
19	MR. DESANCTIS: That's right, but we	19	I don't know. These are new	
	you don't always have the luxury of being able to	20	satellite I mean, the there's one that hasn't	
ı	use every document with every witness.	21	even launched yet. I have no way to predict its	
22	But let me let me ask the witness	22	reliability.	
	613			615
1	the line of questioning that I that I wanted to	1	But that's what the statement said,	
l	ask, and and we'll see.	2	yes.	
3	BY MR. DESANCTIS:	3	Q. Right. The statement says, The company	
4	Q. Mr. Meyer, let me turn your attention	4	will have many years without the need for	
5	to Page 4 of the document, which is Bates	ł .	substantial satellite capital expenditures?	
6	numbered 20640.	6	A. Yes.	
7	A. Yes.	7	Q. And are you aware of any material risks	
8	Q. At the very bottom first of all, I	8	that make this statement untrue?	
9	should say this is Mr. Mel Karmazin talking,	9	A. I've made clear what I think are the	
10	correct?	10	risks. I don't if I'm being argumentative, I'm	
11	A. Yes.	1	not meaning to be.	
12	Q. And he's the CEO of SiriusXM?	12	Q. Okay. I'm just I'm just I want	
13	A. Yes.	13	the record to be clear whether you're saying there	
14	Q. At the very bottom of Page 4,	14	are material risks that make this statement untrue?	
15	Mr. Karmazin states, We will have many years	15	MR. RICH: Objection. It's about the	
	without the need for substantial satellite capital	16	fourth time it's been answered.	
	expenditures.	17	CHIEF JUDGE BARNETT: Asked and	
18	You don't disagree with that, do you?	18	answered.	
19	A. Based on what we know, no.	19	And, Mr. DeSanctis	
20	Again, what I said was what I believe,	20	MR. DESANCTIS: I think I'm done, then.	
21	which is our plan is that we don't have a	21	MR. RICH: Your Honor, may I ask one	
22	significant launch issue until the '18 time frame.	22	question on redirect, please, so we can release the	
20 21	which is our plan is that we don't have a	20 21	MR. RICH: Your Honor, may I ask one	

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1	witness and not call him back in the morning?	1	for the next five years and I'm sure it's going	
2	CHIEF JUDGE BARNETT: Only one?		to be positive I'm sure that's our objective.	
3	MR. RICH: One.	3	What I am primarily concerned about is,	
4	MR. HANDZO: Mr. Fakler, any questions?	4	also, I have no way to predict what the impact of	
5	MR. FAKLER: No, Your Honor.	1	this competition will be on our sub growth, so I	
6	CHIEF JUDGE BARNETT: Okay. You may.	6	want to make sure that caveat is clear. I have no	
7	JUDGE WISNIEWSKI: Any questions from	7	way to know what it will do.	
8	the Bench?	8	CHIEF JUDGE BARNETT: And when you say	
9	MR. RICH: Would you like to go first?	وا	"sub growth," you're referring to subscribers?	
10	JUDGE WISNIEWSKI: No. Go ahead.	10	THE WITNESS: I'm sorry, Your Honor.	
111	TOD GD WISHIE WORL. 110. Go allead.	11	Yes, subscriber growth.	
12	REDIRECT EXAMINATION	12	CHIEF JUDGE BARNETT: Thank you.	
13	REDIRECT EXMINITION	13	MR. RICH: Thank you.	
14	BY MR. RICH:	14	CHIEF JUDGE BARNETT: Judge, questions?	
15	Q. If you would put back before you a	15	JUDGE WISNIEWSKI: Just one, Mr. Meyer.	
	document that's now in evidence as SoundExchange	16	On Page 5 of your written direct	
17		17	testimony at Paragraph 11, you talk about	
18		18	terrestrial radio competition.	
19	A. Yes.	19	THE WITNESS: Yes, sir.	
20	Q. Mr. DeSanctis asked you some questions	20	JUDGE WISNIEWSKI: And in parentheses	
	at Page 20 and then at Page 22 of the document, and	21	in the second sentence, you say, which pays no	
	I discern that you perhaps would like a chance to	1	performance royalties whatsoever to the record	
122	i discern that you perhaps would like a chance to	22	performance royanies whatsoever to the record	
	617			619
		1	industry	619
1 2	put this in a broader context of interpretation		industry. Are you referring to sound recording	619
2	put this in a broader context of interpretation from your own perspective. And now's your	2	Are you referring to sound recording	619
1	put this in a broader context of interpretation from your own perspective. And now's your opportunity to do so.	2 3	Are you referring to sound recording performance	619
2 3 4	put this in a broader context of interpretation from your own perspective. And now's your opportunity to do so. A. Yes.	2 3 4	Are you referring to sound recording performance THE WITNESS: Yes.	619
2 3	put this in a broader context of interpretation from your own perspective. And now's your opportunity to do so.	2 3	Are you referring to sound recording performance THE WITNESS: Yes. JUDGE ROBERTS: royalties?	619
2 3 4	put this in a broader context of interpretation from your own perspective. And now's your opportunity to do so. A. Yes. My my problem with this research and what I would like Your Honors to realize is that	2 3 4 5	Are you referring to sound recording performance THE WITNESS: Yes.	619
2 3 4 5 6	put this in a broader context of interpretation from your own perspective. And now's your opportunity to do so. A. Yes. My my problem with this research and what I would like Your Honors to realize is that what this says is that our users listen to both.	2 3 4 5 6	Are you referring to sound recording performance THE WITNESS: Yes. JUDGE ROBERTS: royalties? Did you happen to read today's Wall Street Journal?	619
2 3 4 5 6 7 8	put this in a broader context of interpretation from your own perspective. And now's your opportunity to do so. A. Yes. My my problem with this research and what I would like Your Honors to realize is that what this says is that our users listen to both. If you look on several pages, it shows	2 3 4 5 6 7 8	Are you referring to sound recording performance THE WITNESS: Yes. JUDGE ROBERTS: royalties? Did you happen to read today's Wall Street Journal? THE WITNESS: I saw it today and I'm	619
2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9	put this in a broader context of interpretation from your own perspective. And now's your opportunity to do so. A. Yes. My my problem with this research and what I would like Your Honors to realize is that what this says is that our users listen to both. If you look on several pages, it shows they listen to SiriusXM in the car and Pandora at	2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9	Are you referring to sound recording performance THE WITNESS: Yes. JUDGE ROBERTS: royalties? Did you happen to read today's Wall Street Journal? THE WITNESS: I saw it today and I'm very curious to know what big box or Big Machine	619
2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9	put this in a broader context of interpretation from your own perspective. And now's your opportunity to do so. A. Yes. My my problem with this research and what I would like Your Honors to realize is that what this says is that our users listen to both. If you look on several pages, it shows they listen to SiriusXM in the car and Pandora at home.	2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9	Are you referring to sound recording performance THE WITNESS: Yes. JUDGE ROBERTS: royalties? Did you happen to read today's Wall Street Journal? THE WITNESS: I saw it today and I'm very curious to know what big box or Big Machine means.	619
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1	MS. PERELMAN: Your Honor, pursuant to	1	asked the witness whether Mr. Cook was a witness in	
2	8	- 1	the prior proceeding, and he said he didn't know.	
3	that was filed in November		And now, he's the proffering witness for that	
4	JUDGE ROBERTS: Would you please	4	witness' designated testimony.	
5		5	He was asked in his deposition whether	
6	THE WITNESS: My name is		he's read any SiriusXM witnesses' statements, and	
7	Sabrina Perelman. I'm with Weil, Gotshal & Manges	7	he said no. So even if we're going to assume that	
8	on behalf of SiriusXM.	8	a witness who is different from the witness whose	
9	As part of our written direct statement	9	designated testimony is being offered could be the	
10	that was filed in November of last year, we	10	sponsor, this witness is not an appropriate sponsor	
11	appended the designated written and live hearing	11	for this testimony.	
12	testimony of certain of the of the witnesses	12	Finally, this testimony it's not as	
13	from the Satellite I proceeding, which is permitted	13	if SiriusXM wants to designate a particular fact	
14	pursuant to the regulations just as a matter of	14	and is designating, you know, a particular page of	
15	technicality.	15	some testimony; they're designating I think	
16	To the extent they need to be formally	16	it's one, two, three, four, five six	
17	moved into evidence, we would like to do that at	17	witnesses' testimony, all of which is six years	
18	this time with respect to the witnesses whose	18	old.	
19	testimony is incorporated by reference into	19	There is no proffer of its relevance or	
20	Mr. Meyer's written direct testimony. And those	20	the need for it to be here. All it means is the	
21	are the testimonies of Stephen Cook,	21	parties are going to have to address it in their	
22	John Douglas Wilsterman, Anthony Masiello,	22	findings of fact, because now this is becoming	
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1	Gary Parsons, Robert Law and Terrence Smith.	1	evidence, too.	
2	CHIEF JUDGE BARNETT: Mr. DeSanctis?	2	It's just sort of piling on last term's	
3	MR. DESANCTIS: We object to the	3	proceeding into this one, when Mr. Rich stood up in	
4	admission of these documents. And it seems like	4	his opening statement and said, and I quote, As the	
5	I've been objecting so much today. I really don't		record here will demonstrate, this is really	
	like to be the difficult one, but we really feel	6		
7		7	technologically and competitively in the last	
8	It has long been the position of the	8	few years. And he went on to explain why. And he	
9	CRJs that consistent with Rule 351.10, designated		concluded with so we have a dramatically different	
	testimony, like all other exhibits, must be	- i	record here than you faced back in 2007.	
11	submitted with a sponsoring witness. And it has	11	So if the world has changed, designated	
12		12	testimony from witnesses in 2006 that SiriusXM	
13	witness has to be the same witness whose	13	doesn't even think is important enough to refresh	
14	testimony whose prior testimony is being	14	their testimony, make it current, make it relevant	
15	offered.	15	is yet one more reason why SoundExchange objects to	
16	In the past, when SoundExchange and	16	the admission of these documents.	
17		17	And finally, there are a number of	
18		18	there were a number of SoundExchange exhibits that	
19		19	were admitted during the testimony, the transcript	
20	Beyond that, there are numerous reasons	20	of which is included in what SiriusXM is offering,	
21	why this designation of testimony should not be	21	but they are not offering those exhibits that were	
	permitted. First of all, you may recall that I	22	part of the transcript and part of the testimony.	
22	permitted and or any journal mace	1	P P P	

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1	And we think it's improper for that reason as well.	١,	exhibits.	
2	But that that would be very much a	1 2	Now, I don't recall where in the past	
3	subsidiary reason to all the other ones that I've	3		
4	mentioned.	4	you have something to refresh my memory on that,	
5	JUDGE ROBERTS: Running down the list	5		
6	of your objections, Mr. DeSanctis, first off, the	6	MR. DESANCTIS: I don't have it at my	
7	purpose of the rule, of course, is so we don't have	1 7	•	
	to plow old ground, so that the witnesses don't	8	CHIEF JUDGE BARNETT: With respect to	
	have to come back in again. And granted, they	و ا	the issue of exhibits, we'll take that under	
	probably might have new things to say, but the	10		
1	purpose of the designation is that we don't have to	111	afternoon. And we will reconvene at 9:00 excuse	
	have that again. And we take it for what it's	1	me, old habits 9:30 in the morning.	
	worth, understanding in all instances the	13	JUDGE ROBERTS: Mr. Rich, one last	
	designated testimony is from a prior proceeding and	14		
	it may, in fact, be stayed.	15	Could you please refresh our memory as	
16	And we will certainly have plenty of	16		
	opportunity to point that out.	17	MR. RICH: I will read the sequence as	
18	Second off, you indicated that it's	18	•	
	been our practice in the past not to allow a	19	JUDGE ROBERTS: I'm actually interested	
	witness to designate or have a party designate	20		
	testimony where that witness is not appearing	21	between	
	again.	22	MR. RICH: David Frear will be the next	
		-		
	62:			627
1	I would have to disagree with you on	1	witness tomorrow and, followed by that, Ron Gertz.	
2	that. We've had certainly a number of proceedings	2	JUDGE ROBERTS: Ron Gertz.	
3	where testimony has come in. And, again, it's so	3	MR. RICH: And then, if time	
4	that we don't have to, yet again, hear those			
-		4	permitting, Mr. Blatter. Frear, Gertz, Blatter.	
5	witnesses bringing up their point.	4 5	permitting, Mr. Blatter. Frear, Gertz, Blatter. JUDGE ROBERTS: Blatter would be on	
5 6	witnesses bringing up their point. Then you have one other point now that	1		
	Then you have one other point now that escapes my memory.	5	JUDGE ROBERTS: Blatter would be on	
6	Then you have one other point now that	5	JUDGE ROBERTS: Blatter would be on Friday?	
6 7 8	Then you have one other point now that escapes my memory.	5 6 7 8	JUDGE ROBERTS: Blatter would be on Friday? MR. RICH: If not tomorrow, depending	
6 7 8 9	Then you have one other point now that escapes my memory. MR. DESANCTIS: It's simply	5 6 7 8 9	JUDGE ROBERTS: Blatter would be on Friday? MR. RICH: If not tomorrow, depending on how far we get. In other words, we'll keep	
6 7 8 9 10	Then you have one other point now that escapes my memory. MR. DESANCTIS: It's simply overburdensome to the parties and to the Court to	5 6 7 8 9	JUDGE ROBERTS: Blatter would be on Friday? MR. RICH: If not tomorrow, depending on how far we get. In other words, we'll keep providing witnesses as long as there's time to put	
6 7 8 9 10 11	Then you have one other point now that escapes my memory. MR. DESANCTIS: It's simply overburdensome to the parties and to the Court to have to deal with these in as being in evidence	5 6 7 8 9 10	JUDGE ROBERTS: Blatter would be on Friday? MR. RICH: If not tomorrow, depending on how far we get. In other words, we'll keep providing witnesses as long as there's time to put them on.	
6 7 8 9 10 11	Then you have one other point now that escapes my memory. MR. DESANCTIS: It's simply overburdensome to the parties and to the Court to have to deal with these in as being in evidence when counsel made very much a point in his opening	5 6 7 8 9 10	JUDGE ROBERTS: Blatter would be on Friday? MR. RICH: If not tomorrow, depending on how far we get. In other words, we'll keep providing witnesses as long as there's time to put them on. JUDGE ROBERTS: All right. Fair	
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1 CERTIFICATE OF CERTIFIED COURT REPORTE 2 I, CINDY L. SEBO, the Certified Court Reporter, 3 do hereby certify that the witnesses whose testimony 4 appear in the foregoing hearing is the testimony of said 5 witnesses which were taken by me in stenotypy and 6 thereafter reduced to typewriting by me or under my 7 direction; that said hearing is a true record of the 8 testimony given by said witnesses; that I am neither	ER
9 counsel for, related to, nor employed by any of the 10 parties to the action in which this hearing was taken; 11 and, further, that I am not a relative or employee of 12 any counsel or attorney employed by the parties hereto, 13 nor financially or otherwise interested in the outcome 14 of this action. 15 16 17	
18 Cindy L. Sebo, RMR, CRR, RPR, CSR, CRR, RSA, Notary Public in and 19 for the District of Columbia 20 21 22 My commission expires: April 14, 2015	

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1	CERTIFICATE OF CERTIFIED COURT REPORTER
2	I, CINDY L. SEBO, the Certified Court Reporter,
3	do hereby certify that the witnesses whose testimony
4	appear in the foregoing hearing is the testimony of said
5	witnesses which were taken by me in stenotypy and
6	thereafter reduced to typewriting by me or under my
7	direction; that said hearing is a true record of the
8	testimony given by said witnesses; that I am neither
9	counsel for, related to, nor employed by any of the
10	parties to the action in which this hearing was taken;
11	and, further, that I am not a relative or employee of
12	any counsel or attorney employed by the parties hereto,
13	nor financially or otherwise interested in the outcome
14	of this action.
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17 .	Cel SS
18	Cindy L. Sebo, RMR, CRR, RPR, CSR,
19	CRR, RSA, Notary Public in and for the District of Columbia
20	
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22	My commission expires: April 14, 2015

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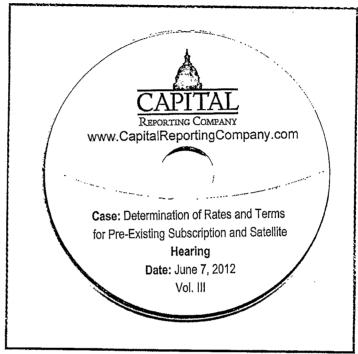
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(Works in regular CD drive.)

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- 1) Insert the MiniCD in your disk drive.
- 2) Open the disk on your computer and you will see a folder with the deposition date. Open this folder.
- 3) Click on the "Viewer Start" file to begin installation of the Visionary Viewer to your computer. It will take less than two minutes.
- 4) Once installation is complete, open the "data" folder to find your VDF, TXT and PDF files. You can now open the VDF file in the Visionary Viewer.

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